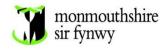
Public Document Pack



Neuadd y Sir Y Rhadyr Brynbuga

Dydd Mawrth, 1 Mehefin 2021

Dear Cynghorwyr,

CABINET

Gofynnir i chi fynychu cyfarfod Cabinet a gynhelir yn County Hall, Usk - Remote Attendance ar Dydd Mercher, 9fed Mehefin, 2021, am 3.00 pm.

AGENDA

- 1. Ymddiheuriadau am absenoldeb
- 2. Datganiadau o Fuddiant
- 3. I ystyried yr adroddiadau canlynol (copdau ynghlwm):
 - i. STRATEGAETH CORONAFEIRWS: CYNNYDD A'R CAMAU NESAF 1 32
 Adran/Wardiau yr Effeithir arnynt: I gyd

Pwrpas: I ddarparu trosolwg o'r cynnydd ar nodau strategol y Cyngor a osodwyd gan y Cabinet yn Strategaeth y Gaeaf.

Cymeradwyo strategaeth awdurdod cyfan wedi'i diweddaru ar gyfer haf a dechrau hydref 2021 a fydd yn eistedd ochr yn ochr â'r Cynllun Corfforaethol wrth i ni barhau i ddarparu gwasanaethau yng nghyd-destun y pandemig.

<u>Awduron:</u> Matthew Gatehouse, Pennaeth Polisi, Perfformiad a Chraffu Emma Davies, Swyddog Perfformiad

Manylion Cyswllt: matthewgatehouse@monmouthshire.gov.uk emmadavies@monmouthshire.gov.uk

i. SIR NODDFA 33 - 46

Adran/Wardiau yr Effeithir arnynt: I gyd

<u>Pwrpas:</u> Sicrhau bod Sir Fynwy yn chwarae ei rhan wrth letya a chefnogi nifer fach o geiswyr lloches fel rhan o'r weledigaeth i Gymru fod yn genedl noddfa sy'n darparu hafan ddiogel i'r rhai sy'n ffoi rhag erledigaeth.

Awdur: Matthew Gatehouse, Pennaeth Polisi, Perfformiad a Chraffu

Manylion Cyswllt: matthewgatehouse@monmouthshire.gov.uk _tthewgatehouse@monmouthshire.gov.uk

i. DATGANIAD ALL-DRO REFENIW A CHYFALAF 2020/21

47 - 100

Adran/Wardiau yr Effeithir arnynt: I gyd

<u>Pwrpas:</u> Pwrpas yr adroddiad hwn yw rhoi gwybodaeth i Aelodau am sefyllfa canlyniad refeniw a chyfalaf yr Awdurdod yn seiliedig ar lithrant gyfalaf a defnydd a gohiriad cronfa wrth gefn.

Bydd yr adroddiad hwn hefyd yn cael ei ystyried gan Bwyllgorau Dethol fel rhan o'u cyfrifoldeb i,

- · asesu a yw monitro cyllideb effeithiol yn digwydd,
- monitro i ba raddau y mae cyllidebau'n cael eu gwario yn unol â'r fframwaith cyllideb a pholisi cytunedig,
- · herio rhesymoldeb gor-amcanestyniadau neu danwariant, a
- monitro cyflawniad enillion neu gynnydd effeithlonrwydd a ragwelir mewn perthynas â chynigion arbedion.

I roi'r wybodaeth ddiweddaraf am effaith ariannol y pandemig Covid-19 ar y Cyngor.

<u>Awdur:</u> Peter Davies, Dirprwy Brif Weithredwr (Prif Swyddog Adnoddau) Jonathan Davies, Pennaeth Cyllid Cynorthwyol Dros Dro (Dirprwy swyddog S151)

Manylion Cyswllt: peterdavies@monmouthshire.gov.uk
jonathandavies2@monmouthshire.gov.uk

i. CYFLEOEDD CYLLIDO LLYWODRAETH Y DEYRNAS UNEDIG: CRONFA CODI'R GWASTAD A'R GRONFA ADNEWYDDU CYMUNEDOL

Adran/Wardiau yr Effeithir arnynt: I gyd

<u>Pwrpas</u>: Ystyried cynigion y Cyngor ar gyfer eu cyflwyno i ddau gyfle cyllido gan Lywodraeth y DU; Cronfa Lefelu i Fyny a'r Gronfa Adnewyddu Cymunedol a darparu trosolwg strategol o'r prosiectau sy'n dod i'r amlwg a'r meysydd blaenoriaethol.

Awdur: Frances O'Brien, Prif Swyddog Menter

Manylion Cyswllt: francesobrien@monmouthshire.gov.uk

i. NEUADD Y SIR / AMGUEDDFA TREFYNWY

Adran/Wardiau yr Effeithir arnynt: Drybridge

<u>Pwrpas</u>: Diweddaru aelodau gyda chynnydd ar yr astudiaeth ddichonoldeb i sefydlu Cyrchfan ddiwylliannol newydd yn Neuadd y Sir Trefynwy gan gynnwys adleoli'r Amgueddfa Trefynwy cyfredol a'r adolygiad o storio casgliadau amgueddfeydd.

Cynnig dull graddol o ymdrin â'r ddarpariaeth newydd

<u>Awduron a Manylion Cyswllt:</u> Ian Saunders - Prif Swyddog Gweithredol MonLife —

101 -116

117 -138 E-bost: <u>iansaunders@monmouthshire.gov.uk</u> Ffôn: 07876545793

Matthew Lewis - Rheolwr yr Amgylchedd a Diwylliant MonLife E-bost: matthewlewis@monmouthshire.gov.uk Ffôn: 07990783165

Tracey Thomas - Rheolwr Ymgysylltu a Datblygu'r Gweithlu MonLife E-bost: traceythomas@monmouthshire.gov.uk Ffôn: 07818 016924 Matthew Lewis — Environment & Culture Manager MonLife Email: matthewlewis@monmouthshire.gov.uk Tel: 07990783165

Tracey Thomas - Engagement and Workforce Development Manager MonLife

Email: traceythomas@monmouthshire.gov.uk Tel: 07818 016924

i. DIGIDOL A DATA

139 -184

Adran/Wardiau yr Effeithir arnynt: I gyd

<u>Pwrpas:</u> I ddarparu trosolwg o newidiadau i drefniadau staffio sy'n creu Tîm Dylunio Digidol ac Arloesi newydd, cryfhau ein trefniadau llywodraethu gwybodaeth ac ehangu cylch gwaith y tîm perfformiad presennol i gynnwys dadansoddeg ddata.

Ceisio cymeradwyaeth ar gyfer y cyfeiriad strategol a gymerir gan y timau hyn sydd wedi'u hail-bwrpasu wrth iddynt ddefnyddio buddsoddiad y cytunwyd arno fel rhan o broses gyllideb 2021-22 i drawsnewid sut rydym yn diwallu anghenion a chyflawni ein pwrpas y tu hwnt i'r pandemig ac i'r cam nesaf o ddatblygiad ein sefydliad a'n sir.

<u>Awdur:</u> Matthew Gatehouse, Pennaeth Polisi, Perfformiad a Chraffu Sian Hayward, Pennaeth Digidol

<u>Manylion Cyswllt:</u> <u>matthewgatehouse@monmouthshire.gov.uk</u> <u>sianhayward@monmouthshire.gov.uk</u>

i. GWEITHGOR CRONFA EGLWYSI CYMRU

185 -196

Adran/Wardiau yr Effeithir arnynt: I gyd

<u>Pwrpas</u>: Pwrpas yr adroddiad hwn yw gwneud argymhellion i'r Cabinet ar yr Amserlen Ceisiadau ar gyfer cyfarfod 1 Gweithgor Cronfa Eglwysi Cymru a gynhaliwyd ar 15^{fed} Ebrill 2021 a chyfarfod 2 a gynhaliwyd ar 13^{eg} Mai 2021

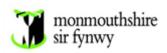
Awdur: David Jarrett - Uwch Gyfrifydd - Cymorth Busnes Cyllid Canolog

Manylion Cyswllt: davejarrett@monmouthshire.gov.uk

Yours sincerely,

Paul Matthews

Chief Executive



PORTFFOLIOS CABINET

| | FUNTFFULIUS CADINET | | | | |
|--|---|---|------------------------|--|--|
| Cynghorydd Sir | Maes Cyfrifoldeb | Gwaith Partneriaeth ac Allanol | Ward | | |
| P.A. Fox (Arweinydd) | Strategaeth a Chyfeiriad Awdurdod Cyfan CCR Cyd Gabinet a Datblygu Rhanbarthol; Trosolwg Sefydliad; Gweithio Rhanbarthol; Cysylltiadau Llywodraeth; Bwrdd Gwasanaethau Cyhoeddus; WLGA | Cyngor WLGA WLGA Bwrdd Cydlynu Gwasanaethau Cyhoeddus | Porthysgewin | | |
| R.J.W. Greenland (Dirprwy Arweinydd) | Menter Cynllunio Defnydd Tir; Datblygu Economaidd; Twristiaeth; Rheoli Datblygu; Rheoli Adeiladu; Tai a Digartrefedd; Hamdden; Ieuenctid; Addysg Oedolion; Addysg Awyr Agored; Hybiau Cymunedol; Gwasanaethau Diwylliannol | Cyngor WLGA Twristiaeth Rhanbarth y Brifddinas | Devauden | | |
| P. Jordan | Llywodraethiant Cefnogaeth y Cyngor a Phenderfyniadau Gweithrediaeth; Craffu; Safonau Pwyllgor Rheoleiddiol; Llywodraethiant Cymunedol; Cefnogaeth Aelodaeth; Etholiadau; Hyrwyddo Democratiaeth ac Ymgysylltu: Y Gyfraith; Moeseg a Safonau; Perfformiad Awdurdod Cyfan; Cynllunio a Gwerthuso Gwasanaeth Awdurdod Cyfan; Cydlynu Corff Rheoleiddiol | | Cantref | | |
| R. John | Plant a Phobl Ifanc Safonau Ysgolion; Gwella Ysgolion; Llywodraethiant Ysgolion; Trosolwg EAS; Blynyddoedd Cynnar; Anghenion Dysgu Ychwanegol; Cynhwysiant; Cwricwlwm Estynedig; Derbyniadau; Dalgylchoedd; Cynnig Ôl-16; Cydlynu gyda Choleg Gwent. | Cyd Grŵp Addysg (EAS) CBAC | Llanfihangel Troddi | | |
| P. Jones | Gofal Cymdeithasol, Diogelu ac lechyd Plant; Oedolion; Maethu a Mabwysiadu; Gwasanaeth Troseddu leuenctid; Cefnogi Pobl; Diogelu Awdurdod Cyfan (Plant ac Oedolion); Anableddau; lechyd Meddwl; Iechyd Cyhoeddus; Cydlynu lechyd. | | Rhaglan | | |
| P. Murphy | Adnoddau Cyllid; Technoleg Gwybodaeth (SRS); Adnoddau Dynol; Hyfforddiant; Iechyd a Diogelwch; Cynllunio Argyfwng; Caffaeliad; Archwilio; Tir ac Adeiladau (yn cynnwys Stadau, Mynwentydd, Rhandiroedd, Ffermydd); Cynnal a Chadw Eiddo; Swyddfa Ddigidol; Swyddfa Fasnachol | Consortiwm Prynu Prosiect Gwyrdd Cymru | Caerwent | | |

| S.B. Jones | Gweithrediadau Sir | SEWTA | Goetre Fawr |
|------------|---|-----------------|-------------|
| | Cynnal a Chadw Priffyrdd, Rheoli | Prosiect Gwyrdd | |
| | Trafnidiaeth, Traffig a Rhwydwaith, Rheolaeth | | |
| | Stad; Gwastraff yn cynnwys Ailgylchu; | | |
| | Cyfleusterau Cyhoeddus; Meysydd Parcio; | | |
| | Parciau a Gofodau Agored; Glanhau; Cefn | | |
| | Gwlad; Tirluniau a Bioamrywiaeth; Risg | | |
| | Llifogydd. | | |
| S. Jones | Cyfiawnder Cymdeithasol a Datblygu | | Llanofer |
| | Cymunedol | | |
| | Ymgysylltu â'r Gymuned; Amddifadedd ar | | |
| | Arwahanrwydd; Diogelwch y Gymuned; | | |
| | Cydlyniaeth Gymdeithasol; Tlodi; | | |
| | Cydraddoldeb; Amrywiaeth; Y Gymraeg; | | |
| | Cysylltiadau Cyhoeddus; Safonau Masnach; | | |
| | lechyd yr Amgylchedd; Trwyddedu; | | |
| | Cyfathrebu | | |

Nodau a Gwerthoedd Cyngor Sir Fynwy

Ein diben

Adeiladu Cymunedau Cynaliadwy a Chydnerth

Amcanion y gweithiwn tuag atynt

- Rhoi'r dechrau gorau posibl mewn bywyd i bobl
- Sir lewyrchus a chysylltiedig
- Cynyddu i'r eithaf botensial yr amgylchedd naturiol ac adeiledig
- Llesiant gydol oes
- Cyngor gyda ffocws ar y dyfodol

Ein Gwerthoedd

Bod yn agored. Rydym yn agored ac yn onest. Mae pobl yn cael cyfle i gymryd rhan mewn penderfyniadau sy'n effeithio arnynt, dweud beth sy'n bwysig iddynt a gwneud pethau drostynt eu hunain/eu cymunedau. Os na allwn wneud rhywbeth i helpu, byddwn yn dweud hynny; os bydd yn cymryd peth amser i gael yr ateb, byddwn yn esbonio pam; os na allwn ateb yn syth, byddwn yn ceisio eich cysylltu gyda'r bobl a all helpu - mae adeiladu ymddiriedaeth ac ymgysylltu yn sylfaen allweddol.

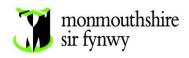
Tegwch. Darparwn gyfleoedd teg, i helpu pobl a chymunedau i ffynnu. Os nad yw rhywbeth yn ymddangos yn deg, byddwn yn gwrando ac yn esbonio pam. Byddwn bob amser yn ceisio trin pawb yn deg ac yn gyson. Ni allwn wneud pawb yn hapus bob amser, ond byddwn yn ymrwymo i wrando ac esbonio pam y gwnaethom weithredu fel y gwnaethom.

Hyblygrwydd. Byddwn yn parhau i newid a bod yn hyblyg i alluogi cyflwyno'r gwasanaethau mwyaf effeithlon ac effeithiol. Mae hyn yn golygu ymrwymiad gwirioneddol i weithio gyda phawb i groesawu ffyrdd newydd o weithio.

Gwaith Tîm. Byddwn yn gweithio gyda chi a'n partneriaid i gefnogi ac ysbrydoli pawb i gymryd rhan fel y gallwn gyflawni pethau gwych gyda'n gilydd. Nid ydym yn gweld ein hunain fel 'trefnwyr' neu ddatryswyr problemau, ond gwnawn y gorau o syniadau, asedau ac adnoddau sydd ar gael i wneud yn siŵr ein bod yn gwneud y pethau sy'n cael yr effaith mwyaf cadarnhaol ar ein pobl a lleoedd.



Agenda Item 3a



SUBJECT: CORONAVIRUS STRATEGY: PROGRESS AND NEXT STEPS

MEETING: Cabinet
DATE: 9 June 2021
DIVISION/WARDS AFFECTED: ALL

1. PURPOSE:

- 1.1 To provide an overview of progress on the Council's strategic aims set by Cabinet in the Winter Strategy.
- 1.2 To endorse an updated whole authority strategy for the summer and early autumn of 2021 that will sit alongside the Corporate Plan as we continue to deliver services within the context of the pandemic.

2. RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 2.1 That Cabinet assure themselves of the progress made against the purpose and strategic aims that have been in place in the Winter Strategy and use this to inform future activity.
- 2.2 That Cabinet formally endorse the purpose and strategic aims, set out in the latest strategy which is attached as appendix 2 to cover the summer and early autumn of 2021.
- 2.3 That Cabinet commits to the development of a more fundamental medium term planning document to be considered in late autumn of this year.

3. KEY ISSUES:

- 3.1 Monmouthshire County Council has a long-standing purpose of building sustainable and resilient communities. Through the coronavirus pandemic, Cabinet has established a series of interim strategies to provide clarity and ensure accountability through the changing and challenging circumstances of the pandemic. This paper presents an opportunity to evaluate progress against those aims.
- 3.2 At its meeting on 16 December 2020, Cabinet set the Council's 'Winter Strategy' stating the Council's priorities for the months ahead based on the latest evidence. Through this time, the Council has continued to work with the citizens and communities of Monmouthshire to reduce the spread of COVID-19, continue to support and protect vulnerable people and rebuild a local economy that reduces inequalities within and between communities. The strategy set the purpose of the council: To protect your health, your employment, your community and your public services.
- 3.3 On 19 December, Wales entered alert level 4 following an increase in Covid-19 cases. The Council, working with partner agencies, was at the forefront of tracing and contacting residents who have been in contact with infected people to provide advice and request they self-isolate to try and minimise the spread of the virus. During this time, a number of services were required to close; these included schools (except for vulnerable learners and children of key workers), leisure centres, libraries, museums, indoor visitor attractions and youth centres.

- Our organisation transitioned to these new arrangements to ensure vital services continued to operate and, where possible, arrangements were adapted to provide a level of service through digital means. As well as the short-term response required, the Council has also maintained a focus on medium-term recovery and long term sustainability. Appendix 1 outlines some of the activity that has been delivered over the last few months. These include:
 - Continued coordination of the Test, Trace and Protect system for Monmouthshire, with 100% of eligible cases being contacted.
 - Supporting all our schools through another lockdown, ensuring face-to-face learning for the children of key workers and vulnerable learners, and providing an online learning resource for all other students.
 - Maintaining our front-door safeguarding services, child protection, support at home, and residential care, despite increased demand and complexity in cases.
 - Provisions to encourage active and healthy lifestyles, despite the required closure of our leisure services. A £1.4 million investment has been made into the active travel provision in the county to improve cycle routes, and MonLife have delivered online fitness classes, virtual coffee mornings and a home exercise social prescribing scheme.
 - Establishing the third iteration of the Social Justice Strategy, focussing on a number of targeted individual action plans, including Tackling Poverty and Inequality, Food Development and Homeless Transition.
 - A huge operation to safeguard residents and businesses against the floods in December, distributing thousands of sandbags and establishing a multi-agency Emergency Response Team to limit the impact of the adverse weather.
 - Supporting local businesses as they faced further closures, providing advice and guidance, and continuing the distribution of grants, amounting to a total of almost £40 million.
 - Protecting and enhancing our natural environment by planting over 7,000 trees, establishing four Libraries of Things, conducting reduced mowing activities across our green spaces, reducing carbon emissions and promoting biodiversity, and reinvigorating neglected grasslands to reintroduce native plants and wildlife.
- In recent months, Covid-19 rates have fallen with Monmouthshire having some of the lowest infection rates in the United Kingdom. The Covid-19 vaccine roll-out continues and the council continues to work with ABUHB to support this. The virus has not gone away and the occurrence of COVID-19 mutations, variants of concern, and concerns about the impact these will have on vaccination efficacy and case rates emphasises the ongoing risk to residents and communities that needs to be managed.
- 3.6 Cabinet has agreed that a further revision of the purpose and strategic aims is developed, taking account of the latest evidence to guide future activity. This meeting presents the opportunity for Cabinet to formally endorse the strategy which will see us through the summer months and early autumn of 2021. The document is attached as appendix 2. Its emphasis has changed from earlier versions with a focus over the summer being very much about the health and wellbeing of citizens. Re-learning how to socialise and be comfortable in the presence of others is a necessary precondition if we are to successfully re-position the county to thrive in the circumstances of our time. Cabinet will bring forward this more fundamental piece of strategy in the autumn of this year.
- 3.7 For the summer months and early autumn of 2021 this purpose is underpinned by a number of strategic aims and the more detailed activity that supports these including:
 - Improving infrastructure by fixing roads, investing in active travel, 20mph zones and high-speed broadband
 - Having a summer full of outdoor activities for children and young people
 - Helping local businesses trade successfully and safely
 - Creating employment/apprenticeships for local people

- Protecting / promoting our environment and ecology through investment and carbon reduction activity
- Introducing Repair Cafes and Library of Things to increase sharing and re-use of everyday items
- Maintaining social care services including child protection, support at home and residential care
- Ensuring learners are prepared for the assessment processes that replace GCSE, AS level or A level examinations in 2021
- 3.8 Cabinet will again keep this strategy and response under review, and adjust if necessary based on the latest evidence. We have the structures and mechanisms in place to track progress and ensure we remain focussed on our purpose. The Council's established performance framework continues to facilitate service planning, performance management and risk management to ensure that we are focused on what needs to happen and can demonstrate progress in a robust and transparent way.

4 EQUALITY AND FUTURE GENERATIONS EVALUATION (INCLUDES SOCIAL JUSTICE, SAFEGUARDING AND CORPORATE PARENTING):

- 4.1 A completed Equality & Future Generations Evaluation is attached. The strategic aims have been informed by the latest available evidence and government guidance. The detailed proposals that follow the strategic aims will all consider the impact and mitigating actions required to minimise the adverse consequences for those with protected characteristics.
- 4.2 The proposed strategic aims have taken equality and the components of well-being into account. The legislation and the council's responsibilities in all these areas will remain an important part of the Council's work as it continues to develop.

5 OPTIONS APPRAISAL

The strategic aims are informed by the latest available evidence and government guidance, to inform the Council's ongoing activity. While a number of arrangements have continued to be developed and implemented to support these aims, the Council continues to operate in a dynamic environment and delivery of each aim is not without challenges and risks. The delivery will continue to be monitored and programmes will need to be flexible in timescale and content as circumstances and guidance changes.

6 EVALUATION CRITERIA

- Where available, measures or milestones will be used to track and help evaluate progress on the actions that underpin the strategic aims. Nonetheless, it needs to be recognised that in a changing external environment it is likely that actions, and therefore the corresponding measures of progress, will need to be continuously reviewed.
- The Council's established performance framework will continue to facilitate service planning, performance management and risk management across Council services.

7 REASONS:

7.1 To ensure that the council sets a clear direction and is accountable for the services it delivers during the pandemic alongside the longer term strategy set within its Corporate Plan.

8 RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS:

8.1 Delivery of the strategic aims will continue to have resource implications, including increased costs to maintain current service delivery and demands in setting up new or amended services. Close financial and budget monitoring will continue. A specific action has been set it the strategy on setting a budget for the financial year 2021/22 capable of delivering these priorities.

9 CONSULTEES:

Strategic Leadership Team Cabinet

The strategic aims have been developed by Cabinet in discussion with Strategic Leadership Team.

10 BACKGROUND PAPERS:

Monmouthshire Winter Strategy
Monmouthshire Corporate Plan 2017/22

11 AUTHORS:

Matthew Gatehouse, Head of Policy Performance and Scrutiny Emma Davies, Performance Officer

12 CONTACT DETAILS:

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e-mail: emmadavies@monmouthshire.gov.uk

| Aim: Provide clear, purposeful civic leadership | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| What we said we would do | What we have done | | |
| Ensuring that the democratic decision making process is fully operational with key decisions being taken in a timely way | In order to ensure timely decision making, arrangements were adapted to allow all council meetings to operate remotely via the Microsoft Teams app. The system is proving successful and all attendance at meetings is now possible via remote means. Work continues to review the learning from the new arrangements, and some changes will remain or will be built on where they are working well. Work is currently underway to develop the technical ability to deliver hybrid meetings from September 2021, which will accommodate both remote and physical attendance at meetings, in line with any ongoing restrictions. | | |
| Communicating clearly with citizens, representing their interests to others, including Welsh Government, and delivering on the priorities we have set for the county | Communication with residents and businesses continues to be a priority and information is being delivered across all media channels to ensure the broadest reach. Public events have been livestreamed to share business advice, financial engagement events were hosted online, and digital videos and illustrations have been used to convey local and national messages. Since the start of lockdown, Monty the ChatBot and Contact Centre staff have dealt with over 115,000 wide-ranging customer service enquiries, and the council's Facebook following has increased by 29%, illustrating the valuable contribution being made to proactive and reactive information sharing. Despite the impact of the pandemic on citizens and council services continuing, we broadened our strategic aims at the beginning of the winter period to focus on more diverse priority areas, such as snow and flooding events, the impact of Britain leaving the EU, and our environmental and ecological responsibilities. Although the pandemic has been at the core of our activities, and safeguarding those who need support has been paramount, providing assistance for those facing other potential challenges has been an essential role, and one that our | | |
| Aim: Keen ou | staff have worked extremely hard to maintain. communities, our people and our partners safe and healthy | | |
| What we said we would do | What we have done | | |
| Delivering an excellent Test, Trace and Protect system | Alongside our Gwent partners, we are coordinating the delivery of the Test, Trace and Protect system to identify residents who have been in contact with the virus to provide advice and request they self-isolate to minimise the spread of the virus. Since December, 100% of eligible cases have been contacted, 84% within 48 hours of contact with the virus. Furthermore, 100% of eligible close contacts of new cases have also been successfully contacted by the Test Trace and Protect system, 87% within 48 hours. | | |
| Working with the NHS to roll out a Covid vaccination programme | The vaccination strategy, being delivered by Aneurin Bevan UHB, has successfully administered over 540,000 vaccinations in our health board area, and we continue to support and add value where required. By 9 May, 93.9% of residents in Monmouthshire, aged 50 years and over, had received one dose of the vaccination, and 53.2% had received two doses. | | |
| Encouraging citizens to exercise, eat healthily, spend time safely with others, and get outdoors | Volunteers have been at the forefront of the effort to keep our communities safe, and the Our Monmouthshire Community Networking platform has been implemented to provide the digital tools for active citizens to support each other in their communities. We are providing direct specialist support to volunteer groups, advising on the support available to the volunteers and community members, and to date, 738 requests for support have been made. | | |

Meetings are now taking place across the county, aimed at linking community members, groups and organisations to maximise collaboration and to pool resources.

In order to encourage citizens to lead more active and healthy lifestyles, a £1.4 million investment has been made into the active travel provision in the county. Cycle routes and resources have been improved to promote the use of bikes as a mode of transport, and improvements have been made to the Safe Routes in Communities scheme, which helps children get to school safely and in a more healthy way. MonLife delivered weekly virtual fitness classes via Zoom, established 'virtual coffee mornings' and launched the 60+ virtual home exercise social prescribing scheme, which saw more than 80 residents sign up to exercise.

Responding to winter emergencies, such as snow or flooding

The severe flooding in winter 2020 saw a huge effort from council staff the to keep residents, buildings and businesses safe. The Operations Team distributed thousands of sand bags to those who were at imminent risk of flooding, and a multi-agency Emergency Response Team was set up to limit the impact of the adverse weather and keep residents safe. Some homes and networks suffered damage and work is continuing to repair this, although efforts have been hindered by the pandemic. Measures to increase proactive maintenance and gully cleansing have been agreed.

To protect citizens from potential ice and snow, and to keep driving conditions as safe as possible, over 500km of roads were regularly pre-salted using approximately 60 tonnes of salt each time. In order to keep these roads hazard free, up to 12 people remain on call 24/7 throughout the winter season, to respond whenever the weather forecast and conditions dictate. Should a severe snow event occur, our emergency Winter Service Plan makes provision for a further 60 individuals, including grounds maintenance staff, farmers and contractors, to keep roads clear.

Aim: Provide direct support to those suffering from tragedy, loneliness, poverty and loss

What we said we would do

What we have done

Supporting those that are lonely, lose their job, their home and/or cannot access food

Supporting individuals and families at risk of becoming homeless has continued as a priority and projects are ongoing to support those in need of assistance. There are currently 146 households in temporary accommodation in the county, a number that is continuing to increase, and often these individuals need specialist accommodation and specialist housing support. We have sourced grant funding to implement a range of proposals to provide the necessary specialist care, and Cabinet has dedicated additional funding for 2021/22, which will ensure we can assist those in need of support.

To help those facing financial uncertainty, an online resource has been compiled in conjunction with partners, which gathers information on the support available into a single place. Information covers areas such as financial support available, and advice on council tax and the option to spread payments over longer periods. This has been successfully promoted on social media and has been shared with partners and all schools. The council continued to provide direct free school meal payments until schools reopened following the Easter break, which had increased to 1655 pupils being supported.

The third iteration of the Social Justice Strategy was approved by Cabinet in March 2021 and built on learning from the pandemic. Whilst the aim of the strategy will remain the same, this third phase focusses on a number of

targeted individual action plans. These include Tackling Poverty and Inequality, Food Development and Homeless Transition.

The Communities for Work+ programme has received additional funding due to the impact of Covid 19, which has been used to upskill clients in order to meet local employment opportunities. It has enabled the team to provide better support for disabled people, and those with work limiting health conditions. It has also increased resources to overcome employment barriers, such as transport costs and interview clothing, and to provide training opportunities.

Aim: Ensure all vulnerable young people and adults are safeguarded

What we said we would do

What we have done

Maintaining our social care services including child protection, support at home, and residential care

Front-door safeguarding services are priority services and remain fully operational. The process for receiving and responding to referrals has not changed; arrangements have been adjusted, and where required, different solutions have been identified to deal with situations.

The volume, type and source of referrals to Children's Services continue to be monitored for any changes as coronavirus restrictions change. Risk assessments are being undertaken where any direct working/home visiting is required to follow up on protection concerns, or to provide interim safeguards as part of a care and support plan. A high number of referrals continue to be received and responded to in a timely manner so appropriate decisions can be made in relation to safeguarding. Since December, we have received an average of 108 contacts per week relating to supporting children and young people in Children's social services, and the Advice Line took 238 calls from December to May.

Pressure on Care at home services and reablement services has increased during the winter and the second wave of the pandemic, with an average of 26 requests per week to provide domiciliary care. All referrals are triaged at point of referral to ensure that those in most need are prioritised for assessment and intervention. Covid 19 has had some positive impact on our ability to recruit and a central team has been developed to manage the process. To safeguard both our staff and those being supported by our services, we have distributed 4.3 million items of PPE to social care settings.

To safeguard residents in care homes, a testing programme has been established for all staff members, which has been administered by the council. Council staff have worked with We have been working with Public Health Wales and ABUHB, to establish clear parameters for residents in care homes being discharged from hospital to minimise the risk of further cases. Residents and staff in care homes for older adults, along with front line health and social care workers, were in the top priority groups for the COVID-19 vaccine roll out and, as such, have all been offered vaccinations. By the beginning of May, 93.9% of residents in Monmouthshire, aged 50 years and over, had received one dose of the vaccination, and 53.2% had received two doses.

Aim: Ensure quality teaching and learning is available in school/out of school for all learners

What we said we would do

What we have done

Providing high quality teaching and learning to all, whether in school or out

Following the transition of all students to online learning in January, face-to-face teaching was provided for children of critical workers and vulnerable learners, as well as learners needing to complete essential assessments.

Following the reopening of schools to all pupils after the Easter break, school

Ensuring learners are well prepared for the assessment processes that replace GCSE, AS Level or A Level examinations in 2021

attendance in Monmouthshire was 93.6% in the first week of May, the highest attendance figure for schools in Wales.

Schools are prioritising the wellbeing of all pupils as a pre-requisite for effective learning; this includes the adoption of a flexible approach to curriculum delivery, and the availability of additional support to raise standards for priority groups. The Educational Psychology Service and Healthy Schools Team are providing advice and support to schools to support the well-being of children and young people impacted by COVID-19. A weekly multi-agency Stable Lives and Brighter Futures meeting has been established to discuss and review support and provision for vulnerable pupils, and this ensures that identified pupils are regularly monitored, and provision is flexible to meet their needs.

Following the announcement that there will be no GCSE, AS and A Level examinations in Summer 2021, schools have been provided with a range of support to prepare them for the new process for determining students' grade. Teaching the core content and aspects of each course remains a focus for exam students. EAS continue to provide ongoing challenge, monitoring and evaluation work in schools, with a continued focus on vulnerable learners. All schools will continue to receive a bespoke support package that compliments the priorities identified within their own School Development Plans, in line with the levels of support they require.

The Education team has been working closely with schools and the Digital team to understand the requirement for IT equipment amongst learners. Laptops have been ordered and are being distributed.

Aim: To be environmentally and ecologically responsible in all of our actions

What we said we would do

Protecting/promoting our environment and ecology through investment, where necessary, and carbon reduction activity, where possible

What we have done

We have continued to collect household waste throughout the pandemic, despite the pressure on services. An online booking system was introduced to safely reopen Household Waste Recycling Centres. This, along with a number of other changes, have been retained to help meet recycling targets, and to deliver efficiencies. These changes have resulted in an increase in our recycling rates from 65.6% in 2019/20 to 68.9% in 2020/21.

Amendments to the green waste collection service have also been implemented, including the frequency of collections, and the annual charge for customers. We have seen increased recycling rates during the pandemic; data will continue to be reviewed to establish the impact of these changes to identify any learning that can be taken forward.

A successful Circular Economy bid for £626,000 was announced in January 2021. This has enabled us to launch a new re-use shop at Five Lanes Recycling Centre, and four Libraries of Things in Abergavenny, Caldicot, Chepstow and Monmouth, with associated Repair Cafes and other repair and reuse projects.

Over 7000 trees have been planted this year, and schools have been provided with raised beds to plant seeds, which will then be regrown on sites when more mature. Other projects include 'Neglected Grasslands' and 'Resilient Grasslands', aimed at regenerating green areas and promoting biodiversity. When grass mowing resumed following its suspension due to Covid-19, almost a third of areas within our parks and open spaces were left uncut, in addition to the original 3 million metres squared already being managed more sustainably with less mowing. Teams continue to deliver reduced mowing schedules to

public open spaces, and we are promoting 'No Mow May', all of which have contributed to reduced carbon emissions.

Lockdown saw a considerable reduction in driving and increased walking within areas local to home. Numerous projects have been supported in Monmouth and Caldicot to improve the active travel offer in the county, and a total investment of £1.4m has been made in the last financial year, the biggest investment into Active Travel in Monmouthshire. Cycling capacity has been increased in town centres, public bike pumps have been installed, and a contraflow cycle lane has been introduced in Abergavenny through Covid response funding. A clear strategic focus is now set, primary routes identified and a clear vision established to develop future routes in order to encourage a change in transport mode for citizens.

Aim: Support our local businesses and towns centres

What we said we would do

their survival

Supporting businesses to trade safely and signposting them to financial support that can assist

Helping businesses with the transition process following Britain leaving the EU, highlighting regulatory changes that create obstacles/opportunities

Distributing monies from national business support schemes to qualifying local businesses

What we have done

Following the announcement of a national lockdown in December, and the closure of non-essential retail, leisure and hospitality sectors, digital events were held to provide advice and guidance to businesses. 176 small businesses signed up to the events and were able to ask questions about grant availability and eligibility criteria. A new allocation of business grants were successfully distributed to eligible business, taking the total number of support payments made to 6,478 since the first lockdown, amounting to £39.18 million in support. For those businesses not able to access funding, we continue to liaise with Welsh Government to ensure that businesses are supported as much as possible.

As restrictions began easing in March, and Wales moved from alert level 4 to alert level 2, we promoted our Visit Monmouthshire campaign to highlight the services and attractions available for visitors to the county. We promoted businesses as they prepared to reopen via a new Spring 'Shop Local' campaign to encourage visitors back to our town centres. The 're-opening towns' projects have sought to make our high streets safer during the pandemic, via mechanisms such as one way streets, and widened pedestrianised areas. Work continues in this area, in close consultation with residents and businesses.

To support residents and businesses through the transition process following Britain leaving the European Union, an EU Transition webpage was established, and information has also been shared on social media.

Aim: Maintain a competent, motivated organisation with the capability and capacity to deliver

| What we said we would do | What we have done |
|---|---|
| Maintain a competent, motivated organisation with the capability and capacity to deliver | Staff have embraced new ways of working to keep themselves, colleagues and residents safe while delivering the many services our communities rely on. We have ensured that staff have a range of support on wellbeing, have access to the right Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and can receive a test if they display symptoms. We have distributed approximately 4.3 million items of PPE for the provision of social care in the county. The number of days per full-time equivalent employee lost due to sickness during the year averaged 11.1, which is very close to the figure seen in the previous year. |
| Setting a budget for the financial year 2021/22 capable of delivering these priorities | The total net revenue forecast outturn for 2020/21 at month 9 exhibited a COVID related over spend of £5.28m, which COVID-19 support funding was expected to cover. The immediate focus for the Council was to manage the |

significant in-year service pressures it faced, which was achieved through cost reduction and in taking immediate steps to curtail non-essential expenditure.

The in-year over spend, whilst being managed via a recovery plan. The council subsequently received £5.29m of Welsh Government Covid-19 hardship following the month 9 forecasts. Coupled with increases in grant income during the final quarter, this has enabled the budget to move to a surplus position at year end that will be reported separately and in more detail. Cabinet set a draft budget for 21-22 which underwent public consultation before being passed by Council in March.

Re-emergence – our strategy for SPRING AND SUMMER 2021

OUR PURPOSE

We want Monmouthshire to once again be an ambitious place full of hope and enterprise. We want your county to be a fair and sustainable place where people care about each other and you feel safe. We want Monmouthshire to be a place you are proud to call home.

OUR VALUES

Openness: We are open and honest. People have the chance to be involved and tell us what matters

Fairness: We provide opportunities for people and communities to thrive. We will always try to treat everyone fairly and consistently.

Flexibility: We are flexible, enabling delivery of the most effective and efficient services. This means a genuine commitment to working with everyone to embrace new ways of working.

Teamwork: We will work with you and our partners to support and inspire everyone to get involved. We will make the best of the ideas, and resources available to make sure we do the things that most positively impact our people and places.

It's been a tough 18 months for everyone. We have lived apart for too long. We change that now. This strategy is centred on bringing people safely back together by supporting friendship circles, neighbourhoods and communities to feel safe, confident and happy together.

OUR DESIGN PRINCIPLES

- Working with and alongside local communities
- Being innovative and creative
- · Learning and adjusting in real time
- · Keeping our communities and people safe
- Being kind

OUR STRATEGIC AIMS

- · Provide clear and purposeful civic leadership
- Promote Monmouthshire as a beautiful destination for visits and staycations
- · Champion the interests of local businesses
- Market our town centres as wonderful places to shop or spend time with friends
- Encourage people to be active and improve their health, fitness and general wellbeing
- Provide direct support to those suffering from loneliness, hardship and loss
- Ensure all vulnerable young people and adults are safeguarded
- Ensure quality teaching and learning is available for all learners
- Decarbonise our own operations and help communities take positive action on climate change
- Maintain a competent, motivated organisation with the capability and capacity to deliver



WHAT WE ARE DOING

- . Taking care of our workforce so they can support you
- Ensuring our democratic process is fully operational
- Communicating clearly with you and always representing your interests to others
- Improving infrastructure by fixing roads, investing in active travel, 20mph zones and high-speed broadband
- Having a summer full of outdoor activities for children and young people
- Promoting and protecting our natural environment to encourage walking and outdoor sports
- Improving our leisure centres in Abergavenny, Caldicot and Chepstow
- Helping local businesses trade successfully and safely
- Creating employment/apprenticeships for local people
- Protecting / promoting our environment and ecology through investment and carbon reduction activity
- Introducing Repair Cafes and Library of Things to increase sharing and re-use of everyday items
- Prioritising our excellent Test, Trace & Protect System
- Providing support and creating opportunities for volunteers making a difference in their community
- Maintaining social care services including child protection, support at home and residential care
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Equality and Future Generations Evaluation

| Name of the Officer completing the evaluation Richard Jones & Hazel Clatworthy | Please give a brief description of the aims of the proposal To endorse the interim Coronavirus Strategy to guide the Council's activity |
|--|--|
| Phone no: 01633 740733 E-mail: richardjones@monmouthshire.gov.uk | through the next phase of service delivery during the pandemic. |
| Name of Service area | Date: 22/5/2021 |
| All services | |

1. Are your proposals going to affect any people or groups of people with protected characteristics? Please explain the impact, the evidence you have used and any action you are taking below.

| Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|---------------------------|--|--|---|
| Age | Our purpose is 'We want Monmouthshire to once again be an ambitious place full of hope and enterprise. We want your county to be a fair and sustainable place where people care about each other and you feel safe. We want Monmouthshire to be a place you are proud to call home.' Many of our aims are focused on the wellbeing of young people and older people which is reflected in our strategic aims, in particular | Evidence has shown that older age is associated with greater risk and impact of COVID-19. The significant time away from school will have affected the learning trajectory of many learners and this is not likely to be a uniform impact with disadvantaged pupils likely to be impacted upon more significantly. The pandemic could also impact on peoples mental health and feelings of loneliness. | Schools are prioritising the wellbeing of all pupils as a pre-requisite for effective learning; this includes the adoption of a flexible approach to curriculum delivery, and the availability of additional support to raise standards for priority groups. The Educational Psychology Service and Healthy Schools Team are providing advice and support to schools to support the wellbeing of children and young people impacted by COVID-19. In order to provide vital social care services for all those who need them, including child protection, care at home, and residential |

| | Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|----------|------------------------------|--|--|---|
| 1 960 10 | | "Ensure all vulnerable young people and adults are safeguarded". We have continued to provide vital Adult and Children's social care All schools in Monmouthshire re-opened after Easter in line with Welsh Government guidance. We established the Community Action Volunteer Team (CAVT) to assist offers of help being coordinated with the offers of support. | Our continuing response and recovery will need to focus on this risk and helping those most vulnerable. | care, we are regularly assessing the impacts of the pandemic as it continues. We have continued to manage, adapt and provide services to vulnerable citizens. Some services are seeing an increase in demand that is putting pressure on services, particularly in adult's social care which continues to be managed. We are developing, with our public sector partners, a model of neighbourhood networks that work with community volunteers to support long-term benefit. The delivery of the aims is not without challenges and risks, they will continue to be monitored and will be flexible and adapt as evidence, circumstances and guidance changes. |
| | Disability | Our purpose is We want Monmouthshire to once again be an ambitious place full of hope and enterprise. We want your county to be a fair and sustainable place where people care about each other and you feel safe. We want Monmouthshire to be a place you are proud to call home. Our aim "Ensure all vulnerable young people and adults are safeguarded" in particular is | Evidence has shown that certain underlying health conditions are associated with greater risk and impact of COVID-19. The Coronavirus pandemic is likely to have a social impact on disabled people including effecting well-being, concerns about their health and access to health care and access to essentials. It could also impact on disabled peoples mental health and feelings of loneliness. | In order to provide vital social care services for all those who need them, including child protection, care at home, and residential care we are regularly assessing the impacts of the pandemic as it continues. We have continued to manage, adapt and provide services to vulnerable citizens. Some services have seen an increase in demand that is putting pressure on services, particularly in adult's social care which continues to be managed. |

| | Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|---------|--|---|---|---|
| 1 aga 1 | D 22 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | focused on supporting the wellbeing of people with disabilities. We are committed to ensuring that every person or family in crisis that we are aware of receives support. We have continued to provide vital Adult and Children's social care. We established the Community Action Volunteer Team (CAVT) to assist offers of help being coordinated with the offers of support. | Our continuing response and recovery will need to focus on this risk and helping those most vulnerable. | As part of the Council's continued commitment to Social Justice, the third iteration of the Social Justice Strategy was approved by Cabinet in March 2021. Modifications have continued to be made to support the safe operation of town centers, including making some adjustments to initial schemes based on feedback to ensure they are safe and accessible places for people with disabilities. The delivery of the aims is not without challenges and risks, they will continue to be monitored and will be flexible and adapt as evidence, circumstances and guidance changes. |
| | Gender reassignment | Our purpose is We want Monmouthshire to once again be an ambitious place full of hope and enterprise. We want your county to be a fair and sustainable place where people care about each other and you feel safe. We want Monmouthshire to be a place you are proud to call home. Our aims and associated activity will promote diversity and inclusion. | None identified at this stage | The delivery of the aims is not without challenges and risks, they will continue to be monitored and will be flexible and adapt as evidence, circumstances and guidance changes. |

| Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|-------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Marriage or civil partnership | Our purpose is We want Monmouthshire to once again be an ambitious place full of hope and enterprise. We want your county to be a fair and sustainable place where people care about each other and you feel safe. We want Monmouthshire to be a place you are proud to call home. Our aims and associated activity will promote diversity and inclusion | Coronavirus regulations have impacted on Marriage and Civil Partnerships. | The marriage and civil partnership service operated by the authority's Registrars service has provided the service, as permitted in adherence to the latest COVID-19 legislation and guidelines. The delivery of the aims is not without challenges and risks, they will continue to be monitored and will be flexible and adapt as evidence, circumstances and guidance changes. |
| Pregnancy or maternity | Our purpose is We want Monmouthshire to once again be an ambitious place full of hope and enterprise. We want your county to be a fair and sustainable place where people care about each other and you feel safe. We want Monmouthshire to be a place you are proud to call home. Our aims and associated activity will promote diversity and inclusion. | Pregnant women have been included in the list of people at moderate risk (clinically vulnerable) of COVID-19. | The delivery of the aims is not without challenges and risks, they will continue to be monitored and will be flexible and adapt as evidence, circumstances and guidance changes. |
| Race | Our purpose is We want Monmouthshire to once again be an ambitious place full of hope and enterprise. We want your county to be a fair and sustainable place where people care about each other and you feel safe. We want Monmouthshire to be a place you are proud to call home. Our aims and associated activity will promote diversity and inclusion. | Evidence has shown that ethnicity is associated with greater risk and impact of COVID-19. There has been a focus on understanding the impact of COVID-19 on BAME groups, including inequalities affecting BAME groups in the UK. Our continuing response and recovery will need to focus on this risk, utilise the evidence and help those most vulnerable. | The Council is completing a response to the consultation on the Welsh Government Race Equality Action Plan. The action plan includes significant actions for local government. The delivery of the aims is not without challenges and risks, they will continue to be monitored and will be flexible and adapt as evidence, circumstances and guidance changes. |

| Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Religion or Belief | Our purpose is We want Monmouthshire to once again be an ambitious place full of hope and enterprise. We want your county to be a fair and sustainable place where people care about each other and you feel safe. We want Monmouthshire to be a place you are proud to call home. Our aims and associated activity will promote diversity and inclusion. | Under Coronavirus regulations places of worship have been closed for periods or operating with limited numbers. Places of worship play an important role in providing spiritual leadership for many individuals. | The delivery of the aims is not without challenges and risks, they will continue to be monitored and will be flexible and adapt as evidence, circumstances and guidance changes. |
| Sex Page 19 | Our purpose is We want Monmouthshire to once again be an ambitious place full of hope and enterprise. We want your county to be a fair and sustainable place where people care about each other and you feel safe. We want Monmouthshire to be a place you are proud to call home. Our aims and associated activity will promote diversity and inclusion. | Evidence has shown that male sex is associated with greater risk of COVID-19. The pandemic may have an impact on gender inequality, for example with childcare responsibilities and employment prospects. Our continuing response and recovery will need to focus on this risk and helping those most vulnerable. | As many residents saw their employment and financial situations change, services have provided a range of support, for example promoting access to benefits, spreading council tax payments over longer periods, and providing employment and skills support. As part of the Council's continued commitment to Social Justice, the third iteration of the Social Justice Strategy was approved by Cabinet in March 2021. The delivery of the aims is not without challenges and risks, they will continue to be monitored and will be flexible and adapt as evidence, circumstances and guidance changes. |

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| Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Sexual Orientation | Our purpose is We want Monmouthshire to once again be an ambitious place full of hope and enterprise. We want your county to be a fair and sustainable place where people care about each other and you feel safe. We want Monmouthshire to be a place you are proud to call home. Our aims and associated activity will promote diversity and inclusion. | None identified at this stage | The delivery of the aims is not without challenges and risks, they will continue to be monitored and will be flexible and adapt as evidence, circumstances and guidance changes. |

2. The Socio-economic Duty and Social Justice

The Socio-economic Duty requires public bodies to have due regard to the need to reduce inequalities of outcome which result from socio-economic disadvantage when taking key decisions This duty aligns with our commitment as an authority to Social Justice.

| | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has in respect of people suffering socio economic disadvantage | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has in respect of people suffering socio economic disadvantage. | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--|--|---|---|
| Socio-economic Duty and Social Justice | Our purpose is we want Monmouthshire to once again be an ambitious place full of hope and enterprise. We want your county to be a fair and sustainable place where people care about each other and you feel safe. We want Monmouthshire to be a place you are proud to call home. Many of our aims are focused on the supporting those who need help. We are committed to ensuring that every person or family in crisis that we are aware of receives support and have continued to deliver vital services to achieve this. A weekly multi-agency Stable Lives and Brighter Futures meeting has been established to discuss and review support and provision for vulnerable pupils, and this ensures that identified pupils are regularly monitored, and provision is flexible to meet their needs. We have made free school meal payments directly to the families of eligible pupils | Analysis has shown the association between deprivation and the risk of COVID-19. Economic disadvantage is also associated with other health risks such as obesity and, diabetes, which increase the risk of disease severity. There is evidence that the economic impact of the virus disproportionately affects those working in lower-paid sectors, which can exacerbate issues of poverty and inequality. Those on lower incomes are less-likely to have access to technology and outdoor spaces. There is evidence that the pandemic has a bigger impact on the well-being of those in more deprived communities. There is a risk that those already facing poverty and inequality will face a worsening situation due to increased financial hardship, health deterioration and a decline in educational attainment. | Undertake data modelling to identify communities at greatest risk and use this to target pro-active responses. As part of the Council's continued commitment to Social Justice, the third iteration of the Social Justice Strategy was approved by Cabinet in March 2021 and built on learning from the pandemic. Whilst the aim of the strategy will remain the same, this third phase focusses on a number of targeted individual action plans. These include Tackling Poverty and Inequality, Food Development and Homeless Transition. We established the Community Action Volunteer Team (CAVT) to assist offers of help being coordinated with the offers of support. We are developing, with our public sector partners, a model of neighbourhood networks that work with community volunteers to support long-term benefit. New guidance seeks to extend our homelessness offer to provide suitable long |

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Shelter has being sourced and provided for homeless and vulnerable people in the county, helping to ensure their safety during this time. Additional investment has been made in services for homeless people.

We have helped to coordinate community volunteering and support local food banks. There has been a huge response from residents to volunteer across Monmouthshire and these efforts have been integral in supporting those most in need in our communities during the pandemic.

As many residents saw their employment and financial situations change, services have provided a range of support, for example promoting access to benefits, spreading council tax payments over longer periods, and providing employment and skills support.

To help those facing financial uncertainty, an online resource has been compiled in conjunction with partners, which gathers information on the support available into a single place

Our continuing response and recovery will need to focus on this risk, utilise the evidence and help those most vulnerable.

term housing for all those accommodated in temporary housing. Plans are being explored to meet this requirement.

The delivery of the aims is not without challenges and risks, they will continue to be monitored and will be flexible and adapt as evidence, circumstances and guidance changes.

3. Policy making and the Welsh language.

| How does your proposal impact on the following aspects of the Council's Welsh Language Standards: | Describe the positive impacts of this proposal | Describe the negative impacts of this proposal | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts |
|---|--|--|--|
| Effects on the use of the Welsh language, Promoting Welsh language Treating the Welsh language no less favourably | The use of welsh language in service delivery will continue to be integral. Systems in place to provide the support required have continued to operate eg translation services, proof checking, advice and guidance. | The significant time away from school and classes will have affected the learning trajectory of many learners. Welsh language skills, particularly of pupils in welsh-medium education, may be impacted as they may have limited opportunity to use the language at home particularly if no one in their home speak welsh. | Following the transition of all students to online learning in January, face-to- face teaching was provided for children of critical workers and vulnerable learners, as well as learners needing to complete essential assessments. To assist this, we established digital learning technologies and approaches. The learning of languages online has been reported as being popular during lockdown, with learning Welsh online seeing an increase in demand. The Council is considering how it can continue to adjust the Welsh language learning provision it provides. The delivery of the aims is not without challenges and risks, they will continue to be monitored and will be flexible and adapt as evidence, circumstances and guidance changes. |

| Operational Recruitment & Training of workforce | Training courses are still being provided for both the public and officers of the council online rather than face to face in the classroom. | Recruitment of Welsh speakers remains a challenge for the council. | Continue to review welsh language skills requirements of the workforce and options to attract applicants. Pilot a fast track course to endeavor to boost welsh language skills of our existing workforce. |
|--|--|--|--|
| Service delivery Use of Welsh language in service delivery Promoting use of the language | The Welsh Language standards are applied as allocated to Monmouthshire County Council. The language is promoted through the application of the Welsh Language Standards, the website, correspondence and celebration of Welsh Language events throughout the year. | Recruitment of Welsh speakers remains a challenge for the council. | Continue to review welsh language skills requirements of the workforce and options to attract applicants. Pilot a fast track course to endeavor to boost welsh language skills of our existing workforce. |

Does your proposal deliver any of the well-being goals below? Please explain the impact (positive and negative) you expect, together with suggestions of how to mitigate negative impacts or better contribute to the goal. There's no need to put something in every box if it is not relevant!

| Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--|--|---|
| A prosperous Wales Efficient use of resources, skilled, educated people, generates wealth, provides jobs | COVID-19 will inevitably have a significant impact on the economy of Monmouthshire. We have been doing all that we can to help reduce the impact on local businesses through contacting local businesses advising them they were eligible for financial support, and paying grants to local businesses. This work and advice continues with each new phase of support and funding. | Officers from departments across council are working together with businesses to ensure that as regulations allow our town centers are able to operate safely, whilst ensuring the safety of staff and customers. We promoted businesses as they prepared to reopen via a new Spring 'Shop Local' campaign to encourage visitors back to our town centers. |

| Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--|---|---|
| | | We have continued to administer payment of a range of financial support under each of the government grant schemes. The strategic aims include: Promote Monmouthshire as a beautiful destination for visits and staycations Champion the interests of local businesses Market our town centers as wonderful places to shop or spend time with friends |
| A resilient Wales Maintain and enhance biodiversity and ecosystems that support resilience and can adapt to change (e.g. climate change) | Air quality has improved through the reduction of traffic, and people have become more aware of the wildlife around them. One by product of redeploying grounds staff to waste has been a reduction in mowing and an increasing in wildflowers and pollinators. projects include 'Neglected Grasslands' and 'Resilient Grasslands', aimed at regenerating green areas and promoting biodiversity. | Delaying the start of mowing and reducing the areas mown have been adopted for the long term. We were successful in obtaining funding to encourage active travel to continue, whilst allowing space for social distancing. Other active travel funding has also been secured. The strategic aims include; Decarbonise our own operations and help communities take positive action on climate change. |
| A healthier Wales People's physical and mental wellbeing is maximized and health impacts are understood | Saving lives and protecting health has been the number one driver through the pandemic, and this has shaped and informed service provision, PPE provision, new ways of working etc. | Ongoing work will continue to focus on protecting health in line with the latest legislation and guidance. Work to encourage healthy modes of travel such as walking and cycling will continue to be developed in the |

| Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--|--|---|
| | There has also been a recognition of the importance of mental well-being at this time, with measures such as the Digital Cwtch and the Go To Team for staff and important messages about mental health going out on social media. | short term through WG funding and for the longer term through our Active Travel programme. The strategic aims include: Encourage people to be active and improve their health, fitness and general wellbeing. Making staff, residents and young people aware of the various mental health support that is available to them continues. |
| O D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D | There has been a huge response from residents to volunteer across Monmouthshire and these efforts have been integral in supporting those most in need in our communities during the pandemic. One positive to emerge from the pandemic has been the level of community involvement and volunteering. The Community and partnerships team have had a key role to play in supporting this community activity. | Our Monmouthshire digital platform has been relaunched and will provide a sustainable way of linking communities and building on our social capital. We have launched, with our public sector partners, place based community support networks to work with community volunteers to identify local needs and issues and develop collaborative solutions. |
| A globally responsible Wales Taking account of impact on global well-being when considering local social, economic and environmental wellbeing | Fewer people have been travelling by road or by air, which has had huge air quality benefits globally. Data shows that compared with previous years recycling rates are up and waste collected is down. A number of changes to service provision have been agreed which will help to ensure that these trends continue. | The strategic aims include; Decarbonise our own operations and help communities take positive action on climate change. |
| A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language | Heritage and cultural assets such as libraries, leisure centres and visitor attractions have been re-opened in line with legislation in a Covid secure way, and services | The learning of languages online has been reported as being popular during lockdown, with learning Welsh online seeing an increase in demand. The Council is |

| Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--|--|--|
| Culture, heritage and Welsh language are promoted and protected. People are encouraged to do sport, art and recreation | have been adjusted to find different ways of delivering the service, such as the Request and Collect service for the library. MonLife have continued to use digital channels to continue to promote participation in physical activity. | considering how it can adjust the Welsh language learning provision it provides. |
| A more equal Wales People can fulfil their potential no matter what their background or circumstances | Much work has gone on to support more vulnerable people in our communities. This has included education provision for vulnerable learners, provision of emergency food parcels and free school meal payments. Evidence has shown age, underlying health conditions and ethnicity, along with other factors, is associated with greater risk and impact of COVID-19. Our continuing response and recovery will need to focus on these risks, utilise the evidence and help those most vulnerable. | Vital social care services, including child protection, care at home and residential care will continue. We will undertake data modelling to identify communities at greatest risk and use this to target proactive responses. As part of the Council's continued commitment to Social Justice, the third iteration of the Social Justice Strategy was approved by Cabinet in March 2021 and built on learning from the pandemic. Whilst the aim of the strategy will remain the same, this third phase focusses on a number of targeted individual action plans. These include Tackling Poverty and Inequality, Food Development and Homeless Transition. |

5. How has your proposal embedded and prioritised the sustainable governance principles in its development?

| Sustainable Development Principle | | Does your proposal demonstrate you have met this principle? If yes, describe how. If not explain why. | Are there any additional actions to be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Long Term | Balancing short term need with long term and planning for the future | Whilst rapid, short term decisions have had to be made over recent months, consideration of the longer term has continued, for example through the prioritisation of maintaining our financial sustainability. There is also a recognition that dealing with how to manage the virus itself is not just a short term issue and is likely to impact on the way we deliver services for many months or even years. | There is a recognition that COVID-19 will have a long term impact on our communities, and an understanding that our actions will need to think and plan for the things we will be doing to mitigate the impact of the virus in the short term while continuing to focus on the things we need to have in place for long-term well-being and prosperity. Our Corporate Plan Annual Report and PSB Annual Report have both incorporated the impact of Covid 19 and next year's annual reports and further development of the Wellbeing Assessment will focus on what the longer term impacts of the pandemic have been in order to inform the next Wellbeing Plan. Despite many challenges, efforts have resulted in new ways of doing things, some of which can form part of a lasting legacy of transformation with needs being met in new ways. | |
| Collaboration | Working together with other partners to deliver objectives | We set a strategic aim to keep our communities, our people and our partners safe and healthy. Rapid working with multiple partners has been key to our COVID-19 response. We have continued to work with our public sector partners via the Gwent Strategic Co-ordinating Group (SCG) to provide a joined up response across our area. | This collaboration will continue to be key in mitigating the impact of the virus in the short term and focusing on the things we need to have in place for long-term well-being and prosperity. The development of the new Community Support Networks will formalise a place based approach to partnership working. | |

| Sustainable Development Principle | | Does your proposal demonstrate you have met this principle? If yes, describe how. If not explain why. | Are there any additional actions to be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| Involvement | Involving those with an interest and seeking their views | As demonstrated through the huge amount of volunteer effort, involvement of the wider community has been key to our response. The development of Community Support Networks aims to build on that social capital. Members have had a number of member seminars and the continuation of democratic meetings has ensured that elected members have continued to be involved. | Our Monmouthshire will be a key tool to continuing to engage and involve our communities and volunteers. The development of the new Community Support Networks will be key to building on community involvement in our communities. Involvement remains important to our initiatives for example engagement with residents and business on Town centers reopening and as new initiatives are taken e.g. active travel submissions to WG, involvement and engagement of the community has been and will continue to be a central part of the way we work as an organisation. | |
| Prevention | Putting resources into preventing problems occurring or getting worse | Reducing the spread of COVID-19 has been and continues to be a key driver. Our purpose is We want Monmouthshire to once again be an ambitious place full of hope and enterprise. We want your county to be a fair and sustainable place where people care about each other and you feel safe. We want Monmouthshire to be a place you are proud to call home. | The delivery of the aims is not without challenges and risks, they will continue to be monitored and will be flexible and adapt as evidence, circumstances and guidance changes. | |
| Integration | Considering impact on all wellbeing goals together and on other bodies | We are working closely with partners, businesses and communities to ensure that our actions protect people's health, whilst at the same time making sure that we think about impacts on our communities, environment, culture and economy. | The delivery of the aims is not without challenges and risks, they will continue to be monitored and will be flexible and adapt as evidence, circumstances and guidance changes. | |

6. Council has agreed the need to consider the impact its decisions has on the following important responsibilities: Corporate Parenting and Safeguarding. Are your proposals going to affect any of these responsibilities?

| | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has | What will you do/ have you done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--------------|--|---|--|
| Safeguarding | Safeguarding has remained an essential part of our delivery supporting adults and children in Monmouthshire. Many of our aims are focused on the supporting those who need help and safeguarding remains central to the authority's work, which is reflected in our strategic aims, in particular 'Ensure all vulnerable young people and adults are safeguarded' | The pandemic has put families under increased strain and increased risks to vulnerable individuals at the same time as decreasing the visibility of children and adults at risk. The impact of the lock-down has meant that harmful behaviours, abuse and neglect including domestic abuse can remain hidden and there is a risk child welfare concerns / adult at risk safeguarding concerns are not recognised or referred. There will have been pressure on families experiencing the impact of 'lock down' where there will be additional worries around finances, the loss of employment and economic uncertainty, poor housing or over-crowding, not having access to support and basic amenities, access to education alongside the risks and concerns around the virus itself. There is a need to continue to understand the impact and adapt/develop plans accordingly. | Through the Coronavirus pandemic Safeguarding remains an essential part of our delivery supporting adults and children in Monmouthshire. Arrangements have been adjusted, where required, different solutions have been needed to deal with situations during the pandemic. Continuing to extend safeguarding awareness and access to online /virtual training will provide some extra support in these times and potentially into the future. In order to provide vital safeguarding services for all those who need them we are regularly assessing the impacts of the pandemic as restrictions change and adapting/developing arrangements accordingly. There has been a significant volunteer response to Covid-19 pandemic, work will be required to continue to support an increased volunteer network and ensure longer term arrangements are in place including support on their safeguarding responsibilities. |

| Corporate Parenting | Corporate Parenting has remained an essential part of our delivery. | There will have been pressure on families experiencing the impact of the pandemic where there will be additional worries | Arrangements have been adjusted, where required, different solutions have been needed to deal with situations during the |
|---------------------|---|--|---|
| | Many of our aims are focused on the supporting those who need help and corporate parenting remains essential. | around finances, the loss of employment and economic uncertainty, poor housing or over-crowding, not having access to support and basic amenities, access to education, alongside the risks and concerns around the virus itself. Families who are caring for individuals with heightened or additional needs such as mental health issues, additional learning | needed to deal with situations during the pandemic. Continuing to extend awareness and access to online /virtual training and support will provide some extra support in these times and potentially into the future. In order to fulfil vital corporate parenting responsibilities for all those who need them we are regularly assessing the impacts of |
| | | needs or disabilities may experience these pressures even more intensely. There is a risk of possible disruption to Foster placements and/or carer recruitment | the pandemic as restrictions change and adapting/developing arrangements accordingly. |
| Page 31 | | There is a need to continue to understand the impact and adapt/develop plans accordingly. | |

7. What evidence and data has informed the development of your proposal?

Evidence generated locally, regionally, nationally and globally continues to be used to inform the delivery of the strategic aims and is reflected in this assessment.

Existing mechanisms such as the Public Service Board's (PSB) Well-being Assessment remains an important lens for understanding well-being in Monmouthshire. Harnessing the latest views, evidence and thinking on issues of importance to and in our communities is important to make sure that the aims remain relevant to the significant issues for well-being in Monmouthshire.

The data and evidence to better understand the Covid-19 virus is rapidly developing as is data, evidence and research on the well-being impact of the pandemic. There is still much to learn and understand, some of which will not become clearer until the longer term, although there is an ever expanding and continually developing evidence base that can be utilised.

8. SUMMARY: As a result of completing this form, what are the main positive and negative impacts of your proposal, how have they informed/changed the development of the proposal so far and what will you be doing in future?

This is an evaluation of the process of producing the strategic aims, rather than the more specific action that support them. Specific programmes of work aimed at achieving the aims will have associated Future Generations evaluations where they are brought to Cabinet or council for a decision. The delivery of the aims is not without challenges and risks, they will continue to be monitored and will be flexible and adapt as evidence, circumstances and guidance changes.

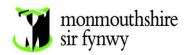
9. ACTIONS: As a result of completing this form are there any further actions you will be undertaking? Please detail them below, if applicable.

| What are you going to do | When are you going to do it? | Who is responsible |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| To support this work we will ensure we have the supporting structures and | Ongoing | Policy and Performance Team |
| mechanisms in place to track our progress, assess impact and ensure we remain | | |
| focused on our purpose | | |
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10. VERSION CONTROL: The Equality and Future Generations Evaluation should be used at the earliest stage, such as informally within your service, and then further developed throughout the decision making process. It is important to keep a record of this process to demonstrate how you have considered and built in equality and future generations considerations wherever possible.

| Version No. | Decision making stage | Date considered | Brief description of any amendments made following consideration |
|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--|
| 1. | Cabinet | 9 June 2021 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Agenda Item 3b



SUBJECT: A COUNTY OF SANCTUARY

MEETING: Cabinet

DATE: 9th June 2021

DIVISION/WARDS AFFECTED: AII

1. PURPOSE:

To ensure that Monmouthshire plays its part in accommodating and supporting a small number of asylum seekers as part of the vision for Wales to be a nation of sanctuary providing a safe haven for those fleeing persecution.

2. RECOMMENDATIONS:

2.1 That the authority formally confirms a commitment in principle to playing its part in the national scheme to offer accommodation to those seeking asylum while their claims are processed, becoming a county of sanctuary for those fleeing persecution.

3. KEY ISSUES:

- 3.1 There is a recognition that pressure on the asylum system has been increasing steadily for several years. Accordingly there is a desire from both the UK and Wales Governments to increase the number of local authority areas supporting the temporary accommodation of asylum seekers while their claims are processed.
- 3.2 There are presently five local authorities in Wales involved in the national scheme. While Monmouthshire is not one of these, our county has a strong record of providing support and hospitality to those in greatest need. This has included playing a role in helping settling people from Afghanistan facing persecution in their homeland after working as translators for the British armed forces as well as assisting in the Syrian Resettlement Programme.
- 3.3 Any Monmouthshire involvement will be proportionate to the size of the county. While the cities of Newport, Cardiff and Swansea have supported many hundreds of people, Conwy, with a population a little larger than Monmouthshire has accommodated six people as part of its commitment to the scheme. While we do not have exact figures at this stage, this is the sort of number we envisage for Monmouthshire. It's also important to remember that once claims are decided people may not choose to remain in Monmouthshire but can relocate to other parts of the UK which is what we have found with previous schemes.

- 3.4 It is recognised that there will be concerns in some communities about the impact on local public services such as housing and school places. While the numbers will be small it will still be important to ensure that these matters are addressed as our local approach is developed.
- 3.5 Councils have raised a number of questions where more information was needed from the Home Office, and discussions are ongoing at both UK and Wales levels. These include:
 - Funding, including to build capacity and more broadly in terms of support services that would be needed;
 - Ensuring a partnership approach between national and local government to ensure we are able to influence how dispersal happens locally;
 - The importance of sharing information and data, including clear and well-understood and followed safeguarding processes.
- 3.6 Following this paper, officers will engage with the relevant agencies and partners on key issues. This will include the availability of accommodation; health services and access to language support. It is likely that accommodation will be located in towns to ensure that families arriving have access to local amenities and support networks.
- 3.7 Alongside formal partnerships it is important to recognise the welcome afforded to people settling in Monmouthshire. One example being the Abergavenny Town of Sanctuary which helps people and challenging misconceptions about refugees and asylum seekers.

4. EQUALITY AND FUTURE GENERATIONS EVALUATION (INCLUDES SOCIAL JUSTICE, SAFEGUARDING AND CORPORATE PARENTING):

- 4.1 There are a number of equalities and safeguarding issues concerning the safe introduction of this programme. These include some of the difficulties that will be associated with arrivals living in a new cultural context which could cause difficulties settling into new communities. Asylum seekers will be unable to work and will not receive the same level of financial support as UK residents. They will be at greater risk of poverty and the associated disadvantages and lack of opportunities. Given the nature of their arrival in the UK some may need emotional support or access to mental health services
- 4.2 At this stage a decision is being sought in principle to participate in the scheme and further research will be undertaken to refine and improve the impact assessment should be recommendations be approved.

5. OPTIONS APPRAISAL

5.1 The two clear options are either to participate in the scheme or not. There is a strong desire to engage positively is discussions and extend the offer of assistance to people who find themselves in the most difficult of circumstances. Not engaging would place increased burden on a small number of locations the point where the system become unsustainable, the likely outcome of this being that we would find ourselves subject to a mandated approach with opportunity to engage and shape the scheme.

6. EVALUATION CRITERIA:

6.1 Evaluation criteria will be identified as the scheme is developed. These are likely to include measures related to access to housing, health services and education.

7. REASONS:

To ensure that Monmouthshire is able to play its part in accommodating its share of people fleeing persecution and ensuring that responsibility is shared across Wales and the UK

8. RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS:

We will continue to engage with partners regarding the costs of the scheme. While it will require some officer capacity it is anticipated that the financial costs will be borne by the UK Government.

9. CONSULTEES:

Strategic Leadership Team
Cabinet
Head of Enterprise and Community Animation
Housing and Communities Manager
Tackling Poverty and Inequality Manager
Community Cohesion Officer

Following consultation reference was added to the need to accommodate people close to local amenities and the potential need to ensure access to emotional support and mental health services for those who had experienced trauma while fleeing their homes.

10. BACKGROUND PAPERS:

None

11. AUTHOR:

Matthew Gatehouse, Head of Policy, Performance and Scrutiny

12. CONTACT DETAILS:

Tel: 01633 644397

E-mail: matthewgatehouse@monmouthshire.gov.uk





Equality and Future Generations Evaluation

| Name of the Officer Matthew Gatehouse | Please give a brief description of the aims of the proposal |
|--|---|
| Phone no: 01633 644397 E-mail: matthewgatehouse@monmouthshire.gov.uk | To ensure that Monmouthshire plays its part in accommodating and supporting a small number of asylum seekers as part of the vision for Wales to be a nation of sanctuary providing a safe haven for those fleeing persecution . |
| Name of Service area: Policy Performance and Scrutiny | Date: 23/5/21 |

Are your proposals going to affect any people or groups of people with protected characteristics? Please explain the impact, the evidence you have used and any action you are taking below.

| Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Age | It is likely that the resettlement will involve families with younger children who are likely to benefit positively from the opportunities available in Monmouthshire. | Children arriving from other nations may take time to adjust, for example to new school environments and learning a new language. | Ensure that we work with partners across all services to maximize the opportunities available to people of all ages who participate in the scheme. |
| | | | Plan for any new pupils and engage with local schools. |
| Disability | There are no specific impacts identified at this stage. | Having experienced trauma in their home nations new arrivals may have acute mental health issues. | We need to ensure that any arrivals with disabilities are able to access appropriate health services. |

| Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|-------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Gender reassignment | There are no specific impacts identified at this stage | There are no specific impacts identified at this stage | |
| Marriage or civil partnership | There are no specific impacts identified at this stage | There are no specific impacts identified at this stage | |
| Pregnancy or maternity | There are no specific impacts identified at this stage | There are no specific impacts identified at this stage | |
| Race | The scheme will offer improved opportunities to people of different nationalities. | Crossing cultures can be difficult in any context. Newly-arrived asylum seekers may have limited knowledge of UK culture and could experience difficulties settling into local communities. | There is the potential to work with local groups such as Abergavenny Town of Sanctuary which helps people and challenging misconceptions about refugees and asylum seekers. Officers and partner agencies need to to anticipate where important differences or misunderstandings might occur with issues such as religion and ethnicity, food and drink, naming conventions, marriage, and child safeguarding. Many asylum will not be able to read or |
| | | | speak English, so putting in place arrangements interpreting and translating is essential |

| Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|---|---|---|---|
| Religion or Belief | Many of those seeking asylum will be doing so following religious persecution in their home counties and so asylum will offer them the opportunity to live in a society which is more tolerant of diverse religious beliefs | It is possible that some people may be subject to discrimination or prejudice after arriving in the UK. | Work with local groups such as Abergavenny Town of Sanctuary which helps people and challenging misconceptions about refugees and asylum seekers. |
| Sex | There are no specific impacts identified at this stage | There are no specific impacts identified at this stage | |
| Sexual Orientation O O O O O O O O O O O O O | There are no specific impacts identified at this stage | There are no specific impacts identified at this stage | |

2. The Socio-economic Duty and Social Justice

The Socio-economic Duty requires public bodies to have due regard to the need to reduce inequalities of outcome which result from socio-economic disadvantage when taking key decisions This duty aligns with our commitment as an authority to Social Justice.

| | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has in respect of people suffering socio economic disadvantage | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has in respect of people suffering socio economic disadvantage. | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--|--|--|--|
| Socio-economic Duty and Social Justice | We will seek to ensure equality of opportunity for asylum seekers where this is possible within the context of EU immigration law. | Asylum seekers will be unable to work and will not receive the same level of financial support as UK residents. They will be at greater risk of poverty and the associated disadvantages and lack of opportunities | Ensure appropriate accommodation is secured for new arrivals. This must be affordable and sustainable. |

3. Policy making and the Welsh language.

| How does your proposal impact on the following aspects of the Council's Welsh Language Standards: | Describe the positive impacts of this proposal | Describe the negative impacts of this proposal | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts |
|--|--|--|--|
| Policy Making Effects on the use of the Welsh language, Promoting Welsh language Treating the Welsh language no less favourably | No specific impacts identified at this stage | No specific impacts identified at this stage | |
| Operational Recruitment & Training of workforce | No specific impacts identified at this stage | No specific impacts identified at this stage | |
| Service delivery Use of Welsh language in service delivery Promoting use of the language | No specific impacts identified at this stage | Asylum seekers are unlikely to have any knowledge of the Welsh language which may limit their ability to engage in some cultural activities. | Ensure that those arriving in the county are offered the opportunity to learn the Welsh language. |

4. Does your proposal deliver any of the well-being goals below? Please explain the impact (positive and negative) you expect, together with suggestions of how to mitigate negative impacts or better contribute to the goal. There's no need to put something in every box if it is not relevant!

| Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|---|--|---|
| A prosperous Wales Efficient use of resources, skilled, educated people, generates wealth, provides jobs | No specific impacts identified at this stage | No specific impacts identified at this stage |
| A resilient Wales Maintain and enhance biodiversity and ecosystems that support resilience and can adapt to change (e.g. climate change) | No specific impacts are identified against this goal. | No specific imacts or actions are identified against this goal. |
| A healthier Wales People's physical and mental wellbeing is maximized and health Umpacts are understood | Those seeking asylum may have experienced significant trauma and are likely to need additional levels of health support. | Ensure effective communication with health professionals including local GPs |
| A Wales of cohesive communities Communities are attractive, viable, safe and well connected | Communities can grow and thrive from diversity and exposures to the ideas and cultures of those from other nations | Inform and prepare local communities for the arrival of asylum seekers will be an essential part of the dispersal scheme process. Work with the authority's Prevent Lead to ensure appropriate advice and awareness raising. |
| A globally responsible Wales Taking account of impact on global well-being when considering local social, economic and environmental wellbeing | Offering sanctuary to people fleeing persecution in other nations is a positive contributor to global wellbeing. | |
| A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language Culture, heritage and Welsh language are promoted and protected. People are encouraged to do sport, art and recreation | Cultures can thrive from diversity. New settlers are unlikely to hve any knowledge of Welsh language of culture | Ensure that those arriving in the county are offered the opportunity to learn the Welsh language and understand cultural traditions. |
| A more equal Wales | Assisting those who have struggled in their home countries will help them fulfill their potential and offer | |

| Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--|---|---|
| People can fulfil their potential no matter what their background or circumstances | a positive contribution to local communities in the time they live with us. | |

5. How has your proposal embedded and prioritised the sustainable governance principles in its development?

| Sustainable Development Principle | | Does your proposal demonstrate you have met this principle? If yes, describe how. If not explain why. | Are there any additional actions to be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|
| Long Term | Balancing short term need with long term and planning for the future | The asylum dispersal scheme is short term in nature as it seeks to accommodate people while their claims are processed. If granted settled status people may choose to move to another part of the UK. | | | |
| Collaboration | Working together with other partners to deliver objectives | This paper is seeking a decision in principle to engage in the scheme ans so we have not yet begun any collaborative activity beyond learning from others experiences | A number of authorities in Wales are asylum dispersal areas. We will collaborate with these directly and via the WLGA to learn and develop our approach. We will also collaborate with statutory partners, the voluntary sectors and local groups and charities | | |
| Involvement | Involving those with an interest and seeking their views | Following a decision of Cabinet further involvement will be undertaken to involve a broad range of stakeholders in shaping the proposals. | | | |

| Sustainable Development Principle | | Does your proposal demonstrate you have met this principle? If yes, describe how. If not explain why. | Are there any additional actions to be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Prevention | Putting resources into preventing problems occurring or getting worse | Engaging in this scheme will prevent existing asylum dispersal areas becoming over-whelmed. | |
| Page Integration | Considering impact on all wellbeing goals together and on other bodies | .This paper is seeking a decision in principle to engage in the scheme. We have yet to identify how this work wil be integrated with other projects although some initial work has been done e.g. in housing. | We will engage with partners across the PSB where relevant to integrate this programme into others within the well-being plan. |

6. Council has agreed the need to consider the impact its decisions has on the following important responsibilities: Corporate Parenting and Safeguarding. Are your proposals going to affect any of these responsibilities?

| | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has | What will you do/ have you done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|---------------------|---|--|---|
| Safeguarding | No specific impacts are identified against this goal at this stage. However it will be kept under review as more information is identified. | .It is not known at this stage where asylum seekers will be from. However, there could be differences in how other cultures approach matters such as physical punishment and the age at which children are expected to start work. | Communicate this cultural information to schools, social workers and other front-line staff likely to be involved with families so parents can be approached sensitively. Inform arriving families are informed about laws in the UK in the first weeks of arrival, and implications of noncompliance. |
| Corporate Parenting | No specific impacts are identified against this goal | No specific impacts are identified against this goal | |

What evidence and data has informed the development of your proposal?

We have drawn on previous experiences of the authority in operating the Syrian Resettlement Scheme.

Data shows that the highest number of asylum seekers are in the 25-29 age range

Guidance on commissioning health services for Asylum Seekers -

https://www.midlandsandlancashirecsu.nhs.uk/download/publications/equality_and_inclusion/Asylum-Guidance.pdf

Nation of Sanctuary – Refugee and Asylum Seeker Plan (Welsh Government) - https://gov.wales/sites/default/files/publications/2020-06/progress-report-update-june-2020.pdf

8. SUMMARY: As a result of completing this form, what are the main positive and negative impacts of your proposal, how have they informed/changed the development of the proposal so far and what will you be doing in future?

| .This section should summarise the key issues | arising from the evaluation. This summary n | must be included in the Committee report template |
|---|---|---|
| | | |
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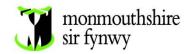
9. ACTIONS: As a result of completing this form are there any further actions you will be undertaking? Please detail them below, if applicable.

| What are you going to do | When are you going to do it? | Who is responsible |
|--|------------------------------|---|
| Form a working group of key professionals in the local authority and partner agencies to plan for the scheme | July 2021 | Head of Policy Performance and Scrutiny |
| Liaise with the Prevent lead officer to ensure risks and fully understood and mitigated | Juy 2021 | Head of Policy Performance and Scrutiny |
| ပို့ | | |

P0. VERSION CONTROL: The Equality and Future Generations Evaluation should be used at the earliest stage, such as informally within your service, and then further developed throughout the decision making process. It is important to keep a record of this process to demonstrate how you have considered and built in equality and future generations considerations wherever possible.

| Version No. | Decision making stage | Date considered | Brief description of any amendments made following consideration |
|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 140. | Cabinet / SLT Consultation | 27/5/21 | No changes required to the impact assessment. |
| 1 | Cabinet, CE1 Concatation | 2170/21 | The changes required to the impact assessment. |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Agenda Item 3c



SUBJECT: 2020/21 REVENUE & CAPITAL OUTTURN STATEMENT

MEETING: CABINET

DATE: 9th June 2021

DIVISION/WARDS AFFECTED: ALL

1. PURPOSE:

1.1 The purpose of this report is to provide Members with information on the revenue and capital outturn position of the Authority based on capital slippage and reserve usage & deferment.

- 1.2 This report will also be considered by Select Committees as part of their responsibility to,
 - assess whether effective budget monitoring is taking place,
 - monitor the extent to which budgets are spent in accordance with agreed budget and policy framework,
 - challenge the reasonableness of projected over or underspends, and
 - monitor the achievement of predicted efficiency gains or progress in relation to savings proposals.
- 1.3 To provide an update on the financial impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on the Council.

2. RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 2.1 That Cabinet recognises a balanced net revenue budget position at outturn after accounting for transfers to earmarked reserves that represents a significant improvement of £5.15m from the overall deficit reported at month 9, primarily as a result of:
 - Receipt of £5.29m of Welsh Government Covid-19 hardship funding since month 9
 to compensate the Council to support its enhanced costs of service delivery and
 loss of income as a direct result of Covid-19 impact;
 - Receipt of significant unbudgeted Welsh Government grants that were communicated to and received by the Authority late in the financial year and that have offset core budget funding;
 - Underspends across many service areas as a result of the pandemic and where services have been reduced or stopped, travel requirements have reduced, office and buildings have remained closed and substantial staff vacancies have remained unfilled.
- 2.2 That Members acknowledge the extent that the Welsh Government Covid-19 Hardship Fund has covered all Covid-19 related additional costs directly incurred during the financial year of £11.25m together with compensation for loss of income of £8.38m.
- 2.3 That Members note the 85% delivery of the service specific budgeted mandated savings as detailed in *Appendix 2* and as agreed by full Council previously and the implicit remedial action/savings included in the financial outturn to compensate for circa 15% savings (£734k) reported as delayed or unachievable by service managers.

- 2.4 That Members endorse the strategy applied to replenish earmarked reserves as noted within the report to support future financial challenges and ensure financial resilience during a period of significant uncertainty as we continue to recover from the pandemic and as the delivery of our services change in light of a severely altered socio—economic landscape, and as wider policy commitments, both locally and nationally begin to take shape.
- 2.5 In taking the approach set out above, Cabinet recognises the extraordinary nature of the 2020/21 financial year and accepts that there remains significant recurring service pressures and risks in 2021/22 and over the medium term.
- 2.6 Cabinet notes the unprecedented improvement in Schools reserve balances of £3.85m as contained in *Appendix 1* that has resulted in 15 of the 17 schools entering the year in deficit returning to a surplus balance. This reflects the significant levels of grant support from Welsh Government that was notified late in the financial year primarily relating to Schools Revenue Maintenance Grant and Recruit, Recover and Raise Standards.
- 2.7 That Cabinet endorses the requirement for schools carrying significant surplus balances that are above levels guided by Welsh Government to provide investment plans setting out how they intend to spend their significant surplus balances, whilst also appreciating that the inherent structural budget deficits that have led to 17 schools being in deficit at the start of the year remain and require resolution irrespective of additional funding received.
- 2.8 That Members consider the capital outturn spend of £19.0m, introducing an underspend of £3.18m primarily due to underspending of the capitalisation directive budget and specific grant related schemes and that this subsequently releases £1.08m of capital receipts back to reserve for future capital investment.
- 2.9 That Members note the slippage requests of £49.92m as listed in *Appendix 5* along with the related presumptions made around financing consequences as detailed in *Appendix 1*, and accept that officers will make a further assessment of the justification for scheme slippage and make recommendations back to Cabinet for final approval as part of the month 2 financial monitoring for 2021/22.

3. KEY ISSUES:

- 3.1 Since entering 2020 the Council had faced significant and unprecedented challenges, notably the flood response and recovery resulting from Storms Ciara and Dennis in February 2020 and the subsequent Covid-19 pandemic and the impact of the lockdown restrictions that were put into effect on 23rd March 2020.
- 3.2 In parallel to this the Council had faced a hugely challenging budget round which saw a significant set of service pressures needing to be considered and accommodated within the budget, notably:
 - Pressures within Children's Services relating to a continued increase in the number of looked after children (LAC) cases carrying over from 2019/20 and after the budget was approved.

- The 2.75% pay award being much higher than the original 1% budget assumption built into the budget and where it had been expected that Welsh Government funding would be forthcoming.
- Pressures remaining within the Passenger Transport Unit (PTU) and that continue to be worked on as part of the PTU review and where implementation has been impacted by the pandemic.
- Pressures in waste & recycling as a result of delays in the rollout of waste reconfiguration and changes.
- Income pressures relating to Civil parking enforcement where savings targets cannot be met.
- A shortfall against additional commercial income targets as a consequence of the impact of Covid-19 and the current level of market and economic uncertainty.
- As result of the late receipt of the final settlement from Welsh Government and the disappointment of there being no funding floor introduced, the remaining efficiency savings that were left to be identified during the financial year.
- 3.3 All of the above pressures continue to draw significantly on the Council's resources, both in terms of capacity and finances and continues to place an unprecedented strain on the Council. That all said, by month 9, the previously reported non-Covid-19 related over spend had moved into a forecast £142k saving. This largely resulted from the action taken during the financial year in curtailing non-essential expenditure, through cost reductions recognising the significant and continued financial pressure on the Authority as a result of the pandemic and through Covid-19 enforced reductions in normal service delivery.

3.4 **Outturn position**

Table 1: Overall Revenue outturn position

| | Overall Outturn | Overall Variance to Month 9 | Variance due Hardship funding | Variance due to other factors |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | £000s | £000s | £000s | £000s |
| Social Care, Health & Safeguarding | 811 | (497) | 0 | (497) |
| Children & Young People | 75 | (11) | (7) | (4) |
| Enterprise & Monlife | (498) | (4,328) | (3,610) | (718) |
| Chief Executives Unit | (141) | (137) | (20) | (117) |
| Resources | (847) | (1,234) | (1,492) | 258 |
| Corporate Costs & Levies | (2,569) | (2,581) | 0 | (2,581) |
| Appropriations | 3,574 | 3,838 | 0 | 3,838 |
| Financing | (405) | (196) | (159) | (37) |
| Total | 0 | (5,146) | (5,288) | 142 |

3.5 Since the month 9 forecast the Council has benefited from a further £5.29m of Welsh Government Covid-19 hardship funding to compensate the Council to support its enhanced costs of service delivery and loss of income as a direct result of Covid-19 impact.

- 3.6 Further to this a number of Welsh Government funding announcements were made late in the financial year that have resulted in additional specific revenue grant awards related to the continuing Covid-19 impact and also awards specific to service area pressures. These grant awards have had a direct impact in improving the revenue outturn position by offsetting core funding requirements.
- 3.7 During the financial year the continued impact of the pandemic has significantly altered the Authorities normal course of service delivery and additional savings have been realised where services have been reduced or stopped, travel requirements have reduced, office and buildings have remained closed and substantial staff vacancies have remained unfilled.
- 3.8 The analysis outlined in *Table 2* below reconciles the movement in the outturn position since the month 9 forecast was reported to Cabinet.

Table 2: Reconciliation of Revenue outturn from month 9

| | £'000 |
|--|---------|
| Month 9 non-Covid-19 surplus | (142) |
| Unbudgeted grant support since Month 9 - Covid-19 specific | (3,070) |
| Unbudgeted grant support since Month 9 - Service specific | (803) |
| Reduction in budgeted use of capitalisation directive | 1,080 |
| Refinement of service outturn positions | (1,184) |
| Year-end surplus prior to earmarked reserve replenishment | (4,119) |
| Replenishment of earmarked reserves | 4,119 |
| Revised Council Fund Surplus | 0 |

3.9 Mandated savings and budget mitigations

Table 3: Progress against mandated savings

| Directorate | 2020/21 Budgeted Savings | Saving achieved | Delayed Savings | Savings Unachie -vable | Of which due to Covid- 19 | Of which not Covid- 19 Related | % Achieved |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------|
| Children & Young People | (648) | (648) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100% |
| Social Care & Health | (1,058) | (792) | 0 | (266) | 166 | 100 | 75% |
| Enterprise | (569) | (392) | (20) | (158) | 178 | 0 | 69% |
| Resources | (418) | (198) | (220) | 0 | 220 | 0 | 47% |
| Chief Executives Unit | (163) | (93) | (10) | (60) | 70 | 0 | 57% |

| Corporate Costs & Levies | (1,479) | (1,479) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100% |
|--------------------------|----------|---------|-------|-------|-----|-----|------|
| Appropriations | (605) | (605) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100% |
| Sub-total - Services | (4,940) | (4,207) | (250) | (484) | 634 | 100 | 85% |
| Financing | (5,397) | (5,397) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100% |
| Overall Total | (10,336) | (9,604) | (250) | (484) | 634 | 100 | 93% |

- 3.10 The 2020/21 budget was set based on the requirement for £10.3m of mandated savings to be achieved, with some £4.9m of these to be made directly by service areas. Given the challenging operating environment that services have performed under during 2020/21 it is pleasing to note their performance in achieving 85% of budgeted savings. This increases to 93% when taking into account savings attributable to increasing financing streams.
- 3.11 There has been a delay in the implementation of £250k of budget savings proposals as a direct result of staff resources being diverted to respond to the pandemic. A further £484k of savings are now deemed unachievable with £384k of these as a direct result of the pandemic.
- 3.12 A full list of the progress against savings mandates can be found at *Appendix 2* to this report.
- 3.13 The 2020/21 budget included the use of a Capitalisation direction of £2.09m where one-off costs are eligible to be capitalised under the guidance issued by the Welsh Government in respect of the flexible use of capital receipts. Given the reduced service activity during the year only £1.01m of the budgeted use was utilised resulting in £1.08m remaining in the capital receipts reserve for future use.

Those costs capitalised are listed and *Appendix 4* to this report and in summary relate to:

- Sharing back-office and administrative services with one or more other council or public sector body;
- Funding the cost of service reconfiguration, restructuring or rationalisation (staff or non-staff), where this leads to ongoing efficiency savings or service transformation;
- Driving a digital approach to the delivery of more efficient public services and how the public interacts with constituent authorities where possible;
- Integrating public facing services across two or more public sector bodies to generate savings or to transform service delivery.

3.14 **Covid-19 Impact**

3.15 The financial challenges facing the Council and resulting from the Covid-19 pandemic were hugely significant during 2020/21 and will continue to be over the medium term as the economy recovers and demands on local services transform in line with the social changes that the pandemic has brought about.

- 3.16 The Council continues to incur significant costs in its response effort and this will continue as it transitions towards recovery. Furthermore and resulting from the restrictions that UK Government and Welsh Government have had to put in place to contain the spread of the virus we are suffering significant shortfalls in our income levels. Some of these will return more quickly than others as services are able to be safely turned back on.
- 3.17 We are grateful to Welsh Government for the emergency hardship funding that has been provided to Welsh Councils to cover the costs and income losses to date and alongside this, the Covid-19 specific grant funding notified in the latter stages of the financial year. The extent of this support is outlined in *Table 4* below.

Table 4: Direct Grant funding received to aid in Covid-19 pressures

| | £000s |
|--|--------|
| Welsh Government Covid19 Hardship Fund - Additional costs incurred | 11,254 |
| Welsh Government Covid19 Hardship Fund - Compensation for loss of service income | 8,382 |
| Council Tax Income Collection shortfalls | 1,059 |
| Council Tax Reduction Scheme - to assist with increased demand | 348 |
| Digital Transformation funding | 658 |
| Savings unachieved funding | 658 |
| Business Grants - administration costs | 347 |
| Total | 22,706 |

- 3.18 As the financial year progressed the Council was given clearer commitments of the proposed Welsh Government support and significantly the announcement made of further funding for local authorities in August 2020 to supplement funding that had already been provided to assist with meeting income losses and additional costs brought about by the pandemic. A further announcement of funding to cover the first six months of the 2021/22 financial year is welcomed and continues to recognise the unprecedented impact on the Council in managing the response to the pandemic.
- 3.19 In working with all parts of the Welsh Public Sector the Welsh Government provided significant one-off support to all areas through numerous funds which have been administered by the Council during the year. This has ranged from support to local businesses via Business Support Grants, payments made to care workers and specific Freelancer and Start up grants. The extent of the support administered during the financial year is detailed in *Table 5* below:

Table 5: Welsh Government support funds administered in year

| Support fund | £000s |
|----------------------------|--------|
| Business Support Grants | 39,468 |
| Care Workers £500 Payments | 1,367 |
| Covid-19 Freelancer Grant | 440 |
| Covid-19 Start Up Grant | 143 |
| Total | 41,418 |

3.20 It is inevitable that the Council will face significant financial challenges as we move into the recovery phase of the pandemic as demands on services change in light of a severely altered socio-economic landscape. Alongside this there will continue to be risks associated with Welsh Government support funding being reduced or stopped. It is therefore important that the Council looks to replenish earmarked reserves to strengthen ongoing financial resilience.

3.21 Recommended use of 2020/21 Revenue surplus

- 3.22 Irrespective of the ongoing Covid-19 pandemic the Authority is already dealing with underlying service pressures which have resulted in £10.3m of pressures being accommodated within the 2021/22 budget, primarily consisting of:
 - Pay and pension-related spending pressures in our schooling system;
 - The increasing demand placed on children's social care services, adult social care and our children with additional learning needs budgets;
 - Significant service pressures within the passenger transport unit and within recycling and waste and that look to ensure that the Council supports and sustains key service delivery;
 - Investment that ensures that homeless people are provided adequate support, advice and accommodation in their time of need;
 - An ongoing commitment to recognise and value the contribution made by the
 workforce and ensuring that local government staff are paid no less than the
 minimum wage set by the Living Wage Foundation, extending to the apprenticeship
 roles within the Council.
- 3.23 The ongoing Covid-19 pandemic presents its own additional financial challenges and uncertainty both in terms of additional cost and significant loss of income across services. Some of these impacts are difficult to model and will potentially only manifest themselves once a degree of normality returns to service delivery as enforced restrictions diminish.
- 3.24 It is inevitable that service delivery and operating models will look significantly different as we move out of the emergency phase of the pandemic, for example:
 - New services have been created, some services have been stopped, staff
 redeployed and new working practices are in place, many of these changes may
 need to continue beyond this phase of the crisis;
 - The pandemic has brought about Welsh Government policy change, significantly in the area of Homelessness:
 - Supply chains continue to be radically altered;
 - The impact of continuing social distancing on service operations;
 - The financial impact on the most vulnerable members of the County and the ongoing and additional support this may require;

- There has been an increased focus on digital solutions to the issues faced, some of these may replace traditional methods of service delivery;
- The prominence of agile working and the shift in culture and its impact on future office space requirements
- 3.25 There remains uncertainty around the continued Welsh Government emergency hardship funding to Local authorities as a result of the Covid-19 impact, in terms of the full consequential funding continuing to be passed through and whether there will be further funding announced by UK Government which will allow Welsh Government to make further commitments beyond 30th September 2021.
- 3.26 It is also important to recognise that the economy will likely be in recession and UK and global economies have been hit hard by the pandemic which will considerably impact future public spending and Local Government settlements.
- 3.27 Given all of these uncertainties it remains difficult to identify the timing and quantum of investment required into the Council's key corporate priorities moving forward and also in responding to the wider national policy agenda commitments, notably but not exclusively:
 - The Climate emergency declaration and commitment to deliver a low carbon economy
 - Support for mental health provision
 - Homeless support and provision
 - Food policy agenda
- 3.28 In considering all of the above and in apportioning the outturn position the future financial stability of the Council was considered, alongside the potential additional unknown costs that could occur in dealing with post Covid-19 recovery, whilst also giving financial resilience to service areas to deal with service pressures and the wider policy commitments that will shape future service delivery. In this regard the revenue surplus is proposed to be allocated to the following reserves:

Table 6: Reserves balances and proposed replenishment

| Reserve | 31st March 2020 | 31st March 2021 | Proposed replenish- ment | 31st March 2021 |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| | | Draft | | Final |
| | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Council Fund (Authority) | (8,907) | (8,907) | | (8,907) |
| Council Fund (School Balances) | 435 | (3,418) | | (3,418) |
| Sub Total Council Fund | (8,472) | (12,325) | 0 | (12,325) |
| Earmarked Reserves: | | | | |
| Invest to Redesign | (1,128) | (1,156) | (200) | (1,356) |
| IT Transformation | (254) | (254) | (600) | (854) |
| Insurance and Risk Management | (935) | (935) | | (935) |

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| Capital Receipt Generation | (181) | (116) | (300) | (416) |
|--|----------|----------|---------|----------|
| Treasury Equalisation | (990) | (590) | | (590) |
| Redundancy and Pensions | (245) | (157) | (700) | (857) |
| Capital Investment | (627) | (627) | | (627) |
| Priority Investment | (405) | (405) | (1,500) | (1,905) |
| Covid19 Hardship Fund Equalisation Reserve | 0 | 0 | (819) | (819) |
| Other Earmarked Reserves | (1,618) | (2,312) | | (2,312) |
| Total Earmarked Reserves | (6,383) | (6,552) | (4,119) | (10,671) |
| Total useable revenue reserves | (14,855) | (18,877) | (4,119) | (22,996) |

4 SCHOOLS BALANCES

- 4.1 In a similar manner to the general revenue activities of the Council, Schools have also benefitted from Welsh Government hardship funding to compensate for additional general Covid costs incurred (e.g. PPE, staff cover due to self-isolation, enhanced cleaning) and income lost totalling circa £1.24m and this is included within the figures outlined in *Table 4* above.
- 4.2 In terms of the overall movement in school balances, 2020/21 has been an unprecedented year. Schools have received several specific Welsh Government grants totalling £1.77m to further support them and their pupils and these have predominately displaced core budgets in 2020/21 or been committed for use in 2021/22 in line with the grant terms. Furthermore, due largely to the sustained periods of enforced closure during the financial year spending on budgets areas such as staff cover, premises, supplies & services and examination fees, were significantly curtailed and produced savings totalling £2.08m.
- 4.3 These factors mean that the overall level of the school reserves has increased by £3.85m as at the 31st March 2021, taking schools collectively out of a net deficit of £435k to an overall surplus of £3.42m. The movements in individual school balances are outlined in *Appendix 4* to this report. As a result of this 15 of the 17 schools entering the year in deficit have returned to a surplus balance.
- 4.4 The Authority requires schools carrying significant surplus balances that are above levels guided by Welsh Government (£50k for a Primary, £100k for a Secondary) to provide investment plans setting out how they intend to spend the significant surplus balances being held. It is also clear that the inherent structural budget deficits that have led to a situation of 17 schools being in deficit at the start of the year remain and require resolution irrespective of additional funding received.
- 4.5 In particular and in specific relation to Chepstow Comprehensive, when the windfall Welsh Government grants are disregarded, it masks a significant in-year budget deficit that has been brought about significantly due to the curtailing of any staff redundancies during the pandemic and that were pivotal to their recovery plans. This leaves the school in a comparably weaker position than they would have been in if they had executed their

recovery plans as intended, and where they do not now have the level of surplus balances that the other three comprehensive schools now have to strategically invest over the medium term.

5 CAPITAL OUTTURN

- 5.1 The capital expenditure outturn detailed in *Appendix 1* shows a net underspend of £3.18m against budget which can largely be attributed to specific grant funded schemes which have not progressed during the year (£1.92m) due to a combination of late notification of the grant awards, a lack of resources available to complete eligible works and a shortage of appropriate schemes that fit within the grant criteria stipulated. This under spend does not release any capital financing for future use as the grant actually paid matches the overall expenditure.
- 5.2 Alongside this there has been reduced usage of the Capitalisation Directive budget by £1.08m following clarification of the revenue outturn position. This subsequently releases capital receipts back to the capital receipts reserve to utilise for future capital investment.
- 5.3 Capital financing variances primarily follow the reasons for the above expenditure variances with grants showing a variance of £1.7m and capital receipts £1.08m, as the related expenditure was not incurred. There is a variance within unsupported borrowing and leasing where it was more cost-effective to the Authority to finance vehicle purchases from borrowing instead of leasing as initially budgeted.
- 5.4 Capital slippage totals £49.92m and is shown in detail in *Appendix 5* to this report. The vast majority of the slippage requested is due to the delays encountered relating to the impact of Covid-19 and was very much outside of the control of the Authority with two schemes (Asset Investment Fund and Abergavenny 3-19 School) accounting for two thirds of the total slippage.
- 5.5 Members are asked to note the slippage requests of £49.92m as listed in *Appendix 5* along with the related presumptions made around financing consequences as detailed in *Appendix 1.* A further assessment of the justification for scheme slippage will be undertaken and recommendations made back to Cabinet for final approval as part of the month 2 financial monitoring for 2021/22.

5.6 Useable Capital Receipts Available

5.7 In the table below, the effect of the changes to the forecast capital receipts on the useable capital receipts balances available to meet future capital commitments is shown. This is also compared to the balances forecast within the 2020/24 MTFP capital budget proposals.

Table 7: Useable Capital receipts forecast

2020/21 2021/22 2022/23 2023/24 2024/25 £000 £000 £000 £000 £000

| Balance as at 1st April | 3,040 | 9,210 | 14,136 | 12,544 | 11,452 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| Capital receipts used for financing | (31) | (3,341) | (684) | (684) | (684) |
| Capital receipts used to support capitalisation direction | (1,011) | (2,208) | (2,208) | (508) | (508) |
| Capital receipts Received or Forecast | 7,212 | 10,475 | 1,300 | 100 | 100 |
| Forecast Balance as at 31st March | 9,210 | 14,136 | 12,544 | 11,452 | 10,360 |
| Forecast Balance 2020/24 MTFP | 9,904 | 10,245 | 10,791 | 10,136 | 10,136 |
| Variance compared to 2020/24 MTFP | (694) | 3,891 | 1,753 | 1,316 | 224 |

- 5.8 Capital receipts used to support the capitalisation direction were £1.08m less than budgeted for 2020/21, however this was offset by an overall delay in generating some receipts into 2021/22 and beyond and therefore results in a slightly reduced balance of receipts compared to the original budget.
- 5.9 Forecast receipts to be generated in future years have increased since the 2020/21 budget was set and this is demonstrated in the expected overall increase in receipt balances after affording additional capitalisation direction approved as part of 2021/22 budget setting.

6 **OPTIONS APPRAISAL**

- 6.1 This report provides an update on the current financial situation and the challenges facing the Council now and over the medium term. It has been prepared at a time of great uncertainty as the Council still transitions from the emergency response phase of the Covid-19 pandemic towards a period of recovery.
- 6.2 The outturn that has been prepared for consideration is predicated on assumptions that have been independently assessed by budget holders and subsequently reviewed as part of the budget monitoring process. These assumptions don't look to represent a policy position that Cabinet is looking to take on when services are re-opening. Rather they represent a reasoned assessment of the impact on services in year based on known information, anticipated future changes and estimates.
- 6.3 By far the greatest uncertainty that existed during the year was the level of Welsh Government hardship funding to be received to offset additional costs incurred in responding to the Covid-19 emergency response and the significant income losses that have resulted where services have ceased as a result of the enforced lockdown restrictions in place. This risk diminished during the year as a result of Welsh Government announcements of significant funding to support Councils in Wales and this support currently extends to the 30th September 2021.

7 EVALUATION CRITERIA

7.1 The uncertainty around Welsh Government funding of additional costs and losses of income brought about by the response to and the impact of the pandemic has diminished during the year. However, this continues to represent a risk moving into 2021/22 that will

only be mitigated by monthly and quarterly submissions to Welsh Government being agreed. And furthermore and beyond those impacts resulting from Covid-19 there exists a number of significant cost pressures that need to be managed regardless.

- 7.2 The Council has traditionally maintained formal reporting to Cabinet at month 2 (period 1), month 7 (period 2) and outturn, with more frequent budget monitoring information being undertaken at a departmental level and reported to management and the Strategic Leadership Team. Only where circumstances necessitate it is more frequent formal reporting to Cabinet required.
- 7.3 As a result of the significant financial challenges facing the Council there has been a more frequent reporting of the in-year revenue and capital outturn forecast. Formal reporting has taken place at months 2, 5, 7, 9 and outturn.
- 7.4 The update of the Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP) and the development of the budget proposals for 2021/22 and the medium term were challenging. Circa £10.3m of pressures were accommodated in the budget and provides a huge challenge to services to bear down on cost to mitigate these.
- 7.5 There is also further uncertainty given that the UK Government has only undertaken a one-year Comprehensive Spending Review which consequently does not enable Welsh Government to provide any additional certainty around indicative budget settlements for Welsh local authorities in future years.

8 **REASONS**:

- 8.1 To ensure that the gravity of the financial challenges facing the Council are understood and that reasonable actions are being taken to safeguard the ongoing financial sustainability of the Council.
- 8.2 To provide a timely update on the current financial circumstances and challenges resulting from the Covid-19 pandemic and that will in turn lead to the Council needing to plan and plot a revised course to ensure it remains financially sustainable into the future.

9 **RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS:**

- 9.1 The resource implications of the revenue and capital outturn are contained in this report and the attached appendices. The overall surplus on the revenue budget has enabled a strategy of reserve replenishment which ensures a degree on financial resilience as we move into a further period of significant financial and economic uncertainty.
- 9.2 The financial challenges facing the Council and resulting from the Covid-19 pandemic will be significant over the next 4 years of the MTFP. Not just for this Council but all councils across Wales and the UK. The Council is having to incur significant costs in its response effort and this will continue as it transitions towards recovery. Furthermore and resulting from the restrictions that UK Government and Welsh Government have had to put in place to contain the spread of the virus we are suffering significant shortfalls in our income

levels. Some of these will return more quickly than others as services are able to be safely turned back on and this clearly represents a funding risk in the medium term.

- 9.3 The more immediate steps during the year were to curtail non-essential expenditure.

 Going forward more targeted and planned cost reductions will be challenging and the
 Council will as always look to minimise impact on service delivery. Though this cannot be
 guaranteed and is expected if Welsh Government funding falls short of expectations.
- 9.4 The Council continues to work on the basis that it will be fully funded by Welsh Government. However, there is clearly a risk that this will not happen and beyond this there are significant non-Covid-19 pressures being managed. Options to mitigate these risks are limited with recourse to draw on the Council Fund, specific earmarked reserves and useable capital receipts. Replenishment of these reserves as part of the outturn is therefore critical to the ongoing financial sustainability of the Council.

10 EQUALITY AND FUTURE GENERATIONS EVALUATION (INCLUDES SOCIAL JUSTICE, SAFEGUARDING AND CORPORATE PARENTING):

- 10.1 This report provides Members with information on the revenue and capital outturn position of the Authority and carries no decisions. There are therefore no equality of future generations' implications directly arising from this report.
- 10.2 Any such impacts will be fully considered subsequently when Council receives the budget recovery plan and revised budget proposals.

CONSULTEES:

Senior Leadership Team Cabinet

BACKGROUND PAPERS:

Appendix 1 – Revenue and capital outturn report including school balances

Appendix 2 – Progress made against mandated savings

Appendix 3 – Capitalisation directive schedule 2020/21

Appendix 4 – Movement in individual school balances

Appendix 5 – Capital slippage schedule

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Overall Revenue Position

Table 1: Council Fund 2020/21 Outturn Summary Statement

| Service Area | Original Budget 2020/21 | Budget Adjustm- ents 2020/21 | Revised Annual Budget | Actual Outturn | Actual (Under) / Over Spend @ Outturn | Forecast (Under) / Over Spend @ M9 | Variance from M9 to Outturn |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| | '000's | '000's | '000's | '000's | '000's | '000's | '000's |
| Social Care, Health & Safeguarding | 50,685 | (170) | 50,515 | 51,327 | 811 | 1,308 | (497) |
| Children & Young People | 55,539 | 480 | 56,019 | 56,093 | 75 | 86 | (12) |
| Enterprise & Monlife | 24,133 | (1,946) | 22,187 | 21,688 | (499) | 3,829 | (4,328) |
| Chief Executives Unit | 4,745 | (81) | 4,664 | 4,524 | (140) | (4) | (136) |
| Resources | 7,746 | (445) | 7,301 | 6,454 | (847) | 387 | (1,234) |
| Corporate Costs & Levies | 22,743 | 229 | 22,972 | 20,403 | (2,569) | 13 | (2,582) |
| Net Cost of Services | 165,591 | (1,934) | 163,658 | 160,488 | (3,170) | 5,619 | (8,789) |
| Appropriations | 4,856 | 2,192 | 7,049 | 10,623 | 3,574 | (264) | 3,838 |
| Expenditure to be Financed | 170,447 | 259 | 170,706 | 171,111 | 405 | 5,355 | (4,950) |
| Financing | (170,447) | (259) | (170,706) | (171,111) | (405) | (208) | (197) |
| Net General Fund (Surplus) / Deficit | 0 | (0) | 0 | 0 | (0) | 5,147 | (5,147) |

Table 2: Council Fund 2020/21 Outturn Detailed Statement

| Service Area | Original Budget 2020/21 '000's | Budget Adjustm -ents 2020/21 '000's | Revised Annual Budget '000's | Actual Outturn '000's | Actual (Under) / Over Spend @ Outturn '000's | Forecast (Under) / Over Spend @ M9 '000's | Variance from M9 to Outturn '000's |
|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Adult Services | 7,877 | (55) | 7,822 | 7,732 | (90) | (62) | (28) |
| Children Services | 14,428 | (63) | 14,365 | 15,718 | 1,353 | 1,433 | (80) |
| Community Care | 24,434 | 30 | 24,464 | 24,239 | (225) | 59 | (284) |
| Commissioning | 1,483 | (65) | 1,418 | 1,249 | (169) | (106) | (63) |
| Partnerships | 436 | 0 | 436 | 436 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Public Protection | 1,481 | (14) | 1,467 | 1,400 | (67) | (17) | (50) |
| Resources & Performance | 546 | (3) | 543 | 553 | 10 | 1 | 9 |
| Social Care, Health & Safeguarding | 50,685 | (170) | 50,515 | 51,326 | 811 | 1,308 | (497) |
| Individual Schools Budget | 47,420 | (356) | 47,064 | 46,766 | (298) | (434) | 136 |
| Resources | 1,234 | (44) | 1,190 | 1,176 | (14) | 3 | (17) |
| Standards | 6,885 | 880 | 7,765 | 8,151 | 386 | 518 | (132) |
| Children & Young People | 55,539 | 480 | 56,019 | 56,093 | 74 | 87 | (13) |
| Business Growth and Enterprise | 2,468 | (260) | 2,208 | 2,242 | 34 | (62) | 96 |
| Facilities & Fleet Management | 5,665 | (1,266) | 4,399 | 4,528 | 129 | 922 | (793) |
| Neighbourhood Services | 10,483 | (259) | 10,224 | 10,275 | 51 | 500 | (449) |
| Planning & Housing | 1,951 | (130) | 1,821 | 1,314 | (507) | 1,245 | (1,752) |
| Countryside & Culture (MonLife) | 1,348 | (8) | 1,340 | 1,345 | 5 | 121 | (116) |
| Finance & Business Development (MonLife) | 1,507 | 116 | 1,623 | 1,484 | (139) | (43) | (96) |
| Leisure, Youth & Outdoor Adventure (MonLife) | 710 | (139) | 571 Page 62 | 499 | (72) | 1,146 | (1,218) |

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| Service Area | Original Budget 2020/21 | Budget Adjustm -ents 2020/21 | Revised Annual Budget | Actual Outturn | Actual (Under) / Over Spend @ Outturn | Forecast (Under) / Over Spend @ M9 | Variance from M9 to Outturn |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Enterprise & Monlife | 24,132 | (1,946) | 22,186 | 21,687 | (499) | 3,829 | (4,328) |
| Legal & Land Charges | 839 | (6) | 833 | 724 | (109) | (27) | (82) |
| Governance, Democracy & Support | 3,906 | (75) | 3,831 | 3,799 | (32) | 23 | (55) |
| Chief Executives Unit | 4,745 | (81) | 4,664 | 4,523 | (141) | (4) | (137) |
| Finance | 2,597 | (80) | 2,517 | 1,762 | (755) | 39 | (794) |
| Information, Communication Technology | 2,803 | 57 | 2,860 | 2,784 | (76) | (431) | 355 |
| People | 1,725 | 94 | 1,819 | 1,766 | (53) | (112) | 59 |
| Future Monmouthshire | (46) | (25) | (71) | 12 | 83 | 83 | 0 |
| Commercial & Corporate Landlord | 667 | (492) | 175 | 131 | (44) | 808 | (852) |
| Resources | 7,746 | (446) | 7,300 | 6,455 | (845) | 387 | (1,232) |
| Precepts & Levies | 20,379 | 1 | 20,380 | 20,382 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Coroner's | 117 | 0 | 117 | 152 | 35 | 35 | 0 |
| Archives | 182 | 0 | 182 | 182 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Corporate Management | 293 | 0 | 293 | (26) | (319) | (231) | (88) |
| Non Distributed Costs (NDC) | 492 | 0 | 492 | 684 | 192 | 215 | (23) |
| Strategic Initiatives | (167) | 228 | 61 | (2,375) | (2,436) | (61) | (2,375) |
| Insurance | 1,447 | 0 | 1,447 | 1,404 | (43) | 52 | (95) |
| Corporate Costs & Levies | 22,743 | 229 | 22,972 | 20,403 | (2,569) | 12 | (2,581) |
| Net Cost of Services | 165,590 | (1,934) | 163,656 | 160,487 | (3,169) | 5,619 | (8,788) |
| Fixed Asset Disposal Costs | 20 | 45 | 65 | 68 | 3 | 6 | (3) |
| Interest & Investment Income | (252) | 0 | (252) | (206) | 46 | 162 | (116) |
| Interest Payable & Similar Charges | 4,020 | 27 | 4,047 Page 6 | 3,709 | (338) | (331) | (7) |

| Service Area | Original Budget 2020/21 | Budget Adjustm -ents 2020/21 | Revised Annual Budget | Actual Outturn | Actual (Under) / Over Spend @ Outturn | Forecast (Under) / Over Spend @ M9 | Variance from M9 to Outturn |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Charges Required under Regulation | 6,251 | (108) | 6,143 | 6,075 | (68) | (81) | 13 |
| Other Investment Income | (1,153) | 1,153 | 0 | (25) | (25) | (14) | (11) |
| Borrowing Cost Recoupment | (3,425) | 50 | (3,375) | (3,538) | (163) | (6) | (157) |
| Contributions to Reserves | 143 | 688 | 831 | 4,950 | 4,119 | 0 | 4,119 |
| Contributions from reserves | (747) | 86 | (661) | (661) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Capital expenditure financed from revenue | 0 | 252 | 252 | 252 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Appropriations | 4,857 | 2,193 | 7,050 | 10,624 | 3,574 | (264) | 3,838 |
| Expenditure to be Financed | 170,447 | 259 | 170,706 | 171,111 | 405 | 5,355 | (4,950) |
| General Government Grants | (64,824) | (2,899) | (67,723) | (67,723) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Non Domestic Rates | (32,936) | 2,899 | (30,037) | (30,037) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Council tax | (79,572) | (259) | (79,831) | (80,238) | (407) | (367) | (40) |
| Council Tax Benefit Support | 6,885 | 0 | 6,885 | 6,887 | 2 | 159 | (157) |
| Financing | (170,447) | (259) | (170,706) | (171,111) | (405) | (208) | (197) |
| Net General Fund (Surplus) / Deficit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,147 | (5,147) |

DIRECTORATE - DIVISION VARIANCE COMMENTS

| SOCIAL CARE, HEALTH & SAFEGUARDING | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 1,630 | 1,448 | 1,707 | 1,308 | 811 |

SOCIAL CARE, HEALTH & SAFEGUARDING DIRECTOR'S COMMENTARY:

The directorate outturn for 2020/21 was an overspend of £811K, a £497K decrease since month 9, as a result of late Discharge to Reassess funding from Health of £553K. Of the over spend, £346K is as a result of the pressure from the additional 1.75% unfunded staff pay award and £242K unachievable 2% staff efficiency saving. The directorate budget was also assisted by the Social Care Workforce and Sustainability Grant from Welsh Government of £984K.

The Adult Services division finished the financial year with an underspend of £474K, an increase in underspend since M9 of £365K, largely due to funding received from Health via the Discharge to Reassess scheme. This area of the directorate has also benefitted in year from the Social Care Workforce and Sustainability (SCWS) grant of circa £1M and Intermediate Care Funding (ICF), with ICF having a planned termination date of 31st March 2022.

Children's Services has a predicted overspend of £1.353M, a £81K reduction since the reported M9 forecast. This element of the directorate received a significant injection as part of the 2020/21 budget allocation, however, this was based on CLA numbers at that time being 197. Since the budget for 2020/21 was set, the service had a further influx of children to 219 at the end of 2019/20, and at the close of the financial year CLA numbers stood at 213.

Public Protection continues to strive to remain within its budget, turning out an underspend of £67K, an increase in underspend since M9 of £50K, due to some reduced activity as a result of COVID 19.

ADULT SERVICES

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 24 | 156 | 180 | (62) | (90) |

Net effect of additional pay award, not achieving the 2% staff efficiency saving and additional spend in the care at home service, less reduced premise expenditure with day service closures as a result of COVID 19 plus Winter Pressures funding from Health.

CHILDREN SERVICES

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 1,575 | 1,459 | 1,460 | 1,433 | 1,353 |

£1M overspend in providing care and placements for our Looked After Children which closed at 213 at year end, £260K overspend in legal costs and the remaining overspend as a result of continued use of agency staffing which currently stands at 9 being employed plus the increased staff pay award.

COMMUNITY CARE

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | (63) | (209) | (4) | 60 | (225) |

This division is being held up by a circa £1M SCWS grant plus Winter Pressures funding from Health.

| COMMISSIONING | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'s | (118) | (63) | (103) | (106) | (169) |

Ongoing vacant Commissioning Officer post and realignment of Service Level Agreements, netting the costs of increased staff pay award.

PARTNERSHIPS

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

No variances

PUBLIC PROTECTION

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'s | 211 | 109 | 177 | (17) | (67) |

Underspend is as a result of reduced activity, mainly within commercial and environmental health, as a result of COVID 19.

RESOURCES & PERFORMANCE

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 1 | (5) | (4) | 0 | 10 |

As a result of the increased staff pay award.

| CHILDREN & YOUNG PEOPLE | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 84 | 19 | 125 | 87 | 75 |

CHILDREN & YOUNG PEOPLE DIRECTOR'S COMMENTARY:

The Directorate's Outturn position is an over spend of £75k, which can be attributed to ALN. However, this has been partially offset by the surplus balance following the closure of Mounton House, which has been transferred to the central CYP budgets to support the wider education budgets.

INDIVIDUAL SCHOOLS BUDGET

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 0 | (264) | (316) | (434) | (298) |

The decrease in underspend of £136k since month 9 is due to an increase in Monmouth Comp Rates for 2020-21 and a provision for possible discrepancies regarding back pay for a school.

RESOURCES

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 37 | 22 | 14 | 3 | (14) |

The underspend is due to vacancy savings

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STANDARDS

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 47 | 261 | 426 | 518 | 386 |

- Recoupment increased by (income received from other LA's) (£151,000)
 Independent placement costs overspent by £127,000
 Other LA placement costs overspent by £186,000
 Additional support for pupils attending our schools overspent by £493,000
 Underspend on early years (rising 3's) due to school closure (£150,000)
- Overspend on breakfast clubs
 Underspend on ALN Transport due to school closure
 £45,000
 (£109,000)

Within the overspend of £493,000 relating to the additional support for pupils attending our own schools, £200,000 relates to additional funding for the additional learning needs units in Overmonnow (£100k) and Monmouth Comprehensive (£100k). Both these units are able to accommodate more MCC pupils, resulting in less pupils needing to be educated either in independent or other LA schools. While this has resulted in an over spend, the fees paid for the other schools would have resulted in the over spend being higher.

Included in the independent placement costs is £107,000 relating to the three remaining pupils at Mounton House, this cost has been transferred from Mounton House to support this.

Breakfast clubs have seen a reduction in numbers since re-opening following the Summer and Spring Term lockdowns, which has led to a reduction in income.

| ENTERPRISE | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 5,950 | 5,113 | 4,617 | 3,829 | (499) |

ENTERPRISE DIRECTOR'S COMMENTARY:

The Enterprise and MonLife Directorate is forecasting an outturn position of £499k surplus at year end. This is an improved position since Month 9 and the details of these changes are provided within the next sections of this report.

The impact of COVID-19 has been significant across all of the services with both a loss of income and additional costs incurred to operate critical front line services during the pandemic. In addition to the direct impacts of the pandemic service areas identified pressures where budget savings have not been implemented or ongoing pressures continued to affect services.

Across all Services, all eligible additional costs and income losses have been claimed against any Welsh Government funding that has been made available. In addition, service areas have been successful in securing grant funding which has enabled us to passport core costs to grant funding activity. Since month 9 a number of service areas have been able to report a significantly improved position as WG has confirmed that costs or income losses can be covered by the support grants available due to COVID.

BUSINESS GROWTH & ENTERPRISE

| Outturn Forecast | | Month | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn | | |
|------------------|--|-------|------------|------------|---------|--|--|
| T age of | | | | | | | |

Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s 46 29 (50) (62) 34

Business Growth & Enterprise has underspent by £34k, this can be split down to the following :-

- Abergavenny Borough Theatre Break-even.
- RDP & Youth Enterprise £3k underspent due to offsetting core staff costs with grant funding.
- Communications £10k underspent due to improved income.
- Community & Pship Development £44k underspent, mainly due to staff savings as we have been able to passport core costs to grant funding.
- Enterprise Mgt & Strategic Projects £90k overspent mainly due to unfunded pay award and overaccrual of public transport subsidy grant.

FACILITIES & FLEET MANAGEMENT

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 1,339 | 1,097 | 1,222 | 923 | 129 |

Facilities & Fleet Management has overspent by £129k.

- Catering £103k underspent. The service was adversely affected by the pandemic but WG Covid income support has enabled the unit to recover lost meal income based on 19-20 performance, as a result 20-21 outturn has mirrored the 19-20 outturn producing an underspend against budget.
- **Building Cleaning** £36k underspent. This is mainly due to an increase in internal income as the unit has picked up a number of contracts that have been brought back in-house.
- Passenger Transport £24k overspend, due in the main :-

Private Hire & Service 65 - £5k overspent due to vehicle maintenance costs, receipt of Covid income support to cover lost hire income has improved the outturn from M9.

School Transport Operations - £96k overspent – due to a combination of historic staff pressure c/fwd from 19-20 and additional hours required to cover new Covid transport arrangements and additional staffing required to cover recent contract hand backs. The reduction from M9 relates to a number of factors; overtime payments were not as high as anticipated, agency staff were not required, furlough income included for February and March all of this is due to schools not going back until later than predicted.

Commissioning - £87k underspent due to staff vacancies, and a reduction in contract costs due to the school closures.

- Fleet Maintenance £248k overspent, due to:-
 - Vehicle maintenance costs have increased over and above available budget, an element of this could be attributed to the requirement for additional vehicles due to Covid requirements.
 - Increased maintenance of our depots in Raglan and Caldicot.
 - A reduction in members of the Green Car scheme has hit savings (£6k).

The £793k positive swing from Month 9 can be mainly attributed to WG income support payments driving down service overspends in Passenger Transport and Catering.

| MEIOI | IDOI | IRHOOD | OFDV | |
|--------------------------|------|--------|------|----------|
| $N \vdash I \subseteq I$ | 4K() | IRHOOL | | II : = S |

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|------------------|---------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
|------------------|---------|------------|------------|------------|---------|

| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 1,456 | 1,153 | 783 | 500 | 51 |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|-----|-----|----|
|----------------------------|-------|-------|-----|-----|----|

Neighbourhood services has overspent by £51k.

- Highways & Street Lighting £63k underspent. Street Lighting has underspent by £103k, LED lamp replacement has generated savings from reduced output, in addition KWH rates were lower than budgeted, this has resulted in an underspend against our electricity budget. This has been offset by a net £40k overspend in Highways Operations as plant purchases that were to be reserve funded are to remain within the service.
- Waste & Street Scene £114k overspent This can be broken down into 2 main areas:-
 - Waste Services £57k overspent Main issues :-
 - Impact of Covid Even though all the additional expenditure and the loss of external income has been covered off by the WG support grant covid still has impacted on the service in 20-21, this is because most of the planned interventions to help improve the budget deficit were stopped or delayed due to the pandemic.
 - Non-Covid related pressures the volatility in the global recycling market continues to impact negatively on treatment and disposal costs for recycling and waste materials. In addition the abeyance of Usk CA site closure delayed service savings (£30k), there was also pressure caused by no budget increase for contracts and fuel inflation and the delayed roll out of polyprop bags. We have been fortunate that many of these pressures have been offset by the receipt of a number of WG Circular Economy grants and it has allowed us to passport core costs such as officer time against grant reducing service spend, this is the main reason for the improvement from Month 9.
 - Grounds Maintenance £57k overspent mainly due to additional expenditure incurred in meeting contractual obligations later in the year as a result of Grounds supporting waste collections during April and May.

PLANNING, HOUSING and Highways Dev & Flooding

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 1,011 | 1,067 | 993 | 1,245 | (507) |

Planning, Housing and Highways Dev & Flooding has underspent by £507k.

- Planning & Building Control £102k underspent this is due to a staff vacancy and savings against professional fees. The income shortfall has been covered off by the WG Covid support grant and is the reason for the improvement in outturn from Month 9.
- **Planning Policy** £137k underspent this is due to savings in professional and specialist fees costs due to delays in the LDP.
- Housing £165k underspent The majority of the underspend is found in our Shared Housing and Private Leasing schemes where net rental received from tenants has exceeded budgeted expectations, the final position on rent accounts cannot be calculated until financial year end so the extent of underspend was not known during the year and is the reason for the positive swing between reporting periods. In addition we have also been able to fund some staffing from grant funding. The increased expenditure relating to Welsh Government Covid related requirements to support homeless households and implement new Welsh Government homeless policy, has been funded by the WG Covid support grant so has not affected outturn position.
- Car Parking, Highways Development & Flooding £103k underspent. Main areas:-

- Car Parks £108k overspent this is due to increased costs in car park rates, transport and supplies and services. All of the income shortfall reported at M9 has been covered off by the WG support grant and is the reason for the improvement between reporting periods.
- ➤ Highways Development & flooding £211k underspent mainly as a result of staff vacancies across the department where the decision was made to freeze vacant posts to help with recovery of car park overspend.

There has been a very large positive swing between outturn and Month 9, this is mainly due to the receipt of WG income support grant in Housing, Car Parks and Planning that has reduced service overspends.

(MONLIFE) Countryside & Culture

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 42 | 40 | 81 | 121 | 5 |

Countryside & Culture - £5k overspent- The service has been heavily impacted by Covid and flooding in 20-21. All income lost due to event cancellation has been covered by the WG Covid support grant, the small overspend relates to additional costs as a result of the flooding that could not be covered by grant.

(MONLIFE) Finance & Business Development

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|---------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit /(Surplus) £'000s | (118) | (150) | (106) | (43) | (139) |

Finance & Business development-£139k underspent – Mainly due to staff savings from vacant posts throughout the service. All income losses have been covered by WG support grant and is the reason for the positive swing from Month 9.

(MONLIFE) Leisure, Youth & Outdoor Adventure

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|---------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit /(Surplus) £'000s | 2,173 | 1,877 | 1,694 | 1,146 | (72) |

Leisure, Youth & Outdoor Adventure - £72k underspent.

The closure of our Leisure centres and Outdoor Adventure sites due to Covid has had an adverse impact on income generation in 20-21. Without the WG income support grant we would have been reporting a sizable overspend but the grant has allowed us to cover off any shortfall so our revenue outturn position is not affected. The £72k underspend is mainly due to staff vacancies across the department.

| CHIEF EXECUTIVES UNIT | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Deficit /(Surplus) £'000s | 187 | 144 | 63 | (4) | (140) | | | | | |
| LEGAL & LAND CHARGES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn | | | | | |
| Page 70 | | | | | | | | | | |

| Deficit /(Surplus) £'000s | 78 | 92 | 40 | (27) | (109) |
|---------------------------|----|----|----|------|-------|
| | | | | | |

Legal - £93k underspend - this is mainly as a result of staff savings due to the employment lawyer post not being filled in 20-21 and a reduction in supplies and services.

Land charges – £16k underspend – this is mainly due to the small 'boom' in the house market as CV restrictions eased resulting in a considerable improvement in search income over the last 2 quarters, augmented by WG covid support that covered the initial period of the housing market being shut down.

The £82k improvement from M9 is due to the extent of staff and supplies savings in legal not being fully known at M9 and the pick up in search income in the last quarter in land charges.

GOVERNANCE, DEMOCRACY & SUPPORT

| Outturn Forecast | tturn Forecast Month 2 Month 5 | | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit /(Surplus) £'000s | 109 | 52 | 23 | 23 | (32) |

The **Community Hubs** sections is forecasting to overspend by £8k - this is due to over spends in Usk Post Office as this budget area is not being completely funded and therefore running at a loss and insufficient budget for Gilwern Library. This is offset in part by savings across some of the other hubs due to a decrease in spend on supplies and services.

The **Contact Centre** is reporting a £15k overspend, this is due to a proposed budget saving that can no longer be delivered and is now reflected as a pressure in the 21-22 budget model.

The **Corporate Section** is forecasting to overspend by £11k, this is due to an overspend relating to supplies and services and a copyright licencing fee.

The **Democratic Services Section** is forecasting to underspend by £86,000, this is due to savings in Elections where we have had savings from not having to undertake the annual canvass, grant windfalls relating to voting for 16/17 year olds and underspends in supplies and services mainly due to Members working from home. The extent of grant windfalls were not known at M9 and is the main reason for the improvement.

Policy and Partnerships is forecasting to overspend by £25k, this is mainly due to an increase in Welsh Language Translation costs.

| RESOURCES | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit /(Surplus) £'000s | 782 | 694 | 192 | 387 | (867) |

RESOURCES DIRECTOR'S COMMENTARY:

Whilst the COVID-19 pandemic has adversely impacted front line services the directorate has equally suffered significantly but in different ways. The outturn position has moved significantly and positively from that reported at month 9. This is principally as a consequence of the shortfalls in income as a consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic being fully covered from Welsh Government's COVID Hardship Fund. A significant pressure resulting from B&B claims for homeless people, and which didn't attract full subsidy from DWP, has also been funded by Welsh Government's COVID-19 Hardship Fund.

The outturn position has also benefitted from vacancy savings and notably where senior finance posts and property posts are not being filled. This is not a sustainable position and will not be a permanent age 71

feature and is currently being addressed.

FINANCE

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 137 | 189 | 173 | 39 | (755) |

Finance - £237k underspent – This is due to staff savings from senior finance staff vacancies.

Audit - £52k underspent due to staff savings as we have funded collaboration costs through capital as part of capitalisation directive (£36k) and savings due to maternity leave (£14.5k).

Revenues - £374k underspend. This can be attributed to :-

- •Benefits £63k overspent. This reflects the net position against the Housing Benefit budget once all subsidies and grants have been taken into account. Certain projects, especially for drug and alcohol support, are not eligible for full subsidy and fall to the council to finance any shortfall.
- Council Tax £59k overspend. This is mainly due to an over spend against salary costs as budget has been moved as part of the Resources restructure, this has been offset by underspends in finance above.
- Charity Relief £477k underspend. This is due to 2 main reasons 1) We haven't used any funding set aside in 20-21 for Business Rate support (this is separate to the covid support grants) 2) We also received £347,000 funding from Welsh Government for the administration of the Business Support Grant process. The income is to cover additional staff and admin costs incurred but these are held within the relevant services department.
- **Debtors** £19k underspend this is due to a staff vacancy saving, due to the financial impact of covid19 the decision was made not to fill this post until April 2021.

Systems & Cashiers - £95k underspend – main reasons relate to software and system development savings and security carrier costs as activity is down due to Covid shutdown.

There is a large positive swing from month 9 of £796k – this is due to the receipt of Covid support payments driving down the over spend in housing benefits. In addition the extent of funding available from the Business Support grant was not known at M9.

INFORMATION, COMMUNICATION & TECHNOLOGY

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 40 | (128) | (431) | (431) | (76) |

The ICT section has underspent by £76k. This is due to savings within SRS that meant our annual cost was £55k below budgeted contribution and underspends in the Digital Programme Team of £17k.

The £355k negative swing from Month 9 is due to 1) we had anticipated moving staff costs from the DPO to capital as part of the capitalisation directive, due to the overall positive position of the authority this adjustment was not undertaken. 2) we had reported at M9 that we would be drawing back from SRS some MCC specific reserves – this has now not happened as we are anticipating these reserves will be needed in 21-22 to finance specific projects.

PEOPLE

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|------------------------|---------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | (2) | 6 6 | gg (<mark>68</mark>) | (112) | (53) | | | | | |
| Page 12 | | | | | | | | | | |

- People Services £32k overspend this is due to system development costs of the new payroll system offset by staff savings as a result of posts only been filled part way through the year. It was reported at M9 that the system development costs would be moved to capital but it has been decided to leave these within the service and is the reason for the reduction in underspend between the reporting periods.
- Organisational Development £63k underspend, this is mainly due to staff savings as we have transferred staff costs involved with service transformation to capital as part of the capitalisation directive.
- **Customer Relations** £23k underspend due to a reduction in professional fees and staff secondment savings.

FUTURE MONMOUTHSHIRE

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 112 | 112 | 82 | 82 | 83 |

Future Monmouthshire - £83k overspend. £112k of Corporate Agency and travel savings have been built into the budget for 20-21 – currently these are deemed unachievable or are being achieved within directorate budgets and are thus contained in their respective forecasts. This has been offset by staff savings of £30k as we are covering secondment costs of a member of staff from WG.

COMMERCIAL & CORPORATE LANDLORD

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 495 | 515 | 437 | 808 | (44) |

Commercial & Corporate Landlord is forecasting a £44k underspend:-

- Investment Properties has underspent by £200k, this can be split into 3 areas:-
 - ➤ Investment Assets other £200k overspent, our MTFP for 20-21 included a £200k saving to reflect additional income from the purchase of more investment properties. No additional purchases were made in 20-21 (due to Covid) so the saving could not be achieved.
 - ➤ Newport Leisure Park On Budget. The pandemic has affected the leisure and retail sector greatly in 20-21, this has impacted on rental receipts at our Newport site as most of the units have been closed for the majority of the year. Officers have worked with tenants to recover owed rent where applicable, any rental shortfall due to lockdown restrictions has been fully funded by the WG Covid 19 Hardship fund, and this additional support has enabled us to report a break-even budget for 20-21.
 - ➤ Castlegate On Budget. Castlegate has seen in year savings of £165k relating to windfall loan repayments and reductions in consultant and insurance costs this saving has been moved to reserves, this reserve is set up to provide a sinking fund to support the investment and protect MCC position against any negative impacts as set out in the investment plan. This movement to reserves brings the budget back to a break-even position.
- Estates £22k underspent this is mainly due to a shortfall in income of £100k as the creation of a development company has been delayed, offset by staff savings (£120k) as a result of vacant posts not being filled during the year.
- Solar Farm & Sustainability- £97k underspent despite a drop in ROC unit prices due to a drop off in demand because of lockdown our renewables are still returning a surplus and we have generated enough income to exceed budget, in addition we have seen a small underspend in rates, maintenance and professional fees.

- A combined net underspend in **County Farms, Cemeteries, Markets & Industrial units** of £27k this is mainly due to staff savings in Markets being offset by a reduction in rental income in County Farms due to the change in farm portfolio.
- Property Services & Facilities Mgt has underspent by £109k, made up as follows:-
 - ➤ Property & Office Services underspent by £28k, this is mainly due to staff savings as vacant posts were not filled during the year, this has been offset by a reduction in capital income as we were unable to charge fees on projects delayed due to Covid.
 - ➤ Corporate Building Maintenance has underspent by £52k, we were able to move elements of school maintenance costs to a WG grant this has created an under spend that was not known at M9.
 - Property Accommodation has underspent by £70k due to savings in maintenance and utilities costs as offices have been closed or in limited operation due to Covid19.
 - > Telephony underspent by £15k as contracted call charges came in below budget.

There has been a large positive swing of £852k from what was reported at Month 9, this can mainly be attributed to the receipt of WG Covid support grant driving down overspends in Investments and Estates.

| CORPORATE COSTS & LEVIES | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 1,480 | 66 | 43 | 12 | (2,569) | | | | |
| PRECEPTS & LEVIES | | | | | | | | | |
| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn | | | | |
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | | | |

Small overspend on National parks levy of £2k due to notification of levy late in the budget process.

CORONERS SERVICES

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 23 | 23 | 23 | 35 | 35 |

An increase in workload and staffing requirements along with DDA compliance works will lead to a forecast £35k overspend against budget.

CORPORATE MANAGEMENT

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 0 | (114) | (191) | (231) | (319) |

Primarily due to the forecast receipt receivable on the final dissolution of Capita Gwent Consultancy (£109k), rate refunds on Authority owned premise's which were not known about until mid-way through the year (£120k), and additional unbudgeted dividend from the Greater Gwent Crematorium (£73k)

NON DISTRIBUTED COSTS

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 108 | 108 | 215 | 215 | 192 | | | | |
| Page 74 | | | | | | | | | |

Additional pension strain costs relating to redundancies. Strain costs relate to staff who retire before their normal pension age and where the employer is required to top up the pension fund to cover the shortfall in contributions. The majority of these costs would not have been known about at budget setting stage due to the uncertainty over the timing, value and individual pension implications of redundancies.

STRATEGIC INITIATIVES

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 1,300 | 0 | (61) | (61) | (2,436) |

The budgets held for incremental pay pressure (£420k pressure) and cross directorate efficiency savings (£359k saving) are to remain centrally and not be distributed to service budgets.

Alongside this and notified since month 9, receipt of significant specific Covid-19 grants from Welsh Government totalling £2.38m that have been taken corporately and to assist in future financial resilience.

INSURANCE

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 47 | 46 | 56 | 53 | (43) |

A slight over spend against the premium budget of £27k based on the results of the Insurance renewal and the increase in costs for the period Oct 2020 to April 2021 due to the worsening of claims experience. The flooding events led to a significant property claim at Monmouth LC and Covid19 has led to significant travel claims relating to cancelled school trips.

This is more than offset by savings in self-insured costs and professional fees based on claims activity during the year of £70k.

| APPROPRIATIONS | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | (77) | (83) | (163) | (263) | 3,574 |
| FIXED ASSET DISPOSAL COSTS | | | | | |
| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 0 | 25 | 6 | 6 | 3 |

Costs forecast over and above the current budget due to unforeseen surveys and studies relating to disposal sites.

INTEREST & INVESTMENT INCOME

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 163 | 181 | 162 | 162 | 46 |

The forecast rate of return achievable following the Covid1-9 pandemic has reduced significantly from budgeted levels as the UK Government refines its economic response. To a lesser extent this has also impacted forecast returns on Property and combined funds which are propping up the current returns. The improvement since month 9 reflects the finalisation of returns in year on these combined funds which are often hard to estimate during the year given **Eagle** *75arket adjustments.

Government deposits have largely returned 0% and have at times given a negative rate of return on deposits, especially when taking into account transaction fees.

INTEREST PAYABLE & SIMILAR CHARGES

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | (126) | (164) | (230) | (330) | (338) |

In October 2019 the PWLB took the unprecedented step of increasing its borrowing margin across the board by 1% in reaction to increased levels of borrowing by Local Authorities to fund commercial investments. This resulted in PWLB borrowing being uneconomic when compared to short term borrowing sourced from other public bodies and consequently the Authority's approach has been modified resulting in lower borrowing costs in the short term. PWLB has since reversed this decision but longer term rates continue to remain unattractive in the near term until capital spending plans are firmed up. Rates remain low on inter local authority borrowing further reducing costs.

CHARGES REQUIRED UNDER REGULATION

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | (113) | (113) | (82) | (82) | (68) |

A high level of slippage in the capital programme has resulted in some assets not being operational by 31/03/2020 and consequently the MRP charge for those assets being deferred by at least one year.

OTHER INVESTMENT INCOME

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | (1) | (12) | (14) | (14) | (25) |

Unexpected recoupment following the final winding up of Heritable bank which had previously defaulted, alongside small wayleaves and easement receipts.

TRANSFERS TO/FROM EARMARKED RESERVES

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,119 |

As outlined in the covering report

BORROWING COST RECOUPMENT

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 0 | 0 | (5) | (6) | (163) |

The variance reflects the late addition of recoupment of unbudgeted borrowing costs in relation to energy efficient street lighting capital schemes. The scheme arrangements were clarified well into the financial year and as a result the borrowing cost recoupment was not forecast during the year.

| FINANCING | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 336 | 20 | (156) | (209) | (405) |

COUNCIL TAX BENEFIT SUPPORT

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 336 | 324 | 229 | 159 | 2 |

This budget has been under particular pressure, as a direct result of Covid 19. Since the beginning of the year caseload has increased rising from 5,721 at the start of April 2020 to 6,168 by the end of March 2021. This increase in cases resulted in a £350,000 overspend by year end. However the Welsh Government released specific funding to Local Authorities to help manage this pressure. Monmouthshire received £348,000 such funding, resulting in a small over spend at year end.

COUNCIL TAX

| Outturn Forecast | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | Outturn |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Deficit / (Surplus) £'000s | 0 | (305) | (385) | (368) | (407) |

A council tax surplus has been anticipated throughout the year. Whilst the in year collection rate is down by 1.1% compared to the same time last year, the council tax base remained healthy. By the end of the year an additional 400 properties had been added to the tax base resulting in the surplus reported above.

2. SCHOOL BALANCES

- 2.1. A Board of Governors who are responsible for managing the school's finances directly governs each of the Authority's Schools. However, the Authority also holds a key responsibility for monitoring the overall financial performance of schools. Below is a table showing the outturn forecast Schools' balances position based on month 9 projections for each Educational Cluster.
- 2.2. The monitoring earlier in the year at month 2 included a surplus balance of £206,518 for Mounton House. As the school has now closed this balance has been transferred into central education budgets, of which, £107,000 has been used to support the placement costs for the 3 remaining MCC pupils and the remaining £100,000 has been used to offset the overspend in CYP.

| Council Fund Outturn 2020/21 – School Balances Summary outturn position | Reserves (Surplus) / Deficit 01/04/2020 | Movement from / (to) School Balances | Reserves (Surplus) / Deficit 31/03/2021 | Number Schools in deficit 01/04/2020 Primary/ Secondary | Number Schools in deficit 01/04/2020 Primary/ Secondary |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Cluster | £000's | £'000 | £'000 | | |
| Abergavenny | (118) | (1,040) | (1,158) | 2 1 | 0 0 |
| Caldicot | 160 | (1,040) | (1,130) | 4 1 | 0 0 |
| Chepstow | 24 | (373) | (349) | 2 1 | 0 1 |
| Monmouth | 518 | (373) | (794) | 4 1 | 1 0 |
| | | , , | | | |
| Special | (149) | 123 | (26) | | 0 0 |
| Total | 435 | (3,853) | (3,418) | 13 4 | 1 1 |

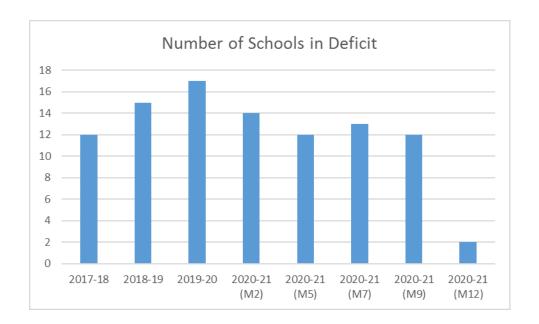
- 2.3. In terms of the overall movement in school balances, 2020/21 has been an unprecedented year. Schools have received several specific Welsh Government grants totalling £1.77m to further support them and their pupils and these have predominately displaced core budgets in 2020/21 or been committed for use in 2021/22 in line with the grant terms. Furthermore, due largely to the sustained periods of enforced closure during the financial year spending on budgets areas such as staff cover, premises, supplies & services and examination fees, were significantly curtailed and produced savings totalling £2.08m.
- 2.4. These factors mean that the overall level of the school reserves has increased by £3.85m as at the 31st March 2021, taking schools collectively out of a net deficit of £435k to an overall surplus of £3.42m. As a result of this 15 of the 17 schools entering the year in deficit have returned to a surplus balance.
- 2.5. The two main grants received from Welsh Government relate to a Schools Revenue Maintenance Grant and Recruit, Recover and Raise Standards. Schools carrying significant surplus balances that are above levels guided by Welsh Government (£50k for a Primary, £100k for a Secondary) will be asked to provide investment plans setting out how they intend to spend the significant surplus balances being held. It is also clear that the inherent structural budget deficits that have led to a situation of 17 schools being in deficit at the start of the year remain and require resolution irrespective of additional funding received.
- 2.6. In particular and in specific relation to Chepstow Comprehensive, when the windfall Welsh Government grants are disregarded, it masks a significant in-year budget deficit that has been brought about significantly due to the curtailing of any staff redundancies during the pandemic and Page 78

that were pivotal to their recovery plans. This leaves the school in a comparably weaker position than they would have been in if they had executed their recovery plans as intended, and where they do not now have the level of surplus balances that the other three comprehensive schools now have to strategically invest over the medium term.

2.7. The movement of individual schools forecast to be in deficit during the year and the final position is shown below:

| Start of year | Month 2 | Month 5 | Month 7 | Month 9 | End of year |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Total: 17 | Total: 14 | Total: 12 | Total: 13 | Total: 12 | Total: 2 |
| Caldicot Comprehensive | Caldicot Comprehensive | Caldicot Comprehensive | Caldicot Comprehensive | Caldicot Comprehensive | |
| Chepstow Comprehensive | Chepstow Comprehensive | Chepstow Comprehensive | Chepstow Comprehensive | Chepstow Comprehensive | Chepstow Comprehensive |
| King Henry VIII Comprehensive | King Henry VIII Comprehensive | ** | | | |
| Monmouth Comprehensive | Monmouth Comprehensive | Monmouth Comprehensive | Monmouth Comprehensive | Monmouth Comprehensive | |
| Llandogo Primary | Llandogo Primary | Llandogo Primary | Llandogo Primary | Llandogo Primary | Llandogo Primary |
| Llantilio Pertholey CIW Primary | | | | | |
| Magor CIW Primary | | | | | |
| Osbaston CiW Primary | Osbaston CiW Primary | Osbaston CiW Primary | Osbaston CiW Primary | Osbaston CiW Primary | |
| Overmonnow Primary | | | Overmonnow Primary | Overmonnow Primary | |
| Pupil Referral Service | Pupil Referral Service | Pupil Referral Service | Pupil Referral Service | Pupil Referral Service | |
| Raglan CiW Primary | Raglan CiW Primary | | | | |
| Rogiet Primary | | | | | |
| St Mary's RC Primary | St Mary's RC Primary | St Mary's RC Primary | St Mary's RC Primary | St Mary's RC Primary | |
| | The Dell Primary School | The Dell Primary School | The Dell Primary School | The Dell Primary School | |
| Thornwell Primary | Thornwell Primary | Thornwell Primary | Thornwell Primary | | |
| Undy Primary | Undy Primary | Undy Primary | Undy Primary | Undy Primary | |
| Ysgol Gymraeg Y Fenni | Ysgol Gymraeg Y Fenni | Ysgol Gymraeg Y Fenni | Ysgol Gymraeg Y Fenni | Ysgol Gymraeg Y Fenni | |
| Ysgol Gymraeg Y Ffin | Ysgol Gymraeg Y Ffin | Ysgol Gymraeg Y Ffin | Ysgol Gymraeg Y Ffin | Ysgol Gymraeg Y Ffin | |

^{**} King Henry VIII Comprehensive School forecast balance at month 5 onwards included a Local Authority loan of £250,000 which was estimated to result in a surplus year-end balance. Given the current year end surplus, the school will not be taking the loan at this time.



- 2.8. All schools in a deficit budget have, or are in the process of agreeing recovery plans. These recovery plans will be confirmed with both the Local Education Authority and each School's Governing Body. Once finalised the schools with significant deficits will be monitored by the Cabinet member for Children and Young People and Resources on a termly basis.
- 2.9. Total schools balances have been exhibiting a fluctuating trend with some schools showing a continuing reduction in schools balances, which is of concern, and others a more balanced trend. However, as previously mentioned, due to the Covid-19 pandemic, several grants were awarded to schools at year end, which has resulted in a large increase in school balances for 2020-21.

| Financial Year | School Balances (Surplus)/Deficit £000 | Year on Year Movement £000 | Number of Schools in Deficit |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 2014-15 | (1,140) | | 5 |
| 2015-16 | (1,156) | (16) | 6 |
| 2016-17 | (269) | 887 | 12 |
| 2017-18 | (175) | 94 | 12 |
| 2018-19 | 232 | 407 | 15 |
| 2019-20 | 435 | 203 | 17 |
| 2020-21 | (3,418) | (3,853) | 2 |

3 CAPITAL OUTTURN

3.1 The summary Capital outturn position is as follows:

Capital Outturn Position 2020/21

| Select Portfolio | Slippage B/F | Original Budget | Budget Revisions | Approved Slippage | Revised Budget 2020/21 | Actual Outturn | Variance at Outturn | Variance at M9 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| | £000's | £000's | £000's | £000's | £000's | £000's | £000's | £000's |
| Expenditure | | | | | | | | |
| Children & Young People | 1,245 | 14,423 | 1,872 | (15,381) | 2,160 | 2,151 | (9) | 0 |
| Economic & Development | 17,496 | 3,068 | 30 | (19,274) | 1,320 | 1,320 | 0 | 0 |
| Adult | 300 | 5,678 | 0 | (5,964) | 14 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| Strong Communities | 5,801 | 10,139 | 12,079 | (9,301) | 18,718 | 15,546 | (3,171) | (157) |
| Total Expenditure | 24,842 | 33,308 | 13,981 | (49,920) | 22,211 | 19,031 | (3,180) | (157) |
| Financing | | | | | | | | |
| Supported Borrowing | 0 | (2,417) | 0 | 0 | (2,417) | (2,417) | 0 | 0 |
| General Capital Grant | 0 | (2,423) | 0 | 0 | (2,423) | (2,423) | 0 | 0 |
| Grants and Contributions | (393) | (18,229) | (10,826) | 19,095 | (10,353) | (8,623) | (1,730) | 157 |
| S106 Contributions | (1,052) | 0 | (166) | 711 | (507) | (507) | 0 | 0 |
| Unsupported Borrowing | (22,546) | (5,275) | (2,032) | 27,217 | (2,637) | (3,442) | 805 | 0 |
| Reserve & Revenue Funding | (239) | (2) | (252) | 241 | (252) | (252) | 0 | 0 |
| Capital Receipts | (612) | (3,462) | (705) | 2,656 | (2,123) | (1,042) | (1,080) | 0 |
| Leasing | 0 | (1,500) | 0 | 0 | (1,500) | (325) | (1,175) | 0 |
| Total Financing | (24,842) | (33,308) | (13,981) | 49,920 | (22,211) | (19,031) | (3,180) | 157 |

- 3.2 The capital expenditure outturn for 2020/21 shows a saving of £3.18m against budget, however it is important to note that this does not fully represent released capital financing available for future use. The variances can be explained as follows:
 - Reduced usage of the Capitalisation Directive budget by £1.08m following clarification of the revenue outturn position. This subsequently releases capital receipts back to the capital receipts reserve to utilise for future capital investment.
 - Specific grant funding budgets of £1.92m that have not been able to be spent within the financial year primarily due to a combination of late notification of the grant awards, a lack of resources available to complete eligible works and a shortage of appropriate schemes that fit within the grant criteria stipulated. This under spend does not release any capital financing for future use as the grant actually paid matches the overall expenditure.

- Vehicle replacement has under spent by £172k due to clarification of vehicles requirements during the year. These purchases were originally budgeted to be funded by leasing but following an options appraisal it was more cost-effective to finance the majority of vehicles via borrowing. The under spend does not release any capital financing for future use.
- 3.3 The outbreak of the Covid-19 pandemic has caused significant disruption to the progress of budgeted capital schemes with slippage at outturn totalling £49.92m (£40.45m at month 9). The Covid-19 impact is affecting both internally and externally managed projects, with disruption to external supply chains, increased contract risk and potential inflationary cost pressures sitting alongside internal resourcing pressures.

3.4 The slippage is broken down as follows:

| Scheme | Forecast Slippage Month 2 (000's) | Forecast Slippage Month 5 (000's) | Forecast Slippage Month 7 (000's) | Forecast Slippage Month 9 (000's) | Actual Slippage At Outturn |
|--|--|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| Asset Investment fund | | 18,142 | 18,142 | 18,118 | 18,067 |
| Tranche 'B' King Henry Future Schools | | | 12,484 | 13,421 | 14,092 |
| Crick Road Care Home | 5,978 | 5,978 | 5,978 | 5,978 | 5,964 |
| RE-FIT Programme | , | , | · | · | 2,031 |
| Flood Recovery Grant | | | | | 1,337 |
| City Deal | | | | | 830 |
| Highways Maintenance | | | | | 812 |
| Schools Maintenance | | | | | 749 |
| County Hall 'J' block | | 544 | 544 | 544 | 774 |
| Section 106 schemes | | 131 | 78 | 148 | 692 |
| Disabled Facilities Grants | | | | | 613 |
| 21st Century Schools Team | | | | 525 | 572 |
| School Refurbishment | | | | 300 | 415 |
| Car Park Improvements | | | | | 328 |
| 'IT' Schemes | | | | | 296 |
| WG 'Resilient Roads' | | | | | 292 |
| Bridges & Retaining Walls | | | | | 278 |
| Recycling Vehicles and Boxes | | | | | 261 |
| 'Green Infrastructure' | | | | | 247 |
| Abergavenny Borough Theatre Works | | | | 236 | 239 |
| Access for All | | | | 390 | 238 |
| County Farms | | | | | 215 |
| Council Chamber refurbishment & IT upgrade | | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| Sewage Treatment Works | | | | 200 | 199 |
| Abergavenny Community Hub development | | | | 47 | 73 |
| Property schemes | | 229 | 74 | 138 | 0 |
| Other schemes | | 229 | 7 7 | 203 | 106 |
| Total | 5,978 | 25,224 | 37,500 | 40,448 | 49,920 |

3.5 **Useable Capital Receipts Available**

In the table below, the effect of the changes to the forecast capital receipts on the useable capital receipts balances available to meet future capital commitments are illustrated. There is also a comparison to the balances forecast withat 2820/24 MTFP capital budget proposals.

| | 2020/21 £000 | 2021/22 £000 | 2022/23 £000 | 2023/24 £000 | 2024/25 £000 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Balance as at 1st April | 3,040 | 9,210 | 14,136 | 12,544 | 11,452 |
| Capital receipts used for financing | (31) | (3,341) | (684) | (684) | (684) |
| Capital receipts used to support capitalisation direction | (1,011) | (2,208) | (2,208) | (508) | (508) |
| Capital receipts Received or Forecast | 7,212 | 10,475 | 1,300 | 100 | 100 |
| Forecast Balance as at 31st March | 9,210 | 14,136 | 12,544 | 11,452 | 10,360 |
| Forecast Balance 2020/24 MTFP | 9,904 | 10,245 | 10,791 | 10,136 | 10,136 |
| Variance compared to 2020/24 MTFP | (694) | 3,891 | 1,753 | 1,316 | 224 |

- 3.7 Capital receipts used to support the capitalisation direction were £1.08m less than budgeted for 2020/21, however this was offset by an overall delay in generating some receipts into 2021/22 and beyond and therefore results in a slightly reduced balance of receipts compared to the original budget.
- 3.8 Forecast receipts to be generated in future years have increased since the 2020/21 budget was set and this is demonstrated in the expected overall increase in receipt balances after affording additional capitalisation direction approved as part of 2021/22 budget setting.



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| Disinvestment by Directorate 2020-21 REVENUE MONITORING 2020-21 | 2020/21 Budgeted Savings | Value of Saving forecast at Month 2 £000 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 5 £000 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 7 £000 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 9 £000 | Value of Saving achieved at Outturn £000 | Delayed Savings £000 | Savings deemed Unachievable YTD £000 | Covid related | Non Covid | % Achieved | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|----------------------------|--|---------------|-----------|------------|---|
| Children & Young People | (648) | (648) | (648) | (648) | (648) | (648) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100% | |
| Social Care & Health | (1,058) | 0 | | (792) | (792) | (792) | 0 | (266) | 166 | 100 | 75% | |
| Enterprise | (569) | 0 | | (432) | (392) | (392) | (20) | (158) | | 0 | 69% | |
| Resources | (418) | 0 | | (198) | (198) | (198) | (220) | 0 | | 0 | 47% | |
| Chief Executives Units | (163) | 0 | | (98) | (93) | (93) | (10) | (60) | | 0 | 57% | |
| Corporate Costs & Levies | (1,479) | (1,479) | (1,479) | (1,479) | (1,479) | (1,479) | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 100% | |
| Appropriations | (605) | (605) | (605) | (605) | (605) | (605) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100% | |
| Sub total - Service Specific | (4,939) | (2,732) | (4,242) | (4,252) | (4,207) | (4,207) | (250) | (484) | 634 | 100 | 85% | |
| Financing | (5,397) | (5,397) | (5,397) | (5,397) | (5,397) | (5,397) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100% | |
| DIRECTORATE Totals Disinvestments 2020-21 | (10,336) | (8,129) | (9,639) | (9,649) | (9,604) | (9,604) | (250) | (484) | 634 | 100 | 93% | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Children & Young People | 2020/21 Budgeted Savings | Value of Saving forecast at Month 2 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 5 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 7 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 9 | Value of Saving achieved at Outturn | Delayed Savings | Savings deemed Unachievable | | | | ASSESSMENT of Progress |
| | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | | | | |
| CYP capitalise direction for Mounton House recoupment income loss and repayment of reserve funding for inclusion centres | (348) | (348) | (348) | (348) | (348) | (348) | | | | | | |
| School based redundancies | (300) | (300) | (300) | (300) | (300) | (300) | | | | | | |
| CHILDREN & YOUNG PEOPLE Budgeted Savings Total 2020-21 | (648) | (648) | (648) | (648) | (648) | (648) | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | 2020/21 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Social Care & Health | Budgeted Savings | Value of Saving forecast at Month 2 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 5 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 7 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 9 | Value of Saving achieved at Outturn | Delayed Savings | Savings deemed Unachievable | | | | ASSESSMENT of Progress |
| Social Care & Health | Budgeted | Saving forecast at | Saving forecast at | Value of Saving forecast at | Saving forecast at | Value of Saving achieved at | - | deemed | | | | |
| Social Care & Health Renegotiate Severn View section 28A contract sum | Budgeted Savings | Saving forecast at Month 2 | Saving forecast at Month 5 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 7 | Saving forecast at Month 9 | Value of Saving achieved at Outturn | Savings | deemed Unachievable | 166 | | | |
| | Budgeted Savings £000 | Saving forecast at Month 2 | Saving forecast at Month 5 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 7 | Saving forecast at Month 9 | Value of Saving achieved at Outturn | Savings | deemed Unachievable £000 | 166 | | | Progress No formal renegotiation of the section 28A agreement has taken place due to COVID |
| Renegotiate Severn View section 28A contract sum | Budgeted Savings £000 | Saving forecast at Month 2 | Saving forecast at Month 5 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 7 £000 | Saving forecast at Month 9 | Value of Saving achieved at Outturn £000 | Savings | deemed Unachievable £000 | 166 | | | Progress No formal renegotiation of the section 28A agreement has taken place due to COVID |
| Renegotiate Severn View section 28A contract sum Service Contract efficiency savings | Budgeted Savings £000 (166) | Saving forecast at Month 2 | Saving forecast at Month 5 £000 (20) | Value of Saving forecast at Month 7 £000 | Saving forecast at Month 9 £000 (20) | Value of Saving achieved at Outturn £000 | Savings | deemed Unachievable £000 | 166 | | | Progress No formal renegotiation of the section 28A agreement has taken place due to COVID |
| Renegotiate Severn View section 28A contract sum Service Contract efficiency savings Practice change Fairer charging weekly threshold increases from £70 to £80 | £000 (166) (20) (150) | Saving forecast at Month 2 | Saving forecast at Month 5 £000 (20) (150) | Value of Saving forecast at Month 7 £000 (20) (150) | Saving forecast at Month 9 £000 (20) (150) | Value of Saving achieved at Outturn £000 0 (20) (150) | Savings | deemed Unachievable £000 | 166 | | | Progress No formal renegotiation of the section 28A agreement has taken place due to COVID |
| Renegotiate Severn View section 28A contract sum Service Contract efficiency savings Practice change Fairer charging weekly threshold increases from £70 to £80 generating income following means test Disability Services - reduce budget in line with current year | ### Budgeted Savings #### £000 (166) (20) (150) (116) | Saving forecast at Month 2 | Saving forecast at Month 5 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 7 £000 (20) (150) | Saving forecast at Month 9 £000 0 (20) (150) (116) | Value of Saving achieved at Outturn £000 0 (20) (150) (116) | Savings | deemed Unachievable £000 | 166 | | | Progress No formal renegotiation of the section 28A agreement has taken place due to COVID |

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| LAC savings - reduced legal costs | (100) | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | (100) | | 100 | Based on the new Legal team structure allowing legal/court work to be done in house |
|---|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|--|
| SCH Safeguarding team recruitment & training (capitalisation directive) | (45) | | (45) | (45) | (45) | (45) | | | | | |
| Myst project consequences | (250) | | (250) | (250) | (250) | (250) | | | | | |
| SOCIAL CARE & HEALTH Budgeted Savings Total 2020-21 | (1,058) | 0 | (792) | (792) | (792) | (792) | 0 | (266) | 166 | 100 | |
| Enterprise | 2020/21 Budgeted Savings | Value of Saving forecast at Month 2 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 5 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 7 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 9 | Value of Saving achieved at Outturn | Delayed Savings | Savings deemed Unachievable | | | ASSESSMENT of Progress |
| | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | | | |
| ENT - School Meals - School Meals Price increase from £2.45 to £2.50. | (20) | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | (20) | 20 | | Income is down due to Covid. |
| ENT - Planning & Building Control - Planning Application fee increase - WG set to increase price by 20% | (60) | | (40) | (40) | 0 | 0 | | (60) | 60 | | Income down overall due to covid |
| ENT - Planning & Building Control - Charging customers who wish to amend application during process. | (2) | | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | | | | | Achieved |
| ENT - Planning & Building Control - Increasing Pre-app fees by 2.5% | (2) | | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | | | | | Achieved |
| ENT - Planning & Building Control - New income from S106 monitoring fees | (20) | | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | | (18) | 18 | | Income down due to covid |
| ENT - Planning & Building Control - Increase in L2 Pre-app income - fee increase | (2) | | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | | | | | Achieved |
| ENT - Planning & Building Control - Staff restructure | (27) | | (27) | (27) | (27) | (27) | | | | | Achieved |
| OPS - Waste - Issue "Tax Disc" style permits to all residents with council tax to reduce cross border traffic of waste (2019-20 Budget) | (50) | | (50) | (50) | (50) | (50) | | | | | Achieved |
| First year implementation costs of car parking proposals (2019-20 Budget) | (106) | | (106) | (106) | (106) | (106) | 0 | | | | This is a reversal of a pressure provided in 19-20. Budget adjustment has been made. |
| ENT - Highways & Flooding - Charge For Access Markings | (2) | | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | | | | | Achieved |
| ENT - Highways & Flooding - Charge for Events signing | (5) | | (5) | (5) | (5) | (5) | | | | | Achieved |
| ENT - Highways & Flooding - Increase Road Closure Income Budget | (32) | | (32) | (32) | (32) | (32) | | | | | Achieved |
| ENT - Highways & Flooding - Increase in Street Name & Numbering Charges (in particular developers) | (5) | | (5) | (5) | (5) | (5) | | | | | Achieved |
| ENT - Highways & Flooding - Increase in S50 Licences for Utilities | (15) | | (15) | (15) | (15) | (15) | | | | | Achieved |
| ENT - Highways & Flooding - Software savings from new asset management system. | (7) | | (7) | (7) | (7) | (7) | | | | | Achieved |
| ENT - Highways & Flooding - Provide design service for drainage schemes | (5) | | (5) | (5) | (5) | (5) | | | | | Achieved |
| ENT - Highways & Flooding - Utilising grant to cover staff costs | (10) | | (10) | (10) | (10) | (10) | | | | | Achieved |

| | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|----------------------|---|----------------|---|---|
| NT - Waste - Cluse Usa Recycling - but is dependant on policy approval by calcinet. Open Troy another day. 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1 | ENT - Passenger Transport Unit - PTU - Route Optimisation and workforce planning | (60) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | (60) | 60 | | This saving is unlikely to be made in 20/21 |
| Description Commercial income Commercial | ENT - Waste transfer station contract review | (40) | | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) | | | | | Achieved |
| Workforce and reception @ Paglan depot. (9) | ENT - Waste - Waste - Close Usk Recycling - but is dependant on policy approval by cabinet. Open Troy another day. | (30) | | 0 | (10) | (10) | (10) | (20) | | 20 | | Awaiting decision |
| RNT-Hyps Operations - Reduction in Plant & Equipment Hire through investment RNT-Hyps Operations - Profession of recycled tarmac (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) | ENT - Hwys Operations - Staff Savings - Efficiencies in workforce and reception @ Raglan depot. | (9) | | (9) | (9) | (9) | (9) | | | | | Achieved |
| through investment (S) | ENT - Hwys Operations - Winter Maintenance - Net saving from Route based forecasting software improving pre-salting accuracy. | (5) | | (5) | (5) | (5) | (5) | | | | | Achieved |
| Commercial number Comm | ENT - Hwys Operations - Reduction in Plant & Equipment Hire through investment | (3) | | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | | | | | Achieved |
| ENTERPRISE Budgeted Savings Total 2020-21 (569) 0 (422) (432) (332) (332) (20) (158) 178 0 Chief Executive's Unit | ENT - Hwys Operations - Provision of recycled tarmac to other local authorities. | (5) | | (5) | (5) | (5) | (5) | | | | | Achieved |
| Chief Executive's Unit Savings | Discretionary fees & charges | (48) | | (48) | (48) | (48) | (48) | | | | | Achieved |
| Chief Executive's Unit Savings Savings Savings Creasal star Month 2 E000 E000 E000 E000 E000 E000 E000 E | ENTERPRISE Budgeted Savings Total 2020-21 | (569) | 0 | (422) | (432) | (392) | (392) | (20) | (158) | 178 | 0 | |
| GOVDEMSUP - Reduction in annual grant provided to Monmouth CAB (kl), releasing budget saving (3k) CEO - legal services to Fire and police CEO - offsetting legal costs against capital projects and investment activity CEO - Market and increase take-up of community education courses across all sites CEO - staffing realignment across policy, and governance (79) | Chief Executive's Unit | Budgeted | Saving forecast at | Saving forecast at | Saving forecast at | Saving forecast at | Saving achieved at | | deemed | | | |
| GOVDEMSUP - Reduction in annual grant provided to Monmouth CAB (kl), releasing budget saving (3k) CEO - legal services to Fire and police CEO - offsetting legal costs against capital projects and investment activity CEO - Market and increase take-up of community education courses across all sites CEO - staffing realignment across policy, and governance (79) | | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | | | |
| CEO - offsetting legal costs against capital projects and increase take-up of community education courses across all sites CEO - staffing realignment across policy, and governance (79) | GOVDEMSUP - Reduction in annual grant provided to Monmouth CAB (1k), releasing budget saving (3k) | | 2000 | | | | | | 2000 | | | Achieved |
| investment activity CEO - Market and increase take-up of community education courses across all sites CEO - Staffing realignment across policy, and governance CEO - Staffing realignment a | CEO - legal services to Fire and police | (10) | | | | _ | | | | | | |
| CEO - staffing realignment across policy, and governance (79) (79) (79) (79) (79) (79) (79) (79) | | | | 0 | 0 | O | 0 | (10) | | 10 | | Covid has affected Fee earning capability |
| Discretionary fees & charges (3) CHIEF EXECUTIVES' UNIT Budgeted Savings Total 2020-21 (163) O (98) (98) (98) (98) (93) (93) (10) (60) 70 O Achieved A | CEO - offsetting legal costs against capital projects and investment activity | | | | | , and the second | | | (30) | | | Savings target too high, £20k is more achievable but this year has been affecte |
| CHIEF EXECUTIVES' UNIT Budgeted Savings Total 2020-21 (163) 0 (98) (98) (93) (93) (10) (60) 70 0 RESOURCES R | | (40) | | (15) | (15) | (10) | (10) | | | 30 | | Savings target too high, £20k is more achievable but this year has been affecte by Covid. Covid has prevented this happening so saving is unachievable now |
| Resources Commercial income Commercial Commercial | investment activity CEO - Market and increase take-up of community education | (40) | | (15) | (15) | (10) 0 | (10) | | | 30 | | Savings target too high, £20k is more achievable but this year has been affecte by Covid. Covid has prevented this happening so saving is unachievable now |
| RESOURCES Budgeted Savings Forecast at Month 2 Forecast at Month 5 Forecast at Month 5 Forecast at Month 6 Forecast at Month 9 Forecast at | investment activity CEO - Market and increase take-up of community education courses across all sites | (40) (30) (79) | | (15) 0 (79) | (15) 0 (79) | (10) 0 (79) | (10) 0 (79) | | | 30 | | Savings target too high, £20k is more achievable but this year has been affected by Covid. Covid has prevented this happening so saving is unachievable now Achieved |
| CORPLLORD Estates RE-FIT Energy Savings (net after funding repayments) Commercial income (200) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | investment activity CEO - Market and increase take-up of community education courses across all sites CEO - staffing realignment across policy, and governance Discretionary fees & charges | (40) (30) (79) (3) | 0 | (15) 0 (79) | (15) 0 (79) | (10) 0 (79) | (10) 0 (79) (3) | 0 | (30) | 30 | 0 | Savings target too high, £20k is more achievable but this year has been affected by Covid. Covid has prevented this happening so saving is unachievable now Achieved |
| repayments) Commercial income (200) O 0 0 (200) 200 No further investments in commercial property has been undertaken this year due to Covid so this will not be achieved | investment activity CEO - Market and increase take-up of community education courses across all sites CEO - staffing realignment across policy, and governance Discretionary fees & charges CHIEF EXECUTIVES' UNIT Budgeted Savings Total 2020-21 | (40) (30) (79) (3) (163) 2020/21 Budgeted | Value of Saving forecast at | (15) 0 (79) (3) (98) Value of Saving forecast at | (15) 0 (79) (3) (98) Value of Saving forecast at | (10) 0 (79) (3) (93) Value of Saving forecast at | (10) 0 (79) (3) (93) Value of Saving achieved at | (10) Delayed | (30) (60) Savings deemed | 30 | 0 | Savings target too high, £20k is more achievable but this year has been affecte by Covid. Covid has prevented this happening so saving is unachievable now Achieved Achieved ASSESSMENT of |
| Commercial income (200) 0 0 (200) 200 property has been undertaken this year due to Covid so this will not be achieved | investment activity CEO - Market and increase take-up of community education courses across all sites CEO - staffing realignment across policy, and governance Discretionary fees & charges CHIEF EXECUTIVES' UNIT Budgeted Savings Total 2020-21 | (40) (30) (79) (3) (163) 2020/21 Budgeted Savings | Value of Saving forecast at Month 2 | (15) 0 (79) (3) (98) Value of Saving forecast at Month 5 | (15) 0 (79) (3) (98) Value of Saving forecast at Month 7 | (10) 0 (79) (3) (93) Value of Saving forecast at Month 9 | (10) 0 (79) (3) (93) Value of Saving achieved at Outturn | (10) Delayed Savings | (30) (60) Savings deemed Unachievable | 30 | 0 | Savings target too high, £20k is more achievable but this year has been affecte by Covid. Covid has prevented this happening so saving is unachievable now Achieved Achieved ASSESSMENT of |
| Senior officer reduction (100) (100) (100) (100) Achieved | investment activity CEO - Market and increase take-up of community education courses across all sites CEO - staffing realignment across policy, and governance Discretionary fees & charges CHIEF EXECUTIVES' UNIT Budgeted Savings Total 2020-21 | (40) (30) (79) (3) (163) 2020/21 Budgeted Savings | Value of Saving forecast at Month 2 | (15) 0 (79) (3) (98) Value of Saving forecast at Month 5 | (15) 0 (79) (3) (98) Value of Saving forecast at Month 7 £000 | (10) 0 (79) (3) (93) Value of Saving forecast at Month 9 | (10) 0 (79) (3) (93) Value of Saving achieved at Outturn | (10) Delayed Savings | (30) (60) Savings deemed Unachievable | 30 | 0 | Savings target too high, £20k is more achievable but this year has been affecte by Covid. Covid has prevented this happening so saving is unachievable now Achieved Achieved ASSESSMENT of |
| | investment activity CEO - Market and increase take-up of community education courses across all sites CEO - staffing realignment across policy, and governance Discretionary fees & charges CHIEF EXECUTIVES' UNIT Budgeted Savings Total 2020-21 Resources CORPLLORD Estates RE-FIT Energy Savings (net after funding | (40) (30) (79) (3) (163) 2020/21 Budgeted Savings £000 0 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 2 | (15) 0 (79) (3) (98) Value of Saving forecast at Month 5 | (15) 0 (79) (3) (98) Value of Saving forecast at Month 7 £000 | (10) 0 (79) (3) (93) Value of Saving forecast at Month 9 | (10) 0 (79) (3) (93) Value of Saving achieved at Outturn £000 | (10) Delayed Savings | (30) (60) Savings deemed Unachievable | 30 30 70 | 0 | Savings target too high, E20k is more achievable but this year has been affected by Covid. Covid has prevented this happening so saving is unachievable now Achieved Achieved ASSESSMENT of Progress No further investments in commercial |

| Exchequer savings | (20) | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (20) | | 20 | | Due to a decision to halt the removal of cheques as a payment option in the light of Covid 19. |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|---|--|
| Discretionary fees & charges | (1) | | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | | | | | Achieved |
| RES - Senior Officer reduction | (60) | | (60) | (60) | (60) | (60) | | | | | Achieved |
| Disinvest from top-up on discretionary business rate relief scheme | (37) | | (37) | (37) | (37) | (37) | | | | | Achieved |
| RESOURCES Budgeted Savings Total 2020-21 | (418) | 0 | (198) | (198) | (198) | (198) | (220) | 0 | 220 | 0 | |
| Corporate Costs & Levies | 2020/21 Budgeted Savings | Value of Saving forecast at Month 2 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 5 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 7 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 9 | Value of Saving achieved at Outturn | Delayed Savings | Savings deemed Unachievable | | | ASSESSMENT of Progress |
| | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | | | Ashianad |
| Freeze pension contribution rate at 23.1% for next two years | (370) | (370) | (370) | (370) | (370) | (370) | | | | | Achieved |
| Review of the full-cost corporate costs and insurance budgets | (50) | (50) | (50) | (50) | (50) | (50) | | | | | Achieved |
| Living Wage Budget Reduction | (42) | (42) | (42) | (42) | (42) | (42) | | | | | Achieved |
| Review of in year efficiency savings | (359) | (359) | (359) | (359) | (359) | (359) | | | | | Achieved |
| CORP - Redundancy budget review | (400) | (400) | (400) | (400) | (400) | (400) | | | | | Achieved |
| Housing completions forecast | (258) | (258) | (258) | (258) | (258) | (258) | | | | | Achieved |
| CORPORATE COSTS Budgeted Savings Total 2019-20 | (1,479) | (1,479) | (1,479) | (1,479) | (1,479) | (1,479) | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Appropriations | 2020/21 Budgeted Savings | Value of Saving forecast at Month 2 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 5 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 7 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 9 | Value of Saving achieved at Outturn | Delayed Savings | Savings deemed Unachievable | | | ASSESSMENT of Progress |
| Interest Receivable | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1000 | £000 | | | Achieved |
| Net Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) increase based on additional activity | (204) | (204) | (204) | (204) | (204) | (204) | | | | | Achieved |
| Earmarked treasury eq reserve review | (400) | (400) | (400) | (400) | (400) | (400) | | | | | Achieved |
| APPROPRIATIONS Budgeted Savings Total 2020-21 | (605) | (605) | (605) | (605) | (605) | (605) | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Financing | 2020/21 Budgeted Savings | Value of Saving forecast at Month 2 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 5 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 7 | Value of Saving forecast at Month 9 | Value of Saving achieved at Outturn | Delayed Savings | Savings deemed Unachievable | | | ASSESSMENT of Progress |
| | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | | | |
| FIN - Council tax levels increased based on 2019-20 activity (RES DMT 11/10) | (322) | (322) | (322) | (322) | (322) | (322) | | | | | |
| AEF increase (+1% presumption) | (900) | (900) | (900) | (900) | (900) | (900) | | | | | |
| AEF increase - additional funding resulting from provisional settlement | (1,076) | (1,076) | (1,076) | (1,076) | (1,076) | (1,076) | | | | | |
| AEF transfers in - teachers pay, teacherspensions and NHS funded nursing | (1,375) | (1,375) | (1,375) | (1,375) | (1,375) | (1,375) | | | | | |

| AEF funding - assumed 100% WG funding of teachers pay increase - Apr to Aug '20 | (491) | (491) | (491) | (491) | (491) | (491) | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---|---|--|--|--|
| AEF funding - assumed 100% WG funding of teachers pension increase | (689) | (689) | (689) | (689) | (689) | (689) | | | | | |
| Council tax increase to 4.95% | (575) | (575) | (575) | (575) | (575) | (575) | | | | | |
| CTRS 4.95% impact | 66 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 66 | | | | | |
| Council tax increase to 4.95% | (35) | (35) | (35) | (35) | (35) | (35) | | | | | |
| FINANCING Budgeted Savings Total 2020-21 | (5,397) | (5,397) | (5,397) | (5,397) | (5,397) | (5,397) | 0 | 0 | | | |

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Appendix 3 - Capitalisation directive 2020/21

| Directorate | Expenditure | Justifacation to capitalise | Amount £000s |
|-------------|---|--|-----------------|
| ENT | PTU Software - Route/pupil optimisation. | Driving a digital approach | 45 |
| RES | Capitalising work on Payroll and HR replacement system | Driving a digital approach | 29 |
| | Sub-Total Driving a digital approach | | 74 |
| All | Capitalisation of redundancy costs - non-schools Funding the cost of service reconfiguration | | 30 |
| CYP | Capitalisation of redundancy costs -schools | Funding the cost of service reconfiguration | 124 |
| СҮР | Accommodating income decline at Mounton Hse and Inclusion Centre implementation during service provision redesign | Funding the cost of service reconfiguration | 298 |
| CYP | Inclusion centre costs | Funding the cost of service reconfiguration | 50 |
| ENT | Waste Costs - Consultnant costs for new service delivery, bins related to new service. | Funding the cost of service reconfiguration | 95 |
| RES | Innovation Team - Service Transformation/Systems Thinking | Funding the cost of service reconfiguration | 69 |
| SCH | Safeguarding Team additional training & recruitment costs | Funding the cost of service reconfiguration | 45 |
| | Sub-Total Funding the cost of service reconfiguration | | 711 |
| SCH | Joint Local authority working (GWICES, Sc. 33, Frailty, regional safeguarding board, Gwent foster fee harmonisation and care home pooling | Integrating public facing services across two or more public sector bodies | 124 |
| SCH | Deprivation of liberty safeguards | Integrating public facing services across two or more public sector bodies | 66 |
| | Sub-Total Integrating public facing services across two or more public sector bodies | | 190 |
| RES | Audit - Sharing Audit manager with Newport CC | Sharing back-office and administrative services | 37 |
| | Sub-Total Sharing back-office and administrative services | | 37 |
| | Total | | 1,011 |



Appendix 4 - Movement in individual school balances

| School | Balance 1st April 2020 | Movement | Balance 31st March 2021 |
|---|---------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Caldicot School | 179,693 | (409,257) | (229,564) |
| Chepstow School | 63,570 | 23,231 | 86,801 |
| King Henry VIII Comprehensive | 225,700 | (423,196) | (197,496) |
| Monmouth Comprehensive | 462,530 | (676,722) | (214,192) |
| Mounton House Special School | (172,060) | 172,060 | 0 |
| Cross Ash Primary School | (64,157) | (18,313) | (82,470) |
| Durand Primary School | (12,691) | (65,193) | (77,884) |
| Gilwern Primary School | (64,549) | (102,302) | (166,851) |
| Goytre Fawr Primary School | (34,893) | (56,646) | (91,539) |
| Llandogo Primary School | 176,535 | (89,705) | 86,830 |
| Llantilio Pertholey CiW Primary School (VC) | 21,016 | (88,231) | (67,215) |
| Llanvihangel Crucorney Primary School | (49,684) | (54,986) | (104,670) |
| Magor CiW Primary School (VA) | 18,785 | (135,987) | (117,202) |
| Overmonnow Primary School | 33,928 | (75,032) | (41,104) |
| Raglan CiW Primary School (VC) | 33,112 | (141,989) | (108,877) |
| Rogiet Primary School | 4,404 | (82,499) | (78,095) |
| Shirenewton Primary School | (128,890) | (47,356) | (176,246) |
| St Mary's RC Primary School (VA) | 46,518 | (67,378) | (20,860) |
| The Dell Primary School | (3,032) | (45,378) | (48,410) |
| Thornwell Primary School | 47,150 | (112,037) | (64,887) |
| Trellech Primary School | (50,948) | (64,743) | (115,691) |
| Undy Primary School | 145,925 | (152,295) | (6,370) |
| Usk CiW Primary School (VC) | (45,942) | (97,113) | (143,055) |
| Ysgol Gymraeg Y Fenni | 4,408 | (38,775) | (34,367) |
| Archbishop Rowan Williams CiW Primary School (VA) | (83,716) | (122,680) | (206,396) |
| Ysgol Gymraeg Y Ffin | 45,883 | (61,521) | (15,638) |
| Deri View Primary School | (73,956) | (74,153) | (148,109) |
| Cantref Primary School | (105,193) | (94,604) | (199,797) |
| Osbaston CiW Primary School (VC) | 11,250 | (51,859) | (40,609) |
| Dewstow Primary School | (136,455) | (101,356) | (237,811) |
| Our Lady & St Michael's (OLSM) RC Primary School (VA) | (15,859) | (38,534) | (54,393) |
| Pembroke Primary School | (1,205) | (124,302) | (125,507) |
| Kymin View Primary School | (37,955) | (97,350) | (135,305) |
| Llanfoist Fawr Primary School | (24,871) | (68,562) | (93,433) |
| Castle Park Primary School | (2,153) | (119,700) | (121,853) |
| Pupil Referral Unit | 22,931 | (48,943) | (26,012) |
| Total | 435,129 | (3,853,406) | (3,418,277) |



| | SELECT | CODE | PROJECT DESCRIPTION | PROJECT SCHEME CATEGORY | TOTAL APPROVED BUDGET | APPROVED SLIPPAGE | Reason Project has been delayed against original budgeted profile | Was delay Authority Controllable? |
|--------|--------|-------|---|--|-----------------------------|----------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| | E&D | 90325 | Asset Investment Fund | Development Schemes Over £250k | 19,222,294.00 | | Investments delayed due to Covid | No - Covid Delays |
| | SCH | 90328 | Crick Road Care Home | Development Schemes Over £250k | 5,977,869.73 | | Delayed due to wider Covid 19 impacts | No - Covid Delays |
| | SCOMM | 90334 | RE:FIT Programme | Development Schemes Over £250k | 2,031,329.43 | 2,031,329.43 | Delayed by Covid - will start in 21-22 once access to buildings is granted. | No - Covid Delays |
| Ī | E&D | 90041 | Capital Region City Deal | Development Schemes Over £250k | 952,487.29 | 829,625.63 | Funding not required in 20-21 | No |
| | SCOMM | 90317 | Usk County Hall J Block Major Refurb | Development Schemes Over £250k | 794,471.26 | 773,617.26 | Covid has halted the construction of new car park. | No - Covid Delays |
| | SCOMM | 90330 | Abergavenny Borough Theatre Works | Development Schemes Over £250k | 385,724.50 | 239,489.47 | Covid has delayed the internal structural refurbishment until 21-22. | No - Covid Delays |
| Ī | SCOMM | 98852 | Car Park Improvements/Refurb | Development Schemes Over £250k | 149,772.00 | 149,772.00 | Works delayed by Covid | No - Covid Delays |
| | SCOMM | 90321 | Abergavenny Community Hub Development | Development Schemes Over £250k | 1,024,462.46 | | Covid has delayed the external painting until 21-22. | No - Covid Delays |
| Ī | E&D | 90320 | Caerwent House, Major Repairs | Development Schemes Over £250k | 50,800.00 | 50,800.00 | Funding not required in 20-21 | No |
| | | 98218 | Schools Improvement Grant 1819 | Development Schemes Over £250k | 180,105.64 | | £89k to be used to offset 98901 | No - Covid Delays |
| | | 90333 | Chepstow LC Feasibility Study | Development Schemes Over £250k | 30,000.00 | | Project delayed due to Covid | No - Covid Delays |
| | CYP | 98906 | Caldicot Cluster Project | Development Schemes Over £250k | 20,000.00 | 4,280.89 | This is fully committed and will be used for projects in 2021-22 | No - Covid Delays |
| | CYP | 98219 | Upgrade School Kitchens | Development Schemes Under £250k - Essential Works | 71,066.75 | | Delayed due to Covid 19 restrictions | No - Covid Delays |
| | SCOMM | 98060 | Fixed Asset disposal costs | Development Schemes Under £250k - Essential Works | 277,369.50 | | Not all funding required in 20-21. | No |
| U | SCOMM | 91100 | Access For All | Development Schemes Under £250k - Other Recommend | 500,000.00 | 184,941.00 | Access to buildings affected by Covid. | No - Covid Delays |
| 26 aue | SCOMM | 98826 | Car Park Granville St & Wyebridge St | Development Schemes Under £250k - Other Recommend | 184,254.02 | 177,989.02 | Construction delayed by Covid and ecological and drainage surveys - works are now due to begin in June so budget needs to be slipped. | No |
| ١ | CYP | 98845 | King Henry VIII - Future Schools Tranche B | Education Strategic Review | 14,333,333.00 | 14,092,048.56 | This is fully committed and will be used for band B in 2021-22 onwards | No - Covid Delays |
| | CYP | 96632 | 21st Century Schools Team | Education Strategic Review | 638,678.32 | 572,302.18 | This is fully committed and will be used for projects in 2021-22 | No - Covid Delays |
| - | CYP | 98621 | ESR: Access For All | Education Strategic Review | 96,207.91 | 53,142.18 | This is fully committed and will be used for projects in 2021-22 | No - Covid Delays |
| | | 98681 | Monmouth Leisure Centre/Pool Redesign | Education Strategic Review | 42,088.97 | | Fully Committed | No - Covid Delays |
| | SCOMM | 97369 | Highways OPS: Minor improvements | Infrastructure | 812,000.00 | 812,000.00 | Projects have been delayed by a mixture of Covid and weather. Resources have been redirected to deal with flooding matters that have been separately funded by WG grants - request to slip into 21-22 to help offset known pressures in the programme. | No - Covid & Weather Delays |
| | SCOMM | | Reconstruction of Bridges & Retaining Walls | Infrastructure | 399,041.00 | 278,209.34 | | |
| | SCOMM | | Signing Upgrades And Disabled Facilities | Infrastructure | 38,091.00 | 38,091.00 | | |
| | SCOMM | | Safety Fence Upgrades | Infrastructure | 66,181.00 | 26,196.00 | | |
| ļ | SCOMM | | Structural Repairs - PROW | Infrastructure | 60,091.33 | | | |
| ļ | SCOMM | | Mounton Road Footpath | Infrastructure | 17,837.00 | 17,837.00 | | |
| L | SCOMM | 97352 | Road Safety & Trafficman Programme | Infrastructure | 114,508.00 | 5,094.94 | | |

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SCOMM 99523 Recycling Vehicles and Boxes Infrastructure 261.021.68 261,021.68 Part of green waste service reconfiguration, No plant & equipment will be purchased in 21-22 so budget needs to be slipped. Council Chamber IT equipment replacement & SCOMM 90900 Infrastructure 200,000.00 200,000.00 Refurbishment delayed by Covid. No - Covid Delays building works New Street Lighting Enhancement Project SCOMM 97379 542.742.76 133,372.74 Part of Salix Loan - unspent budget will be Yes - Replacement Infrastructure needed in 21-22 to complete LED programme was always installation programme going to extend into 21-22 Penyrhiw Sewage Treatment Works 100.000.00 Delayed due to Covid 19 restrictions No - Covid Delays SCOMM 97389 Infrastructure 100.000.00 SCOMM 97388 Shirenewton Sewage Treatment Infrastructure 100,000.00 99,385.00 Delayed due to Covid 19 restrictions No - Covid Delays F&D 96636 SRS administered network and infrastructure IT Schemes - Infrastructure/Hardware 170.000.00 170.000.00 Developments delayed by Covid No - Covid Delays replacement E&D 96634 Windows 10 Laptops 112,630.80 112,630.80 Supply affected by Covid - slippage No - Covid Delays IT Schemes - Infrastructure/Hardware requested into 21-22 SCOMM 96621 Provision of online facilities Revenue's section IT Schemes - Infrastructure/Hardware 13,000.00 13,000.00 System development delayed. No - Covid Delays CYP 98226 School Refurbishment Grant Maintenance Schemes - General 644.843.25 415,071.79 This is fully committed and will be used for No - Covid Delays projects in 2021-22 215,328.20 Delayed due to Covid 19 restrictions SCOMM 98059 County Farms Maintenance & Reinvestment Maintenance Schemes - General 348,136.19 No - Covid Delays 9,858.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School CYP 95860 Various Schools - Legionella remedial works Mechanical Services 10,000.00 No - Covid Delays Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95227 Trellech Primary - Refurbish kitchen & upgrade Property - DECORATION 135.754.00 135,754.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Refurbishment Grant equipment SCOMM 95228 Usk Primary - Replacement of defective dining 5.506.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School Property - DECORATION 5.506.00 N/A Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 98860 Various properties: Rectification after Fixed Wire Property - Electrical Services 84,554.04 68,785.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95219 Shirenewton Primary - Replace End of life EMS Property - Electrical Services 36,700.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School 36.700.00 N/A Wireless Fire Alarm Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95220 Thornwell Primary - Provision of lighting to foot path Property - Electrical Services 33.276.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School 33.276.00 N/A main entrance including additional ductwork Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95218 Osbaston Primary - Replace End of life EMS Property - Electrical Services 31,700.00 31,700.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Wireless Fire Alarm Refurbishment Grant Osbaston Primary - Provision of lighting to foot path Property - Electrical Services SCOMM 95217 23.240.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School 23.240.00 N/A between buildings including additional ductwork Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95215 Chepstow Comprehensive - Change Federal Property - Electrical Services 16,724.00 16,724.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Electric Sub mains boards to MCCB Panel. Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95241 Ysgol Y-Fenni School Lighting Enhancement Property - Electrical Services 10,625.00 10.389.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95174 Various properties - Works to ensure safe access Property - External Areas 75.000.00 40,702.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Refurbishment Grant to school properties SCOMM 95236 Monmouth Leisure Centre - Upgrade car park area 39,168.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Property - External Areas 39,168.00 Refurbishment Grant Undy Primary - Repairs to uneven pathways & 18.205.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School SCOMM 95238 Property - External Areas 18.205.00 N/A Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95175 Various properties - Repair to boundary walls for 14,703.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School Property - External Areas 15.000.00 N/A Refurbishment Grant health & safety reasons Raglan Depot - Relay drainage to septic tank SCOMM 95237 Property - External Areas 3,000.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A 3,000.00 Refurbishment Grant Caldicot Castle - Commencement of Phase 2 works Property - External Walls, Doors & 91.679.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School SCOMM 95188 91.679.00 N/A to deweed & conserve ancient walls Windows Refurbishment Grant

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SCOMM 95195 Various Properties - Continue works to safely Property - External Walls, Doors & 50.000.00 44,929.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A remove asbestos materials in conjunction with Windows Refurbishment Grant survevs & site works SCOMM 95126 Abergavenny Castle - Rolling works to deweed & Property - External Walls, Doors & 12,728.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A 14,728.00 maintain ancient walls Windows Refurbishment Grant St Marys Primary - Replacement of floor year 3/4 Property - Floors & Stairs 4.183.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School SCOMM 95187 4.183.00 N/A Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95242 Usk J Block Wall & Floor Repair Property - Internal Walls & Doors 87.271.00 81.877.24 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95197 Thornwell Primary - Refurbishment of toilet areas Property - Internal Walls & Doors 48,530.00 48,530.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Refurbishment Grant Magor Primary - Refurbishment of toilet areas Property - Internal Walls & Doors 48.503.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School SCOMM 95198 48.503.00 N/A Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95196 Various Properties -Continue works to upgrade Property - Internal Walls & Doors 40,000.00 40,000.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A wall, doors & screens as recommended in fire risk Refurbishment Grant assessment reports SCOMM 95011 Various properties - refurbish & upgrade fire doors Property - Internal Walls & Doors 23.384.00 25.013.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A & screens Refurbishment Grant Aber Market - Repair & Dec Corn Exh SCOMM 95839 Property - Internal Walls & Doors 17,217.00 2,902.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 98720 Various Sites - Replace out of date air conditioning 40,000.00 29,326.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Property - Mechanical Services Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95096 Various properties: Legionella remedial works Property - Mechanical Services 27,251.00 25.550.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Refurbishment Grant 24,446.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School SCOMM 95144 Caldicot Leisure Centre - Water mains replacement Property - Mechanical Services 24.446.00 N/A U Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95212 Various properties - BMS upgrade - controls to new Property - Mechanical Services 20,000.00 20,000.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Refurbishment Grant Trend System Shire Hall - Replacement of boiler(s) Property - Mechanical Services 17.250.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School SCOMM 95211 18.000.00 N/A Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95204 Chepstow Comprehensive - New water heaters 15.000.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School Property - Mechanical Services 15.000.00 N/A Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95203 Castle Park -Upgrade flow sensor to return pipe in Property - Mechanical Services 6,099.00 2,074.28 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95205 Chepstow Comprehensive - Upgrade underfloor 1.789.67 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School Property - Mechanical Services 4,592.00 N/A Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95180 Chepstow Museum - Investigate & repair roof leaks Property - Roofs 50,000.00 50,000.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A to stack & flat roof Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95183 Usk Primary - Replace defective guttering & 17,861.00 17,861.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School Property - Roofs N/A downpipes Refurbishment Grant Innovation House Magor - Roofing Property - SANITARY SERVICES 80.235.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School SCOMM 94985 231,796,00 N/A Refurbishment Grant Property - SANITARY SERVICES SCOMM 95201 Caldicot Leisure Centre - Renew mains water 50.000.00 50,000,00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Refurbishment Grant agig vlagus County Hall - Refurbishment & form new shower 33,735.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School SCOMM 95200 Property - SANITARY SERVICES 34,085.00 N/A facilities in the PTU building Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 95138 Osbaston Primary - Upgrade infants toilets Property - SANITARY SERVICES 16.441.00 16.441.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Refurbishment Grant SCOMM 94984 Chepstow Comprehensive – Replacement of Water | Property - SANITARY SERVICES 13.000.00 13,000.00 Slip - Expenditure reallocated via School N/A Refurbishment Grant Heaters. SCOMM 99202 Disabled Facilities Grants (Private) 601,571.62 Covid delayed works due to access issues -No - Covid Delays Renovation Grants 1,075,402.99 slippage requested to help cope with backlog in 21-22.

age C SCOMM 90904 S106 - Chippenham Mead Play Area Section 106 111.421.00 111.421.00 Scheme not started. SCOMM 90850 S106 - Lion Street Works Section 106 168.304.84 96,966.65 Works have been delayed by design and Nο SABS requirement from WG - slippage requested to help fund works in 21-22 S106 – ALN Overmonnow Special Needs Resource Section 106 CYP 90870 201,000.00 87,263.00 This is fully committed and will be used for Yes ALN projects in 2021-22 53.000.00 Scheme not started. SCOMM 90905 S106 - Clydach Ironworks Enhancement Scheme 53.000.00 Section 106 No SCOMM 90827 S106 Destination Play Area (Monmouth) Section 106 49,741.26 Scheme not started. 49.741.26 No SCOMM 90902 S106 – Linda Vista Gardens Section 106 30,000.00 30,000.00 Scheme not started. No S106 - Rockfield Central Open Space and Play SCOMM 90890 Section 106 29,000.00 Awaiting Cabinet Report 29,000.00 No Area (Wonastow Road) S106 Little Mill Trail (Little Mill) SCOMM 90831 Section 106 27.636.22 27,636.22 Awaiting planning permission. Project will Nο continue in 2021/22 SCOMM 90882 S106 Children's Voices in Play Project (Forensic Section 106 25,000.00 Scheme not started. 25,000.00 No Science Lab) S106 - Monmouth Allotments (Wonastow Road) SCOMM 90889 Section 106 25,000.00 25,000.00 Works Delayed due to Covid No - Covid Delays SCOMM 90903 S106 – Abergavenny Skate Park Section 106 25,000.00 25,000.00 Scheme not started. No SCOMM 98881 Cae Meldon S106 Off Site Recreation Section 106 23,020.00 23,020.00 Held up by A465 duelling works. No SCOMM 90844 S106 Llanelly Hill Welfare Car Park (Cae Meldon) Section 106 22.441.00 22.441.00 Unspent - allocation to be reviewed in Nο 2021/22 SCOMM 90891 S106 - Capel Ed Chapel Internal Alterations 20,000.00 Works Delayed due to Covid No - Covid Delays Section 106 20,000.00 (School Lane Goytre) S106 Gilwern Towpath Upgrade (Cae Meldon) SCOMM 90839 Section 106 18.000.00 18.000.00 Unspent - allocation to be reviewed in No 2021/22 SCOMM 90854 13.645.29 Scheme not started. S106 Wyesham Highways Road Safety Section 106 13.645.29 No Improvements Warrenslade Woodland Management No - Covid Delays E&D 90885 Section 106 9,569.20 9,119.20 Works delayed by Covid 90883 Magor Walking Routes, Access & Promotion Section 106 4,608.00 Works delayed by Covid No - Covid Delays E&D 4,608.00 SCOMM 90842 S106 Gilwern OEC (Cae Meldon) Section 106 4.190.46 Majority of works complete - slight delay No - Covid Delays 4,190.46 due to Covid 2,669.00 Works Delayed due to Covid Section 106 SCOMM 90898 S106 - Mardy Growing Space Group (Croesonen 24.669.00 No - Covid Delays Farm - Infants School) S106 -Monmouth Leisure Centre 3G MUGA SCOMM 90887 21,528.00 2,255.00 Majority of works complete - slight delay Section 106 No resurfacing (Wonastow Road) due to Covid S106 - Goytre Scouts - Kayaking Resources SCOMM 90895 Section 106 20.658.00 2,066.00 Works Delayed due to Covid No - Covid Delays (School Lane Goytre) SCOMM 90894 S106 - Goytre Primary School Environmental Section 106 1.885.00 Works Delayed due to Covid No - Covid Delays 30.870.00 Sustainability (School Lane Goytre) SCOMM 90892 S106 - Goytre Community Garden (Pleasant R -Section 106 1,425.00 1,425.00 Works Delayed due to Covid No - Covid Delays School Lane Goytre) S106 - Pen Y Fal Footbridge Major Maintenance SCOMM 90868 Section 106 950.00 950.00 Scheme not started. Nο WG - Flood Recovery Grant 2021 SCOMM 99229 1.973.224.96 826,853.00 Repair work has been delayed due to Covid No - Covid & Weather Specific Grant Funded & weather, WG have given permission to Delavs use in 21-22 to clear backlog. SCOMM 99207 SLSP Programme - AONB Office Specific Grant Funded 128.700.00 107.860.83 Delayed No Monmouthshire Infrastructure & Place SCOMM 97392 Specific Grant Funded 200,000.00 24,759.29 Not all allocation was required in 20-21, Nο Regeneration schemes to continue in 21-22 so slippage

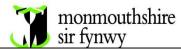
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| SCOMM | 98861 | WELTEG Chepstow Transport Study 2020-21 | Specific Grant Funded | 212,500.00 | 9,670.46 | Scheme to extend into 21-22 - slippage | Yes - Scheme was |
|-------|-------|---|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|--|------------------------|
| | | | | | | required to help fund our match | always going to extend |
| | | | | | | contribution. | into 21-22 |
| | | Total | | 57 045 462 05 | 49 919 829 46 | | |

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Agenda Item 3d



SUBJECT: UK Government Funding Opportunities: Levelling

Up Fund and Community Renewal Fund

MEETING: CABINET

DATE: 09th June 2021

DIVISION/WARDS AFFECTED: ALL

1. PURPOSE:

To consider the Council's proposals for the submission into two UK Government funding opportunities; Levelling Up Fund and Community Renewal Fund and provide a strategic overview of the emerging projects and priority areas.

2. RECOMMENDATIONS:

2.1 To endorse the strategic direction of travel as set out within the report and to note the bid criteria and deadlines which define the shape of the projects that are eligible for submission.

3. KEY ISSUES:

- 3.1 The UK Government has launched three investment programmes which aim to level up communities across the country. These new investment programmes are:
 - The UK Community Renewal Fund
 - The Levelling up Fund
 - The Community Ownership Fund (launch anticipated later this year)

3.2 The UK Community Renewal Fund (CRF):

- 3.2.1 UK Government is providing £220 million of funding, for 2021/22, to help local areas prepare for the launch of the UK Shared Prosperity fund in 2022. This fund aims to support people and communities most in need across the UK, to pilot programmes and new approaches, that will invest in skills, community and place, local business, and supporting people into employment.
- 3.2.2 The European Union Structural Funds end in 2023 following the UK's exit from the European Union. UK Government has committed to at least matching the EU receipts through the UK Shared Prosperity Fund, which will average around £1.5 billion per annum and will publish an Investment Framework for the UK Shared Prosperity Fund later this year.
- 3.2.3 UK CRF is a capacity building fund to pilot projects within this financial year and look to tackle challenges and trial new approaches and ideas at a local level. The Fund provides an opportunity to help build upon creating a safer, greener, more prosperous, and neighbourly country as we emerge from the COVID 19 pandemic.

3.3 Funding priorities and Criteria:

- 3.3.1 The UK CRF is designed to explore how to tackle local and unique challenges whilst addressing four UK Government Investment priorities:
 - Investment in skills
 Page 101
 - Investment for local business

- Investment in communities and place
- Supporting people into employment

The projects also need to build on local insight and knowledge and demonstrate a contribution to net zero carbon objectives or wider environmental considerations. This can include low or zero carbon best practice, adopting and supporting innovative clean technology where possible, supporting growing skills and supply chains in support of net zero where possible.

3.3.2 Strategic Alignment and Complementarity

As set out within the UK CRF prospectus, projects need to be able to evidence their strategic fit and link to local economic and business need; target people most in need and support community renewal.

3.3.3 Eligibility Criteria

Each Local Authority is the lead body for the submission of proposals to UK Government and will be responsible for the administration of up to £3 million to support the priorities set out. There are several eligibility criteria that must be met including (but not limited to):

- Projects to be delivered by a legally constituted organisation that can receive public funds;
- Evidence wider impact for multiple individuals, businesses, or other organisations
 bids from single businesses will not be accepted.
- Maximise impact and deliverability through larger projects (£500k) where possible;
- 90% revenue/10% capital funding overall, bids to calibrate accordingly;
- Maximum cap of £3m per Local Authority area;
- Complete delivery of activity and reach financial conclusion by 31 March 2022

3.4 Timeline

- 3.4.1 The timeline for the preparation of bids and submissions to UK Government is challenging. The bid development timeline is as follows:
 - The fund was opened to applications from local businesses, groups, voluntary and community sector organisations and internal departments across the County on Wednesday 21st April 2021 and the application window closed at 17:00 on Friday 14th May;
 - Appraisals were undertaken by officers within MCC and the Vale of Usk Local Action Group, who oversee the administration of the Rural Development Programme, on the 27th May 2021;
 - Projects must be shortlisted and prioritised to a maximum value of £3m.
 - MCC must submit shortlisted projects to UK Government by noon on 18th June 2021.
 - UK Government will assess the proposals and select projects based on the criteria
 it is estimated that this will happen in July 2021;
 - Subject to funding being awarded by UK Government, MCC will issue Grant agreements to successful bidders and will undertake monitoring and assurance activity.

3.5 **Applications Overview**

3.5.1 A total of 20 applications have been received from a wide variety of local groups, voluntary and community sector organisations, businesses and internal departments totalling £4,166,546. These papers need to be shortlisted and prioritised to the maximum value of £3m.

The quality of submissions has been excellent, and the projects range from:

- Digital marketing training and mentoring package for local businesses;
- Support for social housing providers with a particular emphasis on 'greener energy' optimisation and apprenticeship opportunities;
- A range of business support packages;
- Technology to support cleaner, greener communities;
- Feasibility studies for leisure and heritage sites;
- Support for the sustainability of community activities and events;
- Regional approach to employment skills;
- Community arts for young people;
- Integrated well-being provision;
- Data poverty trials;
- Collaborative approaches to sustainable food development.

3.6 The Levelling Up Fund (LUF)

- 3.6.1 The £4.8 billion Levelling Up Fund which is available until 2024/25, will invest in infrastructure that improves everyday life across the UK, including regenerating town centres and high streets, upgrading local transport, and investing in cultural and heritage assets.
- 3.6.2 The UK LUF is open to all local areas in the UK and funding will be prioritised for areas which have the most significant need referenced by a priority category. In the first round of funding, the LUF will also prioritise projects which will be able to demonstrate investment or "begin delivery on the ground" (also termed "shovel ready") in the 2021/22 financial year.
- 3.6.3 The LUF can be used by Local Authorities to invest in:
 - Transport investments including (but not limited to) public transport, active travel, bridge repairs, bus priority lanes, local road improvements and major structural maintenance, and accessibility improvements. UK Government are requesting proposals for high-impact small, medium and, by exception, larger local transport schemes to reduce carbon emissions, improve air quality, cut congestion, support economic growth, and improve the experience of transport users.
 - Regeneration and town centre investment, building on the Towns Fund framework (this fund was not available in Wales) to upgrade eyesore buildings and dated infrastructure, acquire and regenerate brownfield sites, invest in secure community infrastructure and crime reduction, and bring public services and safe community spaces into town and city centres.
 - Cultural investment maintaining, regenerating, or creatively repurposing museums, galleries, visitor attractions (and associated green spaces) and heritage assets as well as creating new community-owned spaces to support the arts and serve as cultural spaces.
- 3.6.4 Capacity funding of £125k will be allocated to each local authority in Wales to help support the development of high quality of bids to the fund and ensure that investment is targeted where it is needed most.

- 3.7.1 Members of Parliament, as democratically elected representatives of the area can back one bid that they see as a priority (transport related bids are in addition). The number of bids that a local authority can make will relate to the number of MPs in their area. For Monmouthshire County Council we can submit three bids as follows:
 - Monmouth Constituency
 - Newport East Constituency
 - Transport
- 3.7.2 Each bid can total up to £20m Capital funding only and in exceptional circumstances a transport bid may range between £20m and £50m.
- 3.7.3 Each local authority has been categorised as measured by an index taking into account the following place characteristics:
 - Need for economic recovery and growth;
 - Need for improved transport connectivity; and,
 - Need for regeneration.

Local Authorities have been placed into a category of 1, 2, or 3 with category 1 representing places with the highest levels of identified need. These bandings will form part of the criteria for assessing bids. While preference will be given to bids from higher priority areas, the bandings do not represent eligibility criteria, nor the amount or number of bids a place can submit. Bids from categories 2 and 3 will still be considered for funding on their merits of deliverability, value for money and strategic fit, and could still be successful if they are of exceptionally high quality.

3.7.4 Monmouthshire County Council has been placed in category 3. The Levelling Up Fund prioritisation of places methodology note can be found here:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/levelling-up-fund-additional-documents/levelling-up-fund-prioritisation-of-places-methodology-note

3.7.5 A minimum contribution of 10% match funding must be included in the bid. This can come from a local authority or other third party (public or private sector). This match funding cannot be "time in kind."

3.8 Timeline

- 3.8.1 Bids must be submitted to UK Government by noon on the 18th June 2021 and UK Government have given an indication that they will make an announcement on the successful bids by the end of Summer/ early Autumn this year.
- 3.8.2 All funding provided by LUF must be spent by 31st March 2025.
- 3.8.3 Further detail on how future rounds of the LUF will operate from 2022/23 onwards are expected later this year.
- 3.8.4 If we are successful in securing both bids, we are unable to bid again or extend our bid within the programme. If we are unsuccessful in this funding round, we will receive feedback from UK Government on the bid/s submissions and will be able to resubmit them in future rounds.

- 3.9.1 Consideration has been given to the LUF prospectus, criteria, and eligibility along with our local strategic priorities to determine projects that would be suitable for submission to UK Government in line with the timelines set out.
- 3.9.2 An extensive list of options was initially prepared by officers and this was quickly reduced to focus on two geographical areas in Monmouthshire, in particular Monmouth Town Centre and Caldicot Town Centre.
- 3.9.3 ARUP consultancy has been commissioned to support officers in the preparation of the Monmouth LUF bid (Monmouth constituency) and Chris Jones has been commissioned to support the preparation of the Caldicot bid (Newport East constituency).
- 3.9.4 <u>Monmouth</u> Each package bid may include up to three individual projects, but 'weak' projects may jeopardise the chance of success of the bid overall. At this stage projects being considered are:
 - Shire Hall development;
 - Future use of Market Hall;
 - Monnow Street / Town Centre public realm design/enhancement:
 - Blestium Street project (prepared in 2014);
 - Active travel demands (over and above projects supported by WG funding).

A risk assessment is being undertaken to establish which projects to include and which to simply refer to within the bid.

- 3.9.5 <u>Caldicot</u> Again when submitting a package bid, three projects may be included. At this stage projects being considered include:
 - Newport Road (Town centre) public realm refurbishment;
 - Leisure Centre and skate park modernisation;
 - Future Castle and countryside park offer;
 - Town Centre property acquisition/enhancement;
 - Active Travel links.

A risk assessment will establish which projects should form part of the bid.

- 3.9.6 <u>Transport</u> Early discussions have taken place with Forest of Dean colleagues and further conversations are anticipated with Gloucestershire County Council members and officers to establish support for a joint bid for the continuation of the Chepstow Transport study (road solutions). At this time, it is considered impractical to deliver any significant road infrastructure works (bypass) within the LUF timescales. Therefore, a transport bid is not being pursued for the June 18th 2021 deadline. (Although separate funding has been obtained from WG in 21/22 to fund a WelTAG stage 3 report into public transport options). A transport bid can be submitted within the next round and officers will continue to consider options that can be prepared that are in line with the eligibility criteria and delivered in their entirety by 2024/25.
- 4. EQUALITY AND FUTURE GENERATIONS EVALUATION (INCLUDES SOCIAL JUSTICE, SAFEGUARDING AND CORPORATE PARENTING):
- 4.1 The proposals and projects demonstrate compliance with the well-being five ways of working, support the well-being goals and associated activities are expected to have a positive impact on all groups and people with protected characteristics.

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5. OPTIONS APPRAISAL

5.1 An options appraisal has been undertaken in Table One below.

Table One: Options Appraisal

| Option | Benefits | Risks | Comments |
|--|---|--|--|
| Do nothing | None identified | Local communities will not be able to access funding to trial some new innovative schemes; Local communities and businesses could miss out on the opportunity to see their local area being developed; Local businesses will risk closure; Current shift towards sustainable modes of transport and active travel activities may be lost. | |
| Proceed with proposed developing proposals | Opportunity to capitalise on the renewed sense of community and place; Opportunity to trial new and innovative approaches that will benefit local communities; Opportunity for local High Streets to benefit from those workers working from home and the potential for them to shop locally; Opportunity to reimagine and re-energise our town centres for future generations. Opportunity to provide a strong visitor offer in two of our towns. Opportunity to modernise our leisure and play offer in Caldicot. Opportunity to improve placemaking and support Active Travel, supporting wellbeing and reducing carbon emissions. | Some changes may be misunderstood so a strong communications campaign will be required to mitigate uncertainties; Some residents will be resistant to change which may invoke local tensions; A cultural change will be needed to accept that the car is no longer king and active travel links will be prioritised. | An opportunity to reinvigorate and reimagine our town centres. |

6. REASONS

- 6.1 The UK is continuing to live through unprecedented times. As the country moves forward and life starts to return to a semblance of normality or move to living with COVID and a "new normality," there will be continuing uncertainty for our communities and local businesses.
- As a Council, the Strategic Aims of the new 'Plan on a Page' for Spring and Summer 2021, clearly support the aspirations of these projects and bids. The outline proposals and projects detailed in this report provide an overview of the UK CRF and LUF proposals

which will support our citizens, businesses, and communities along the road to financial recovery.

7. RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS

- 7.1 The full programme of LUF projects is yet to be determined and as a result, yet to be fully costed. Time has not allowed for all proposals to be fully costed in any detail in time for this report. However, as the bids are developed for the 18th June 2021 this will be determined.
- 7.2 Below are high level estimates of project costs at the time of writing but the full and final bid will include only those projects from these lists which are considered sufficiently robust enough such that they will not jeopardise the bid overall. As the bid preparation progresses up to 18th June the estimates will be further refined so these estimates are simply indicative of the gross cost at this time and may vary significantly as projects are specified in greater detail:
 - Shire Hall development; £2.6m
 - Future use of Market Hall: £500k
 - Monnow Street / Town Centre public realm design/enhancement; £3.5m
 - Blestium Street project (prepared in 2014); £3.5m
 - Active travel demands (over and above projects supported by WG funding). N/A
 - Newport Road (Town centre) public realm –refurbishment; £3.0m
 - Leisure Centre and skate park modernisation; £8.0m
 - Future Castle and countryside park offer; £500k
 - Town Centre property acquisition/enhancement; £5.0m
 - Active travel links. (Newport Road west) £2.0m
- 7.3 As set out within section 3.7.5 the LUF bids also require a minimum 10% match funding contribution. This match funding can come from a local authority or other third party (public or private sector) and must be included as match funding in the bid. This match funding cannot be "time in kind."
- 7.3 At this stage the preparation of the LUF bids requires significant MCC officer time and support from specialist consultancies. This is estimated to cost no more than £50,000 and will be funded from the LUF budget made available to each authority to support the preparation of bids and any subsequent works required.
- 7.4 Should either of the bids be successful then there will be further demands upon MCC officers and consultancy support to turn the bids into successful delivery within the timescales of the LUF process. The 3rd party costs will be estimated within the LUF bids. A successful bid will include funding from LUF, other grants and MCC capital. In the event of the bids being successful then reports will be prepared to establish MCC capital funding in support of the bids.
- 7.5 In contrast, the UK CRF bids are 100% funded and therefore there are no match funding requirements however 'in kind' MCC Officer support will be provided to maximise their success.

8. CONSULTEES

- MP's;
- Strategic Leadership Tean Rage 107

Cabinet;

9. BACKGROUND PAPERS

https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/new-levelling-up-and-community-investments

10. AUTHORS:

Frances O'Brien, Chief Officer Enterprise

Lead officers

Cath Fallon, Head of Enterprise and Community Animation
Mark Hand, Head of Placemaking, Regeneration, Highways and Flooding
Roger Hoggins, Head of Strategic Projects
Ian Saunders, Chief Operating Officer Monlife

11. CONTACT DETAILS:

E-mail: francesobrien@monmouthshire.gov.uk

Tel: 01633 644686

Appendix B



Future Generations Evaluation (includes Equalities and Sustainability Impact

| Name of the Officer Frances O'Brien | UK Government Funding Opportunities |
|---|---|
| Phone no: 01633 644686 E-mail: francesobrien@monmouthshire.gov.uk | |
| Name of Service: Enterprise | Date: Future Generations Evaluation 27th May 2021 |
| D a | |

NB. Key strategies and documents that may help you identify your contribution to the wellbeing goals and sustainable development principles include: Single Integrated Plan, Continuance Agreement, Improvement Plan, Local Development Plan, People Strategy, Asset Management Plan, Green Infrastructure SPG, Welsh Language Standards, etc.

1. Does your proposal deliver any of the well-being goals below?

| Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--|---|--|
| A prosperous Wales Efficient use of resources, skilled, educated people, generates wealth, provides jobs | Positive: Providing the infrastructure to enable citizens to enable communities to thrive and support local businesses. | There is a strategic imperative to maximise our economic growth and wealth creation capability, and increase our productivity in order to increase the GVA for the county and the country. |
| A resilient Wales Maintain and enhance biodiversity and ecosystems that support resilience and | 1. | Improved infrastructure can also enable citizens to walk and cycle thus reducing carbon emissions. |

| Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|---|---|--|
| can adapt to change (e.g., climate change) | of biodiversity and climate change issues and encourage positive participation. | |
| A healthier Wales People's physical and mental wellbeing is maximized and health impacts are understood U U U U U U U U U U U U U | Positive: Improvements to our town centres will help provide increased raise awareness of the benefits of physical activity. Improvements and modernisation of one of our leisure centres will provide the opportunity for increased physical activity and improve mental wellbeing. | Improved place-making and green infrastructure will provide the opportunity to increase physical activity and support physical and mental wellbeing and support Active Travel. |
| A Wales of cohesive communities Communities are attractive, viable, safe | Positive: Improved access to our town centres will promote independence. Negative: We can submit only one bid per political | Improved infrastructure will encourage wider participation in community and voluntary work. Bids must meet the scheme objectives and be |
| and well connected | constituency so some communities may feel left out. | deliverable, which has naturally focused the bid on the proposed projects. |
| A globally responsible Wales Taking account of impact on global well-being when considering local social, economic and environmental wellbeing | Positive: Improved access can raise awareness of these issues and promote positive activity. | |
| A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language Culture, heritage and Welsh language are promoted and protected. People are encouraged to do sport, art and recreation | Positive: Improved access and facilities can raise awareness of culture, heritage and the Welsh language and encourage positive participation. | |

| Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|---|--|---|
| A more equal Wales People can fulfil their potential no matter what their background or circumstances | Positive: Improved access and facilities can enable citizens to fulfill their potential, whatever their background or circumstances. | |

2. How has your proposal embedded and prioritised the sustainable governance principles in its development?

| Sustainable Development | Does your proposal demonstrate you have met this | Are there any additional actions to be taken to |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Principle | principle? If yes, describe how. If not explain why. | mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
| Balancing short | Improved access and facilities within town centres and green | |
| | infrastructure short term will assist with medium- and longer- | |
| term need with long term and planning | term priorities of health, wellbeing and carbon reduction. | |
| for the future | Pilot projects will enable us to shape high quality proposals for | |
| Long Term | the future Shared Prosperity Funding. | |
| Working together | A partnership approach will be undertaken to ensure the best | |
| with other partners | solution for communities can be found. This is likely to be with | |
| to deliver | Welsh Government and a range of public and private sector | |
| objectives | partners including the business community. | |
| Collaboration | | |
| Involving those | Citizens are invited to get involved by participating in the launch | |
| with an interest | , , | |
| and seeking their | | |
| views | have been received and are being evaluated. | |
| Involvement | | |

| Sustainable Principle | le Development | Does your proposal demonstrate you have met this principle? If yes, describe how. If not explain why. | Are there any additional actions to be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|-----------------------|--|--|---|
| Prevention | Putting resources into preventing problems occurring or getting worse | term as more citizens will have access to improved facilities, | Improved physical health and mental wellbeing will reduce demand for medical and health services. |
| Pagration | Considering impact on all wellbeing goals together and on other bodies | Improved infrastructure including access for cyclists and pedestrians will reduce carbon emissions, rural isolation and rural poverty. | |

3. Are your proposals going to affect any people or groups of people with protected characteristics? Please explain the impact, the evidence you have used and any action you are taking below. For more detailed information on the protected characteristics, the Equality Act 2010 and the Welsh Language Standards that apply to Monmouthshire Council please follow this link: http://hub/corporatedocs/Equalities/Forms/AllItems.aspx or contact Alan Burkitt on 01633 644010 or alanburkitt@monmouthshire.gov.uk

| Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | , | |
|------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Age | Improved access and facilities in town centres will reduce the barriers to access for people with protected characteristics. | Any negative impacts can be mitigated if suitable safeguarding strategies are put in place. | Affordable and accessible solutions will be identified to maximise opportunities for all. |
| Disability | As per Age Line Above | As per Age Line above | As per Age Line Above. In addition, the proposals will take the needs of the disabled population into consideration during the development phase. |

| Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|-------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Gender reassignment | As per Age Line Above | As per Age Line above | As per Age Line Above |
| Marriage or civil partnership | As per Age Line Above | As per Age Line above | As per Age Line Above |
| Pregnancy or maternity | As per Age Line Above | As per Age Line above | As per Age Line Above |
| Race | As per Age Line Above | As per Age Line above | As per Age Line Above |
| Religion or Belief | As per Age Line Above | As per Age Line above | As per Age Line Above |
| 96 113 | As per Age Line Above | As per Age Line above | As per Age Line Above |
| Sexual Orientation | As per Age Line Above | As per Age Line above | As per Age Line Above |
| Welsh Language | As per Age Line Above | As per Age Line above | In addition, all signage will be compliant with the Welsh Language (Wales) Measure 2011 as specified in the Standards applied to Monmouthshire |

4. Council has agreed the need to consider the impact its decisions has on important responsibilities of Corporate Parenting and safeguarding. Are your proposals going to affect either of these responsibilities? For more information please see the guidance http://hub/corporatedocs/Democratic%20Services/Safeguarding%20Guidance.docx and for more on Monmouthshire's Corporate Parenting Strategy see http://hub/corporatedocs/SitePages/Corporate%20Parenting%20Strategy.aspx

| | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on safeguarding and corporate parenting | | 1 |
|---------------------|--|---|---|
| Safeguarding | During the delivery of the programme of activities, safeguarding will be at the forefront to ensure that any future service delivery promotes the well-being of children and vulnerable adults, preventing them from being harmed and protecting those who are | suitable safeguarding strategies are put in | |
| Corporate Parenting | at risk of abuse and neglect. During the delivery of this programme of activities the needs of any 'looked after' children will be considered to ensure any future service delivery protects their welfare. | As above | |

5. What evidence and data has informed the development of your proposal?

- The Wellbeing of Future Generations Act;
- The Social Services and Wellbeing (Wales) Act;
- Prosperity for All;
- Growth & Competitiveness Commission Report Review and Recommendations Page 22;
- Cardiff Capital Region "Powering the Welsh Economy";
- Equality Act 2010; and
- Welsh Language (Wales) Measure 2011
- Monmouthshire County Council Corporate Plan 22 for '22
- Shop vacancy data and town centre footfall data
- Active Travel consultation on integrated network maps 2021
- Monmouthshire Local Public Service Board plan priorities and community engagement identifying issues facing our communities
- Future Wales 2040 and the adopted Monmouthshire Local Development Plan 2011-2021
- 6. SUMMARY: As a result of completing this form, what are the main positive and negative impacts of your proposal, how have they informed/changed the development of the proposal so far and what will you be doing in future?

The Assessment demonstrates compliance with the well-being five ways of working, supports the well-being goals and associated activities are expected to have a positive impact on all groups and people with protected characteristics.

7. ACTIONS: As a result of completing this form are there any further actions you will be undertaking? Please detail them below, if applicable.

| What are you going to do | When are you going to do it? | Who is responsible | Progress |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

8. MONITORING: The impacts of this proposal will need to be monitored and reviewed. Please specify the date at which you will evaluate the impact, and where you will report the results of the review.

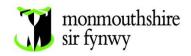
| The impacts of this proposal will be evaluated on: | Monitoring and evaluation requirements will be set out by UK |
|--|--|
| 0 | Government. Subject to any successful funding award internal |
| <u></u> | monitoring requirements can be established. |
| | |

9. VERSION CONTROL: The Future Generations Evaluation should be used at the earliest stages of decision making, and then honed and refined throughout the decision making process. It is important to keep a record of this process so that we can demonstrate how we have considered and built in sustainable development wherever possible.

| Version No. | Decision making stage | Date considered | Brief description of any amendments made following consideration |
|----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 1 | Cabinet | 09 th June 2021 | |

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Agenda Item 3e



SUBJECT: SHIRE HALL / MONMOUTH MUSEUM

MEETING: Cabinet

DATE: 9 June 2021

DIVISION/WARDS AFFECTED: DRYBRIDGE

1. PURPOSE:

- 1.1 To update members with progress on the feasibility study to establish a new cultural destination at the Shire Hall Monmouth including the relocation of the current Monmouth Museum and the review of museum collection storage.
- 1.2 To propose a phased approach to the new provision.

2. **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- 2.1 To note the progress in undertaking a feasibility study to establish a new cultural offer at Shire Hall incorporating the Monmouth Museum and the review of museum collection storage.
- 2.2 To approve the establishment of an initial phase within Shire Hall and to confirm that Monmouth Museum will not reopen in Market Hall.
- 2.3 To reopen key areas of Shire Hall for public use, subject to Covid regulations and any restrictions required to allow the completion of the phase 1 provision incorporating temporary museum displays.
- 2.4 Cabinet recommends to Council a £250,000 contribution from capital receipts to facilitate the initial phase of works, and that in turn will also provide a match funding contribution to the Levelling Up Fund bid for Monmouth that would if successful enable the longer term vision to be achieved.
- 2.5 Future reports be presented to Cabinet as the long term proposals for Shire Hall, Monmouth and for museum collection storage are further developed.

3. KEY ISSUES:

3.1 Undertaking a feasibility study to establish a new cultural offer at Shire Hall incorporating the Monmouth Museum, including consideration of the implementation of an initial phase and options for a second phase to showcase the building and collections was approved in December 2020.

- 3.2 Innes Associates were appointed to undertake the study and it has progressed since January 2021 supported by a project team. Its scope includes examining the feasibility and phasing of an enhanced cultural destination at the Shire Hall, and to support that an assessment of collection storage options across all museum sites.
- 3.3 The study has confirmed the potential to create an exceptional, integrated visitor attraction that engages and inspires existing and new audiences: "Powerful stories will be told about the history of Monmouth, beautiful and intriguing objects will be displayed in a magnificent setting, learning opportunities will be offered to all ages and the attraction will provide the possibility of continued third-party bookings and shopgenerated sales. The project will maximise the value of this heritage asset, enhancing the vibrancy of Monmouthshire and promoting a deeply rooted sense of place".
- 3.4 The overall concept proposes changes to make the approach to the building more open, the entrance foyer larger and more transparent, and a clear transition to the main display area on the first floor. The scheme also creates a new, larger learning space for all ages, maintains bookable and flexible community spaces, continued accommodation for the Town Council and a larger shop / visitor information presence,
- 3.5 This would allow for a new visitor flow on the ground floor, including creating community exhibition and learning spaces. The main displays on the first floor, would use the full room volumes and the circulation spaces. The whole building will be used as a resource for storytelling, fully integrating the historic courtroom and cells into the visitor journey; all intended to create attractive animated spaces for visitors and community use.
- 3.6 The study suggest the building is suitable for museum use and the conversion can be achieved respecting the buildings historic importance and listing. Further detailed work will be required to ensure essential museum environmental conditions, energy efficiency and security standards; to confirm the acceptability of the design details with respect to building conservation requirements; and to refine the cost plan which is currently estimated to be in the region of £2.6M, subject to further detailed design.
- 3.7 In addition the study has reviewed the longer term museum storage strategy, as Shire Hall would only accommodate limited museum storage necessitating further provision elsewhere. The previously approved Museum Forward Plan envisaged a new centralised store, potentially as part of the re-provision of Monmouth museum. After discussion with potential funders, review of likely capital / revenue costs and carbon footprint the preferred option is now a decentralised storage strategy rationalising the use of space and environmentally controlled storage across all of the museums sites, supported by expanded off site stores. The museum storage strategy will be subject to further consideration by Cabinet.
- 3.8 This approach involves utilising the former conservation labs in Chepstow museum as stores and considering options for further off site storage the basement at Chepstow Leisure Centre has been identified as a potential location, but requires more detailed assessment. The storage strategy is not costed and further detailed assessment is now required of individual collection requirements, security and environmental controls.

- 3.9 Delivery of the longer term vision will depend on resourcing and critically access to external funding. In respect of the long term ambitions for the Shire Hall museum it is proposed to include the full proposals within the Monmouth Levelling Up (LUF) bid to UK Government. Further reports will be presented to Cabinet as the long term proposals for Shire Hall, Monmouth and museum collection storage are refined.
- 3.10 Given the longer term strategy and the need to resolve the museum's current accommodation, and develop a more robust business model for Shire Hall, an initial phase is identified. This would comprise of the local history collection, temporary exhibition space, the Shire Hall courtroom and cells, learning space, shop and visitor information. It is proposed to develop the storytelling brief for the longer term provision through a wide consultative process including gauging visitor and community responses to temporary displays.
- 3.11 The estimated costs of the phase 1 provision including the necessary security and environmental adaptions, conserving collection objects for display and addressing immediate collection storage needs is in the order of £250,000. This will also be included as potentially eligible expenditure within the LUF bid. Subject to resolving detailed issues and consents it is anticipated that this provision would be in place later in 2021.
- 3.12 The proposals are informed by the wider retail assessment undertaken across all MonLife attraction and museum sites supported by the Cultural Services Fund. An overall business plan and staffing proposals are under development. It is anticipated that the combined facility and staffing will allow for extended opening hours compared to the current museum and the intention is to utilise the initial phase to explore options such as early evening opening.
- 3.13 In the ordinary course of events Monmouth Museum would have reopened after its winter closure. However given the Covid restrictions in place until recently both venues have remained closed to public use. In order to progress the collection review and associated tasks required to prepare for a move it is impracticable for Monmouth Museum to reopen in Market Hall. It is therefore proposed that key areas of Shire Hall will reopen for public use, subject to any temporary opening or access restrictions required to allow the completion of the phase 1 provision incorporating the temporary museum displays.
- 3.14 In terms of Market Hall the site is currently identified as a potential site to act as a hub for regional working. Feasibility works are being commissioned to assess options, cost implications and that will run alongside external funding sources being secured. The Market Hall also has the potential of being included in the LUF funding proposals for Monmouth.
- 4. EQUALITY AND FUTURE GENERATIONS EVALUATION (INCLUDES SOCIAL JUSTICE, SAFEGUARDING AND CORPORATE PARENTING):

- 4.1 Creating the offer at Shire Hall better tells the Monmouth story, it will address the need to improve facilities and the visitor experience and provides a framework for long term development of the offer and the engagement of new audiences improving people's wellbeing. The process of developing new provision allows for full public engagement to help identify the stories important to all our communities. Better facilities will support children and young people, lifelong learning, wider community engagement and involvement.
- 4.2 The inherent purpose of MonLife is to make the best possible contribution to improving the quality of life for all of the communities, aligning to Public Service Board priorities from the Well-being Plan and Assessments. The positive engagement and activities with communities, customers and staff will enable a focus on investment in key aspects of this new visitor attraction to ensure the culture and business thrives and that it contributes to the economy, add vibrancy to the town centre and support artistic, cultural, heritage and tourism activity.
- 4.3 The Shire Hall has lift access to all floors and will ensure more people can view future displays and exhibitions.
- 4.4 The safeguarding responsibilities of the Authority and partners are fully integrated into the identification of appropriate actions, and reflected within MonLife's culture and documentation for these services.

5. OPTIONS APPRAISAL

| Option | Benefit | Risks | Comments |
|---|---|--|---|
| Not to proceed with merging the heritage offers at Shire Hall and Monmouth Museum and explore collection storage options | None | Does not address the shortcomings in the Monmouth museum, the need for change in the business model for Shire Hall and the long term museum storage issue. | Does not progress the ambitions set out in the Museum Forward Plan |
| otorago opiiono | | Does not allow for future use of the current museum accommodation in Market Hall. | |
| To proceed with phase 1 and explore the longer term ambitions to establishing a new attraction at Shire Hall and resolve collection storage | Provides the opportunity to creating a new attraction at Shire Hall that tells the Monmouthshire story in an integrated, engaging and more sustainable way. | Sufficient resources need to be secured to ensure that the phase 1 offer meets public expectations and maintains Museum Accreditation standards. | Supports the case for external grant. |
| options | Will develop a clear strategy to resolve long term museum collection storage. | The risk of later phases, which are dependent on attracting external funding, not proceeding in a timely way. | |

| Allows future options for | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Market Hall to proceed. | |

6. EVALUATION CRITERIA

6.1 Progress will be evaluated against the relevant MonLife Business and Service Delivery Plans. The framework will incorporate performance indicators including visitor numbers, visitor satisfaction, learning outcomes and income targets.

7. REASONS:

- 7.1 The provision of a contemporary offer in Monmouth is identified within the Museum Forward Plan and provides a way to better tell the Monmouthshire story in an integrated, engaging and more sustainable way.
- 7.2 The creation of a new attraction at Shire Hall will contribute to the Destination Management Plan objective of developing the county's cultural product offer.

8. RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS:

- 8.1 The estimated costs of the phase 1 provision including the necessary security and environmental adaptions, conserving collection objects for display, moving and addressing immediate collection storage needs is £250,000. These costs will be met from capital receipts and for which Council approval will subsequently need to be sought. The investment if approved will in turn also provide a match funding contribution to the Levelling Up Fund bid for Monmouth that would if successful enable the longer term vision to be achieved.
- 8.2 It is not anticipated that there will be any additional revenue consequences on the combined Shire Hall and Monmouth museum budgets.
- 8.3 The cost of delivery of the full long term adaption of Shire Hall is currently estimated, subject to further detailed design, to be in the region of £2.6M, and will be dependent on securing external grant funding from a variety of sources. As indicated above it is proposed that the project forms part of the Monmouth LUF bid. In addition external funding will be sought to support the full community engagement proposals.
- 8.3 The collection storage proposal have yet to be costed as further detailed assessment is required prior to a further report to Cabinet.

9. CONSULTEES:

SLT

Cabinet

Ward / Monmouth members

Monmouth Town Council are supportive of the projects inclusion in the Monmouth LUF bid. Monmouth Field & History Society have presented a range of member's views

from support, to concerns over the suitability of Shire Hall, a preference to refurbish and expand within Market Hall, and concerns over long term commitment to the Nelson collection.

10. BACKGROUND PAPERS:

Appendix A - Equality and Future Generations Evaluation

Appendix B – Feasibility Study extracts

11. AUTHORS & CONTACT DETAILS:

lan Saunders - Chief Operating Officer MonLife -

Email: iansaunders@monmouthshire.gov.uk Tel: 07876545793 Matthew Lewis – Environment & Culture Manager MonLife

Email: matthewlewis@monmouthshire.gov.uk Tel: 07990783165

Tracey Thomas - Engagement and Workforce Development Manager MonLife

Email: traceythomas@monmouthshire.gov.uk Tel: 07818 016924



Equality and Future Generations Evaluation

| Name of the Officer | Please give a brief description of the aims of the proposal |
|--|---|
| Matthew Lewis | Shire Hall / Monmouth Museum. |
| Phone no: 01633 644850 E-mail: matthewlewis@monmouthshire.gov.uk | |
| Rachael Rogers | To note the progress in undertaking a feasibility study to establish a new cultural offer |
| Phone no: 01873 854282 | at Shire Hall incorporating the Monmouth Museum and the review of museum |
| E-mail: rachaelrogers@monmouthshire.gov.uk | collection storage. To approve the establishment of an initial phase within Shire Hall. |
| Name of Service area | Date 28 October 2020 updated 20 November 2020, 19 March 2021 |
| MonLife Attractions & Museums and Arts | & 20 May 2021 |

Are your proposals going to affect any people or groups of people with protected characteristics? Please explain the impact, the evidence you have used and any action you are taking below.

| Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Age | The creation of a new heritage and museum offer in Monmouth enables us to better serve our existing and potential audiences with protected characteristics. The feasibility study outlines a community engagement programme including activities targeted at young people, families and those aged 55+ | None | We are already consulting as part of the MonLife Heritage Strategy project and this will help inform our approach to the initial phase. The desired scope and content of further provision will be developed through a process of full public engagement and involvement. |

| Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Disability | As above and unlike the existing museum building Shire Hall has lift access to all floors and meets access requirements | As above | As above |
| Gender reassignment | As above | As above | As above |
| Marriage or civil partnership | As above | As above | As above |
| Pregnancy or maternity | As above | As above | As above |
| Race | As above | As above | As above |
| Religion or Belief | As above | As above | As above |
| Sex | As above | As above | As above |
| Sexual Orientation | As above | As above | As above |

2. The Socio-economic Duty and Social Justice

The Socio-economic Duty requires public bodies to have due regard to the need to reduce inequalities of outcome which result from socio-economic disadvantage when taking key decisions This duty aligns with our commitment as an authority to Social Justice.

| Describe any positive impacts your proposal has in respect of people suffering socio economic disadvantage | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has in respect of people suffering socio economic disadvantage. | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--|---|---|
|--|---|---|

| Socio-economic Duty and Social Justice | Our role as a heritage service is to tell the stories of everyone in Monmouthshire. We would like to ensure we do this more effectively. The feasibility study outlines a community engagement programme including activities targeted at local people and those with lower income | N/A | The desired scope and content of further provision will be developed through a process of full public engagement and involvement. We will consult on the display and interpretation of the Nelson collection to ensure that we take into account the modern day context. |
|--|--|-----|--|
|--|--|-----|--|

3. Policy making and the Welsh language.

| e stories of all our communities central to the development of the | None | |
|--|---|---|
| sion, including achieving full provision (not currently the case buth Museum due to the age of splay material) | | |
| tional provision is produced | | Will seek when recruiting to increase the level of Welsh speaking staff and continue to offer language training |
| | tional provision is produced and we will continue to do this | · |

| Use of Welsh language in service delivery | | |
|---|--|--|
| Promoting use of the language | | |

4. Does your proposal deliver any of the well-being goals below? Please explain the impact (positive and negative) you expect, together with suggestions of how to mitigate negative impacts or better contribute to the goal. There's no need to put something in every box if it is not relevant!

| Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--|--|--|
| A prosperous Wales Efficient use of resources, skilled, educated people, generates wealth, provides jobs | Creating a new heritage/museum offer at Shire Hall that better tells the Monmouth story will contribute to enhancing cultural and heritage presence in each of our towns, and uses resources to best effect. The delivery of enhanced arts, cultural and heritage provision is one of the agreed priorities within the Monmouthshire Destination Management Plan to grow tourism revenue to the county by supporting the artistic, cultural and tourism economy. The proposal utilises existing building resources in a more sustainable way and gives the opportunity for Landlord Services to consider future use of the Market Hall The combined offer also presents greater opportunities to support and enhance learning and skills development of all sectors of our communities. | The desired scope and content of further provision will be informed by stakeholder input and an assessment of how it can contribute to an improved visitor experience in Monmouth. |
| A resilient Wales Maintain and enhance biodiversity and ecosystems that support resilience and | Continued participation as a member of the Happy Museum community ensures contribution to | Shire Hall has previously hosted cultural and artistic activity such as the Wye Valley River Festival to |

| Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|---|--|---|
| can adapt to change (e.g. climate change) | initiatives to positively contribute to biodiversity and climate issues. | raise awareness of environmental issues and will continue to do so as opportunities arise |
| A healthier Wales People's physical and mental wellbeing is maximized and health impacts are understood | The positive effects of cultural activities on people's wellbeing is well documented and the delivery of the new offer will enhance the ability to provide that opportunity to existing and new audiences. | The new provision would enable a contribution to a healthier Wales through cultural activities, volunteering and engagement. |
| A Wales of cohesive communities Communities are attractive, viable, Usafe and well connected | Telling the stories of all our communities through heritage and museum provision is important in making our communities feel connected and attractive. Creating a new heritage/museum offer would present new opportunities to display and interpret the museum collections and Monmouth's stories in an engaging and relevant way, ensuring everyone's voice is represented | The desired scope and content of further provision will be developed through a process of full public engagement and involvement. |
| A globally responsible Wales Taking account of impact on global well-being when considering local social, economic and environmental wellbeing | The Museum Services' continued participation as a member of the Happy Museum Community ensures contribution to museum based initiatives to positively contribute to global wellbeing. Re-providing stores gives the opportunity to consider more sustainable methods of museum storage. | When fitting out new stores and deciding what objects are stored where close attention will be given to environmental impact. |
| A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language Culture, heritage and Welsh language are promoted and protected. People are encouraged to do sport, art and recreation | Telling the stories of all our communities will be central to the development of the new provision, including achieving full bilingual provision (not currently the case at Monmouth Museum due to the age of current display material) | The desired scope and content of further provision will be developed through a process of full public engagement and involvement. |

| Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|---|--|--|
| | Local culture and heritage will provide a platform for both formal and informal learning including arts provision. | |
| A more equal Wales People can fulfil their potential no matter what their background or circumstances | The further development of free to access provision assists together with engagement through the MonLife Heritage Strategy work and the development of the new offer will work towards reducing barriers to access | The desired scope and content of further provision will be developed through a process of full public engagement and involvement |

+5. How has your proposal embedded and prioritised the sustainable governance principles in its development?

| Sustainable Development Principle | Does your proposal demonstrate you have met this principle? If yes, describe how. If not explain why. | Are there any additional actions to be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--|---|---|
| Balancing short term need with long term and planning for the future | Creating a new heritage/museum offer at Shire Hall that better tells the Monmouth story, including the current Monmouth Museum and the Shire Hall heritage offer address the need to improve facilities and the visitor experience and provides a framework for long term development of the offer and the engagement of new audiences. | |

| Sustainable Development Principle | | Does your proposal demonstrate you have met this principle? If yes, describe how. If not explain why. | Are there any additional actions to be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Collaboration | Working together with other partners to deliver objectives | Delivery of a new heritage/museum offer involves working closely with our colleagues across MonLife and MCC, existing stakeholders, including the Town Council, market and partnership with funders. It builds on the heritage strategy and collection review work already supported by the National Lottery Heritage Fund and continuing partnerships related to art, cultural and heritage activities | | |
| Involvement | Involving those with an interest and seeking their views | Delivery of a new heritage/museum offer involves consultation with stakeholders, volunteers and community partners. We intend to build on the engagement through the MonLife Heritage Strategy project and undertake a process of full public engagement and involvement to help us identify the stories important to all our communities. | We will consult on the display and interpretation of the Nelson collection to ensure that we take into account the modern day context. | |
| Prevention | Putting resources into preventing problems occurring or getting worse | Shire Hall has struggled to deliver the expected level of business or footfall expected and Monmouth Museum is dated and would require significant investment to bring the visitor experience up to modern expectations. The Museum Stores are almost at capacity and we need to address this in order to plan for the future. The proposal utilises existing building resources in a more sustainable way and gives the opportunity for Landlord Services to consider future use of the Market Hall | Creating a new heritage/museum offer at Shire Hall that better tells the Monmouth story helps addresses these issues relating to Shire Hall and Monmouth Museum and will contribute towards developing a wider solution for museum storage | |

| Sustainable Development Principle | Does your proposal demonstrate you have met this principle? If yes, describe how. If not explain why. | Are there any additional actions to be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? | |
|--|---|---|--|
| Considering impact on all wellbeing goals together and on other bodies | It is well documented that participation in cultural life improves people's wellbeing and this is something we consider throughout our work: Museums Association Report Happy Museums Happy Museums: Future Generations Act (Monmouthshire are specifically mentioned in this one) Welsh Government Arts and Culture Vision Statement | | |

Council has agreed the need to consider the impact its decisions has on the following important responsibilities: Corporate Parenting and Safeguarding. Are your proposals going to affect any of these responsibilities?

| | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has | What will you do/ have you done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|---------------------|---|---|--|
| Safeguarding | The safeguarding responsibilities of the Authority and partners for children and young people are fully integrated into the identification of appropriate actions, and reflected within MonLife's culture and documentation for these services. | N/A | Safeguarding procedures will be reviewed through the SAFE process as the new provision is planned and developed to ensure maintenance of existing standards. |
| Corporate Parenting | N/A | N/A | N/A |

7. What evidence and data has informed the development of your proposal?

- Visitor figures / financial performance across the sites
- Experience of operations
- Discussion amongst / input from MonLife Attractions, Learning and Museum teams
- Development of MonLife Heritage Strategy
- Shire Hall Feasibility Study Innes Associates 2021
- 8. SUMMARY: As a result of completing this form, what are the main positive and negative impacts of your proposal, how have they informed/changed the development of the proposal so far and what will you be doing in future?

Creating a new heritage/museum offer at Shire Hall that better tells the Monmouth story address the need to improve facilities and the visitor experience and provides a framework for long term development of the offer and the engagement of new audiences. It is well documented that participation in cultural life improves people's wellbeing and the process of developing new provision allows for full public engagement and involvement to help identify the stories important to all our communities. Better facilities will support the education of our children and young people and developing their sense of place within their communities.

The inherent purpose of MonLife is to make the best possible contribution to improving the quality of life for all of the communities, aligning to Public Service Board priorities from the Well-being Plan and Assessments. The positive engagement and activities with communities, customers and staff will enable a focus on investment in key aspects of this new visitor attraction to ensure the culture and business thrives and that it contributes to the economy, add vibrancy to the town centre and support artistic, cultural, heritage and tourism activity.

The Shire Hall has lift access to all floors and will ensure more people can view future displays and exhibitions.

The safeguarding responsibilities of the Authority and partners are fully integrated into the identification of appropriate actions, and reflected within MonLife's culture and documentation for these services

9. ACTIONS: As a result of completing this form are there any further actions you will be undertaking? Please detail them below, if applicable.

| What are you going to do | When are you going to do it? | Who is responsible |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Seek approval for a feasibility study | ICMD 9 December 2020 | Environment & Culture Manager |
| Consider the outcome of the study | Cabinet 9 June 2021 | Environment & Culture Manager |
| Develop a full implementation plan | tbc | |

10. VERSION CONTROL: The Equality and Future Generations Evaluation should be used at the earliest stage, such as informally within your service, and then further developed throughout the decision making process. It is important to keep a record of this process to demonstrate how you have considered and built in equality and future generations considerations wherever possible.

| Version No. | Decision making stage | Date considered | Brief description of any amendments made following consideration |
|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---|
| <u>য়</u> . | ICMD | 9 December 2021 | Subsequent to decision amended to reflect the work undertaken on community engagement and the concept options through the feasibility study |
| 2. | Cabinet | | |
| | | | |



Shire Hall, Monmouth (cc-by-sa/2.0), © Philip Pankhurst (geograph.org.uk/p/5452789) license by Creative Commons



Configuration of existing railing and gates, while performing a necessary function, hinders open access to the loggia



Current screens to entrance foyer do not allow view to the inside from some angles

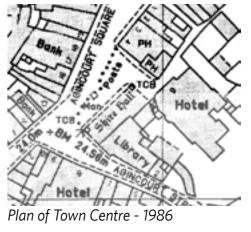


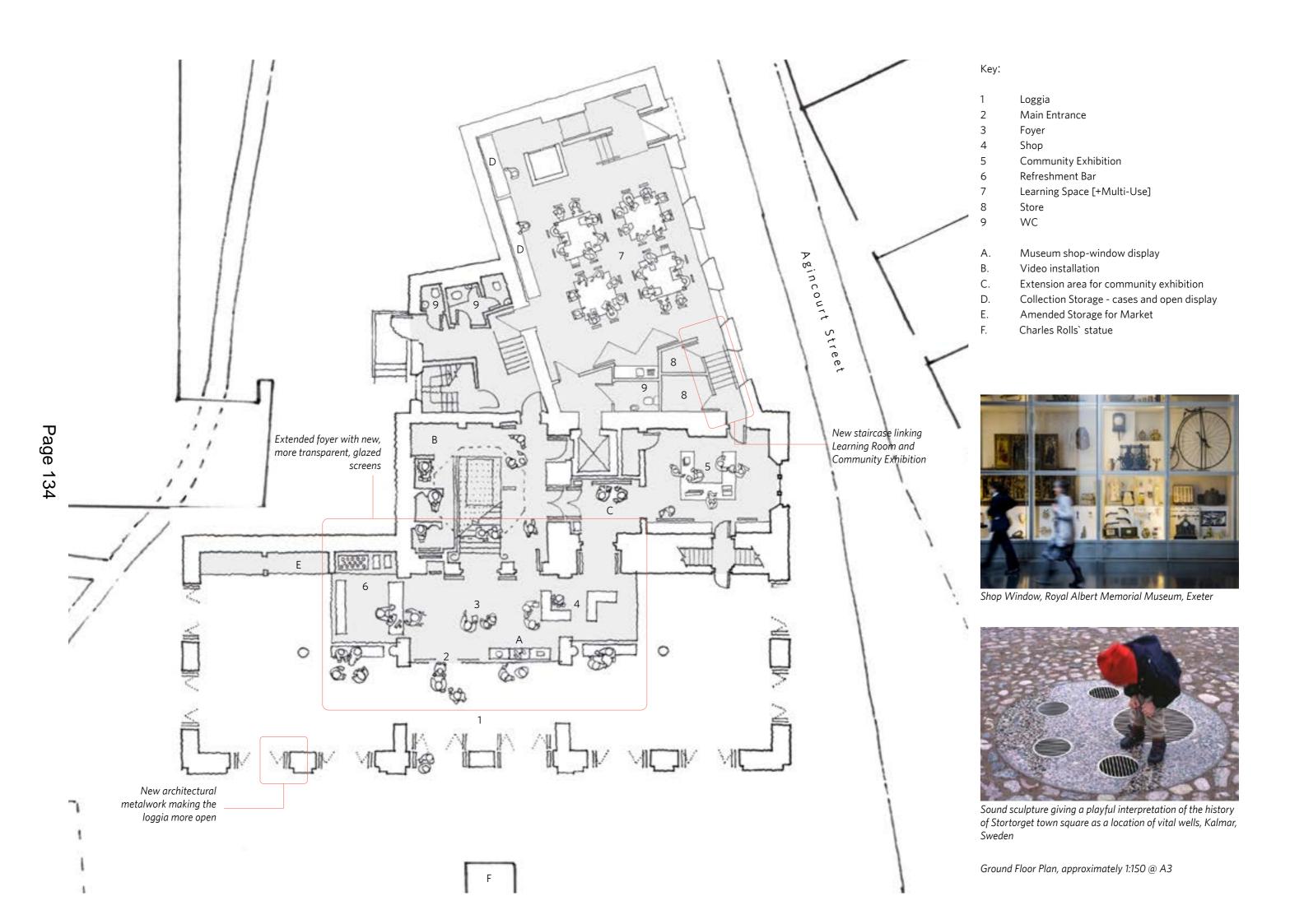
Entrance foyer is small and does not have much room for the shop



Plan of Town Centre - 1881

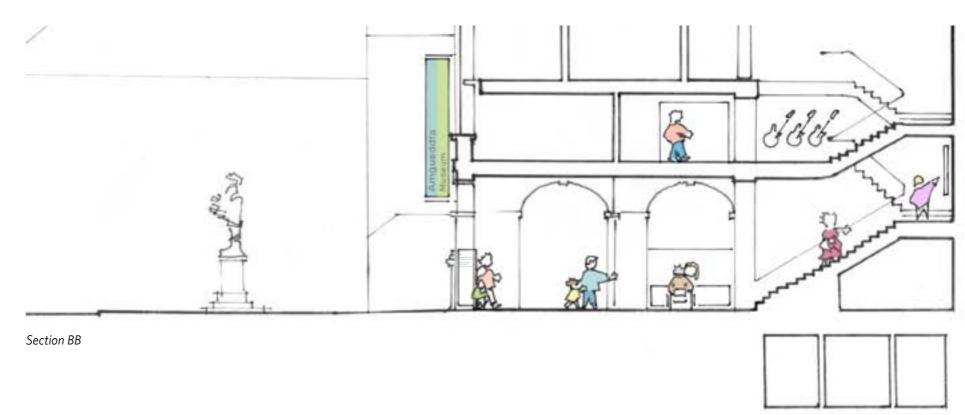






3.2 Approach, Entrance and Transition to Main Displays





Main Entrance

Approach and Connection with Agincourt Square

New signage to the exterior will give the building a new visual identity and guide visitors towards the front entrance. There is a wider opportunity to take the museum out into the loggia and Agincourt Square with objects, interpretation and a playful interaction with the landscape. Examples installations such as the museum "shop window" for the *Royal Albert Memorial Museum*, Exeter and the playful sound-sculptures in Stortorget, Kalmar show how a cultural destination can increase its presence in the town context.

New architectural metalwork able to be fully opened between stone piers will make the loggia space more accessible. Replacing the current part glazed, part timber-clad with fully glazed screens, including the new extended area, will make the entrance foyer more visible from the Square and give opportunities to entice visitors with a display of museum objects [as at Exeter], views of the shop and the other activities within. Either side of the screens are benches to give an opportunity to visitors for rest or decision-making, a sheltered place to drink a coffee.

Imaginative lighting and light and sound projections within the loggia space could extend the visual and audible identity further and create an interstitial space for intrigue and story-telling out of daylight hours.

Entrance and Foyer

Entering the new foyer through a new glazed door a visitor will see:

- reception desk is placed to the left of the front door, freeing up the middle of the space for the route to the main staircase, and the right-hand side for the enlarged shop and route through to the Community Exhibition Space;
- > two of the three original archways remain open, the larger central one opening onto the main staircase up to the first floor and Main Displays, the smaller on the right leading to the Community Exhibition room:
- behind the now closed left-hand archway is a space for an AV installation. This can provide and introduction, conclusion or extension of interpretation to the visit.

Education/Learning Room

This new proposed use for the Community Room provides a space large enough to meet the Clore Education space standards. It already includes an independent front door, accessible WC, kitchenette and storage.

- additional space is also available for further storage of MonLife collections. This is conceived as open storage, extending display and enabling collections to be used in learning exercises
- new linking stair provided to the form Jury Room, now proposed as a community exhibition space. This increase possibilities for bookable spaces.

Transition to Displays

Guiding visitors up the main staircase is an an intriguing installation on the wall rising above the half-landing level at the end of the first flight. Natural daylight from the elegant lantern naturally draws the eye upwards and to this surface. Either an object, interpretative device such as a the costumed figure described in the Phase 1 Visitor Journey above, or a striking graphic can create a suitable invitation.

Although the Main Displays will be installed within the controlled conditions of Courtroom No.2 and the former first floor Education Room the main staircase and landings are opportunities for further display and interpretation. Projections, less-environmentally sensitive objects and interpretation can all add to these attractive and bright intermediate spaces.

Front Entrance from Agincourt Square





Ske

Sketch Elevation showing Signage Positions [1 - banner, 2 - totem]

Using the Building for Signage

Shire Hall is its own best sign, so prominent and so well-positioned it is within the town. What is needed is to communicate to townspeople and visitors the new identity, treasures within and activities to be provided when its new life begins. Our thoughts on the permanent condition and transitional Phases 1 and 2 are set out below.

Permanent Condition

Previous work has identified the potential for applying banners to the pilasters of the front elevation and we think this is a suitable proposal to help the Museum establish its presence in the Square. To this we could add the use of the flagpole and a modification to the existing fingerpost system to augment the identity when viewed from a distance. Many examples exist of sensitive banner designs for listed buildings and the consented proposals appears consistent with these.

Further consideration is necessary of how to guide visitors to the front entrance within the loggia and how to communicate the range of displays and activities available. We illustrate a slender totem adjacent the flanks of the central pilasters, both marking the entrance and providing a surface for identity and information. From this position the new glazed entrance area is clearly visible. Other museums have successfully used the idea of the "shop window" in which selected objects from the collection are displayed as an enticement to further attractions inside.

One additional possibility is the sensitive use of internal hangings to windows carrying graphics and information facing outwards. These would need to be carefully considered not to compromise the building character.

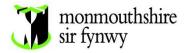
As with all work to Shire Hall detailed consultation will be required with MCC Heritage and Cadw.

Transitional Phase 1

Temporary signage inviting visitors to participate in Phase 1 will be necessary, it would be right to conserve funds until detailed proposals for storytelling and content of the museum are worked through. Sandwich boards offer a low-cost option.

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Agenda Item 3f



SUBJECT: Digital and Data

MEETING: CABINET
DATE: 9th June 2021
DIVISION/WARDS AFFECTED: All

1. PURPOSE:

- 1.1 To provide an overview of changes to staffing arrangements which create a new Digital Design and Innovation Team, strengthen our information governance arrangements and broadens the remit of the existing performance team to include data analytics.
- 1.2 To seek approval for the strategic direction that will be taken by these repurposed teams as they utilise investment agreed as part of the 2021-22 budget process to transform how we meet needs and achieve our purpose beyond the pandemic and into the next stage of the development of our organisation and county.

2. **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- 2.1 To approve the direction of travel set out within this paper which will enable the council to build on successes to date and move at greater pace to achieve services transformation in line with the strategic direction set within the Corporate Plan.
- 2.2 The costs to implement the proposals will be funded through £300k budget provision incorporated in the 2021/23 budget and Medium Term Financial with the remainder being met from existing service budgets.

3. KEY ISSUES:

3.1 In the coming years the council will need to adjust its delivery to fit the realities of a post Covid-landscape. Significant budget pressures will be a feature of our operating environment for many years to come as the UK exchequer grapples with the financial cost of the pandemic and public services begin to address the human cost. This challenge sits alongside the ambitious commitments of the council to address deep-rooted inequalities within our society through the social justice agenda and tackling climate change through a commitment to decarbonisation alongside long-standing policy priorities of education and support for vulnerable children and adults.

- 3.2 This provides the stimulus for innovation and radical service transformation. Many of the world's most successful companies are built on their ability to use digital, information and data to meet their customers' needs in ways which were unimaginable ten or fifteen years ago. We have already made good progress with digital transformation, the ability of our organisation to fully unlock the potential of these key assets will be integral to our viability and sustainability.
- 3.3 To do this we must ensure that these areas are sufficiently inter-connected and have the capacity and expertise to deliver on this ambitious agenda. Cabinet have already agreed to set aside £300,000 for the development of this work in the 2021-22 budget and this paper is providing further detail on how that funding will be used.

Enhancing Data Capacity and Capability

- 3.4 The financial constraints which we operate in mean that the data analysts within the performance team are presently focused almost entirely on statutory performance reporting. This leaves little scope to engage in the type of work that is needed to shape preventative services, create operational efficiencies and deliver data-led solutions that will help achieve the purpose and long-term policy priorities of the council.
- 3.5 A large part of public service is about managing and responding to information. We own, and have access to, millions of items of data; these are a strategic asset but only if used constructively. We will unlock this potential beginning in two specific areas:
 - Getting better at the basics Growing our data capability across the
 organisation through training and development opportunities for existing
 staff in all teams. This will include better use of software such as Excel,
 through to more sophisticated analysis tools such as PowerBI to generate
 better insight from existing datasets. It will result in more timely and
 concise reports, improved visualisation, insightful analysis and evidencebased business cases.
 - Applying data science techniques This includes combining data sets for a deeper understanding of our population, using data analytics to predict events that may happen in future so that we can target preventative services at an earlier stage and automating manual data entry and validation to generate efficiencies. We will also focus on increasing the publication of open data which can reduce Freedom of Information requests and add civic value. This will also see the better use of geospatial data to improve the efficiency of service delivery.
- 3.6 Our networks and geography mean we are well placed to access development opportunities through organisations such as the Data Science Academy at Cardiff University, the Data Science Campus at the Office for National Statistics, Data Cymru and the new InFuSe programme within the Cardiff Capital Region City Deal. We will identify opportunities for existing staff within the performance team and across the wider organisation to

- enhance skill levels and take our capabilities to the next level. An annual development budget of £15,000 will be created to cover staff training and software licenses.
- 3.7 The investment made by council will see the creation of three new posts to deliver this work and enable the authority to realise these benefits while ensuring continued delivery of core activity:
 - A trainee Data Officer to grow capacity in line with the commitment to create new employment and training opportunities within the authority's Apprentice, Graduate and Intern Strategy.
 - A new Performance Officer Post will be added to the team to provide additional capacity to deliver statutory processes and free up existing staff members to focus on data-led solutions.
 - The post of data scientist is being created but will be held vacant for up to twelve months while the groundwork is done to identify and define the problems and opportunities we want to the post holder to focus on and to prepare and cleanse the datasets they will work with enabling them to hit the ground running. In the interim, the resources identified for this post will be used to fund a series of short-term placements of data scientists from academic institutions and other partners who are keen to work on real world problems facing the Council and its communities.
- 3.8 There will be some adjustments to existing roles which will take on additional responsibilities. There is a need to ensure that salaries remain competitive and remuneration of existing staff reflects the responsibilities they will be expected to fulfil. Finally, the changes will also see the Geographic Information Service function transfer to the team which will bring additional expertise and synergies with existing work.

Re-aligning the Digital and Data Programme Office

- 3.9 The Digital & Data Programme Office (DDPO) was established 4 years ago to build digital and information capabilities across MCC. During this time the team has made huge strides such as enabling customers to self-serve via the My Monmouthshire app, developing a chatbot to enable queries to be answered 24/7 and putting in place systems that means the authority was quickly able to transition to remote working at the outset of the pandemic without any loss of productivity. The team has grown in its expertise and scope and has taken on the inter-related functions of Data Protection, Freedom of Information, Information Governance and Schools Digital services.
- 3.10 The pandemic has vastly changed the way we work, with an increased need for digital networking, processes, file management and flexible working practices. Our customers require access to our services in the same way as they access any other service in their daily lives. 24/7 access to information and services has become the norm for them, and our customer facing presence needs to be at least one-step ahead of their needs. This is all

- happening with a backdrop of an increased risk of cybercrime affecting our ability to provide business continuity in the event of a cyber-attack.
- 3.11 To build on these successes and accelerate progress the Digital Design and Innovation function will move out of the DDPO into their own unit managed by the current Digital Programme Delivery Manager. This Team will support specialist digital design as well as digital business innovation and improvement, capitalising on the digital advances made over the last few years in the way we work, as well as improving customer facing digital services.
- 3.12 The Digital Design Team will operate across the whole council, with each team member working with specified service areas developing knowledge and skills of the way each service operates. Recent service re-design and changes in management responsibilities have identified gaps in capacity for the digital design team. This gap is particularly apparent within services with high volumes of transactional work that could be automated, freeing up people to work on more specialist areas. The team also work on corporate digital projects that span the whole authority and those of our SRS partner organisations. These projects are large and complex and require a dedicated project resource to keep the projects on track and in scope.
- 3.13 In addition to basic operational improvement the Digital Design Team need to keep one-step ahead of future digital technologies and advancements in Artificial Intelligence and Robotic Process Automation. The current team doesn't have the resource to prototype and trial innovative advancements in technology and digital and will stand still or, even worse, fall behind if we don't address this gap.
- 3.14 In order to plug this gap we will add two Digital Design Trainee's to the team that can develop and grow in this niche and very new market. It is also proposed that the temporary post of Project Manager is maintained to complete the very large overarching digital projects within the roadmap of the Digital Design Team. The structure of the Digital Design Team can be seen in Table 2 in Appendix 2.

Re-alignment of the remaining functions of the DDPO

3.15 Geographic Information Systems display information and data in a map format. However, GIS is more than digital system and it can enable the Council to join up any spatial data to pinpoint where the council needs to focus its activities. It is an excellent decision making tool as well as providing information to help us in in service re-design and Emergency Planning. Our GIS function has been discharged by Newport City Council, overseen by the DDPO. However the DDPO have not had the capacity to fully captalise on the data and expertise from the Newport team. With the suggested changes to enhance data capacity and capability within the Policy & Performance Team, it makes sense that the relationship and arrangements with Newport are managed within the Policy & Performance Team. This will ensure that our graphical information can be combined with other organisational datasets to

- provide greater insights. There are no budget implications with the move of these responsibilities.
- 3.16 The remainder of the functions of the Digital & Data Programme Office will stay, though there are changes need there in order to bolster our information governance and security.
- 3.17 Implementing SharePoint Online will mean that our workforce can access information from any device and any location. This project will also enable our information to be structured in such a way that it can be used to provide our Service Areas with useful and relevant information for the Data Analysis specialists to turn into data to aid decision making and policy formation. Sharepoint online has the functionality to set automated retention and deletion rules therefore ensuring that our data complies with GDPR.
- 3.18 The statutory functions of Freedom of Information, Subject Access Requests and Data Breach management have increased in complexity and volumes, and the current post holders are not able to keep up to date with demand at the same time as implement new digital processes and essential training. The Data Protection officer is a mandatory post in a Local Authority now also requires knowledge and understanding of cyber-security. A high calibre staffing team in this space is essential for a complex organisation such as our and will pay dividends in managing and mitigating both reputational and financial risks.
- 4 EQUALITY AND FUTURE GENERATIONS EVALUATION (INCLUDES SOCIAL JUSTICE, SAFEGUARDING AND CORPORATE PARENTING):
- 4.1 The proposals give the authority enhanced capacity to work in new ways. There are no specifics proposals that will have a direct impact on people with protected characteristics. However, as the authority accelerates its use of digital and data there will be a number of areas that specific projects will need to take into account. For example:
 - Solutions may in future contain an element of artificial intelligence or Al.
 Research has shown that Al has the potential to reinforce existing biases.
 - The need to be mindful of safeguarding in on-line solutions which could leave vulnerable people exposed to risk of exploitation.
- 4.2 The overall impact of digital and data will be positive. For example digital solutions make services more accessible, such as remote meetings which reduce the need for unnecessary car journeys and assisted living solutions which open up new ways of meeting the needs of older people and those with disabilities. Enhanced data capabilities also help understand problems experienced by certain groups and develop more bespoke solutions.

5 OPTIONS APPRAISAL

- Do Nothing Not making any changes to the current structure would carry no short-term financial cost. However, there would be significant opportunity cost as the authority would be not make progress in these key areas of activity which would reduce our ability to improve efficiency and reduce costs in the medium term.
- Outsource Joining with another person or organisation to deliver these services may result in some economies of scale. However, on balance, the increased flexibility, influence and ability to direct work according to Monmouthshire's priorities outweighs any potential saving.
- Improve in-house This carries the highest short-term cost. However, this
 can be treated as capital expenditure due to the transformative nature of
 the investment. It provides significant opportunity to re-shape services and
 solutions which will result in financial and non-financial benefits in the
 medium to long-term.

6 EVALUATION CRITERIA

6.1 The success of these changes will need to be evaluated against the specific work programmes within the appended road maps. These are aligned with the corporate plan where digital and data feature prominently within the objective to become a future focused council.

7 REASONS:

- 7.1 To ensure that the organisation has the digital and data expertise needed to re-shape services to transform how we meet needs and achieve our purpose beyond the pandemic and into the next stage of the development of our organisation and county.
- 7.2 Together these will position the organisation to transform how we meet needs and achieve our purpose beyond the pandemic and into the next stage of the development of our organisation and county.

8 RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS:

- 8.1 The total cost of the proposals will be £324,322. A sum of £300,000 was earmarked for digital and data in the Revenue and Capital Budget 2021/22 proposals agreed by Cabinet in March. This will be funded through flexible use of capital receipts in relation to costs associated with service reform. The remaining sum will be afforded from re-allocation of existing budgets within the service areas.
- 8.2 Digital services are flexing and changing at pace, and in order to maintain 'future readiness' our roadmaps and plans will flex too. As we move forward, there will be a requirement for additional investment to fund and resource key

digital projects. Business cases for these projects will give supporting data and evidence along with benefits and/or financial savings.

9. CONSULTEES:

Strategic Leadership Team Cabinet Digital Programme Delivery Manager Performance Manager

13. BACKGROUND PAPERS:

None

14. AUTHORS:

Matthew Gatehouse, Head of Policy, Performance and Scrutiny Sian Hayward, Head of Digital

15. CONTACT DETAILS:

Tel: (01633) 644397

E-mail: matthewgatehouse@monmouthshire.gov.uk

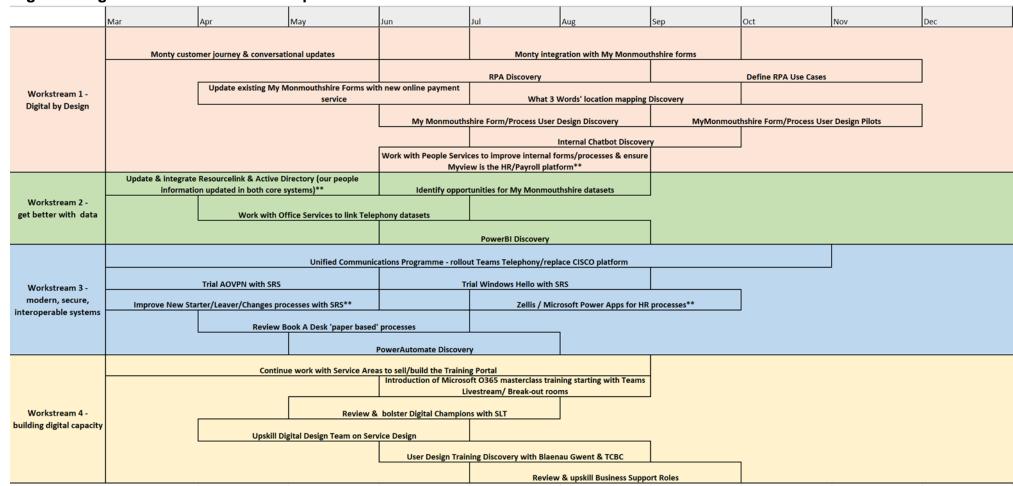
Tel (01633) 644309

E-mail: sianhayward@monmouthshire.gov.uk

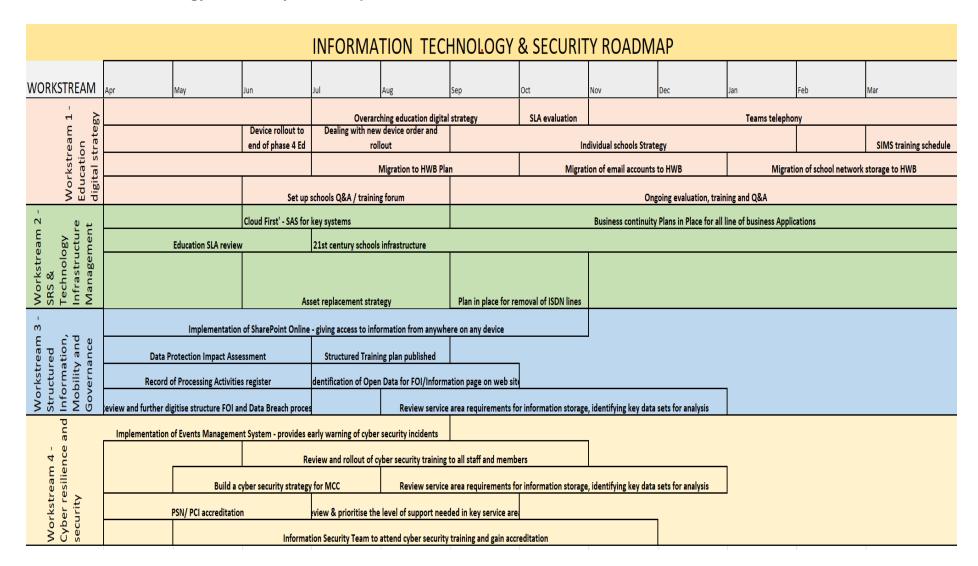
Strategic Direction - The Roadmaps

APPENDIX 1

Digital Design and Innovation Roadmap



Information Technology & Security Roadmap

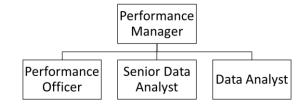


Data Capacity and Capability Roadmap

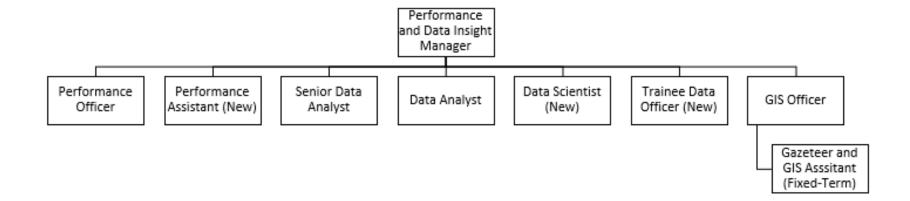
| | Short Term | Medium-Term | Longer-Term |
|---|--|--|---|
| Increasing capacity and capability | Build a network of data practitioners Increase staff training and development to grow capability | Increase the use of PowerBI for more powerful data analytics Improve analysis and interrogation of data to deliver service optimisation | |
| Improved visualisations and publication of data | Improve the timeliness and presentation of key performance information Embed GIS capabilities within the new data team Increase publication of open data | Live data dashboards; respond to emerging trends; increased transparency and accountability More data is published on maps, improved understanding of local challenges and opportunities Pilot use of live data feed to enhance emergency /operational responses | |
| Delivering key data products | Develop and publish Gwent-wide Well-being Assessment Introduce new Social Services Performance Framework Use MyMonmouthshire data to generate insights and inform service prioritisation | Core datasets inform self- evaluation required under Local Government and Elections Bill | |
| Applying data science techniques | Begin to scope data science projects that will achieve council priorities or deliver efficiencies Build links with data science practitioners | Combining datasets which are currently in inaccessible department folder structures using APIs or Robotic Process Automation | Use of predictive analytics to identify potential problems before they occur and target preventative services Enhanced understanding of community vulnerability to target preventative and emergency responses |

STAFFING CHANGES APPENDIX 2

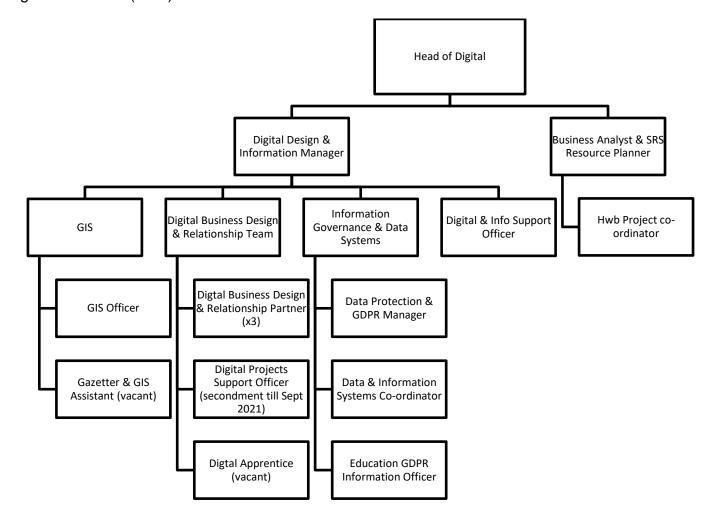
Performance Team - As is

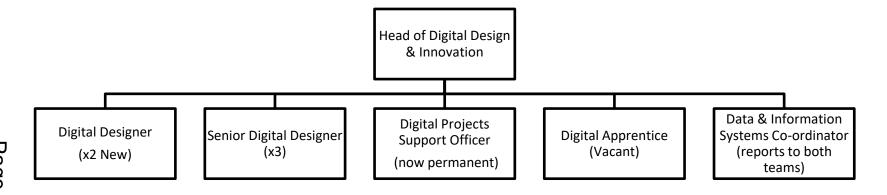


Performance Team - Proposed

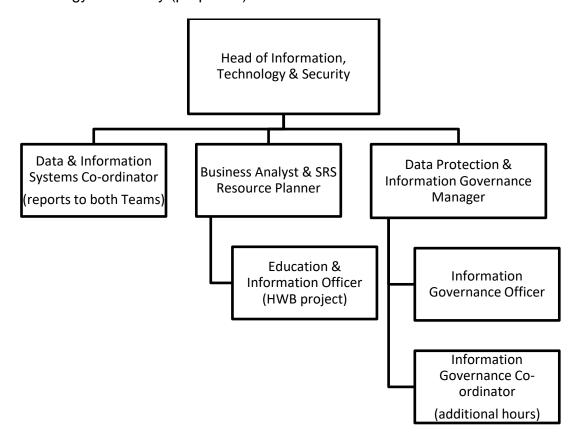


Digital Data Programme Office (as is)





Information, Technology & Security (proposed)



| Total Costs of Proposals | 324,322 |
|---|---------|
| Agreed as part of 21-22 budget | 300,000 |
| To be found from existing service budgets | 24,322 |

^{*} Posts costed at top of scale except where marked # All new and re-graded posts subject to job-evaluation

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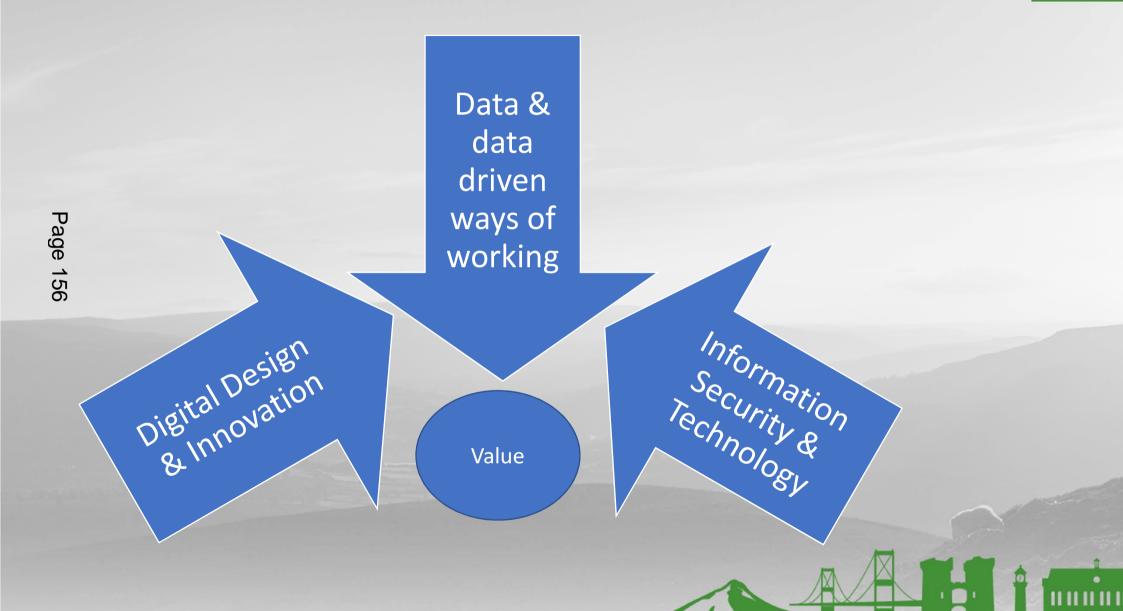
Data, Digital, Information & Technology

Page 155



Restructure





Digital Design & Innovation



Build upon our existing resident services so that all services are offered online by default, with support on other channels for those where it is needed



Get better with data, identifying systems that have 'golden' record



Make our systems modern, secure and interoperable



Build digital capacity

Key projects – Telephony



Teams Calling

Mobile Phones على

Teams Contact Centre

Schools

Mindset/Culture/Process

Key projects – Microsoft O365



- Internal Chatbot Functionality
- Power Apps
- Integration with HR/Payroll System
- Sharepoint Online
- Microsoft Forms
- Power Automate process automation

Key projects – Directorate priorities



- Trade Waste System
- Animal Breeding Platform for Wales
- Passenger Transport System
- Community Links
 Waste Review of I
- Waste Review of Digital Processes
- HR/Payroll System development
- Catering process digitisation
- Assistive Tech

Information Security and Technology



Cyber resilience



I.T. Infrastructure



Structured & managed information



Education digital strategy



Mobility – Information on the go

Cyber resilience





Physical protection to avoid loss of data



Business continuity and mobility



People and cyber awareness



Information Governance





Data Breaches, Freedom of Information & Subject Access



Structured information turns into valuable data



Workforce mobility - Right person, right time, right place, right data



Education Digital Strategy





Digital teaching and learning

Page 164



Inclusion and sustainability



The right tools to do the job



Data Capacity and Capability



Grow our data capability across the organisation



Improve the timeliness and presentation of key performance data



Make more use of spatial data and maps to understand population needs and target responses



Increase data capacity and expertise centrally to us data science techniques and predictive modelling



Get better at evaluating the relative effectiveness of different policy options to inform decision-makers

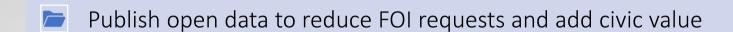
Data Capacity and Capability

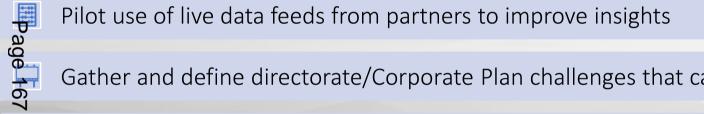


- Build a network of data practitioners across the organisation
- Put training and development in place for staff who have data as part of their role
- Connect and combine datasets that sit in department folders for new insights
 - Increase use of analytics tools such as PowerBI
 - Embed GIS staff in the data team and make more use of spatial data to target service responses

Application, Analysis and Insight







Gather and define directorate/Corporate Plan challenges that can be solved with data

Collate and analyse data to inform policy choices e.g. decarbonisation, social care

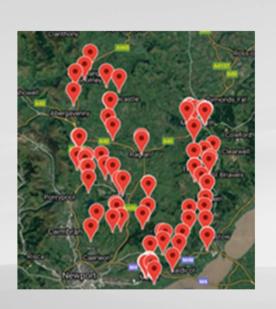
Combine datasets for greater population insight and targeted responses



Application, Analysis and Insight











Equality and Future Generations Evaluation

| Name of the Officer Sian Hayward | Please give a brief description of the aims of the proposal |
|---|---|
| Phone no: 01633644309 E-mail: sianhayward@monmouthshire.gov.uk | The aims of this proposal are to link the 3 pillars of Digital, Information and Data in order to provide data and evidence led decision making and policies |
| Name of Service area | Date |
| Digital Programme Office | 09/05/21 |

1. Are your proposals going to affect any people or groups of people with protected characteristics? Please explain the impact, the evidence you have used and any action you are taking below.

| Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|---------------------------|---|---|--|
| Age | Younger age groups are more likely to be digital natives and will benefit from the availability of digital. | A higher proportion of older people are likely to be digitally excluded and less likely to benefit from investment in digital solutions | This proposal is designed to ensure we collect and hold accurate, clean and structured information in order to support evidence-led decision making and policies. This data can only benefit people with any protected characteristics as it will enable us to target and prioritise services to the people who need it most. There are no reduction in face-to-face services as a result of the expansion of digital and data |

| Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|-------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Disability | Increased digital service availability can have positive benefits for some people with disabilities. For example people with hearing impairments where self-service may be preferable to a contact centre. Digital solutions also encompass assistive technology. | None | As above. In addition digital services will be designed in line with accessibility standards |
| Gender reassignment | This proposal will enable us to collect and analyse information, turning it into accurate data and evidence to prioritise service delivery as appropriate. | None | As above |
| Marriage or civil partnership | No specific impacts identified | None | As above |
| Pregnancy or maternity | No specific impacts identified | None | As above |

| Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--|--|--|--|
| Race | This proposal will enable us to collect and analyse information, turning it into accurate data and evidence to prioritise service delivery as appropriate. This can include having a better understanding about needs of groups of people who can make up a statistically small part of Monmouthshire's population | Digital and data-led solutions may in future contain an element of artificial intelligence or Al. Research has shown that Al has the potential to reinforce existing biases. This is because computer algorithms are unequipped to consciously counteract learned biases in the same way that humans do. | Ensure that we understand any future applications where this could potentially occur within the council's digital and data solutions and immediate any remedy immediately. |
| Religion or Belief D O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O | This proposal will enable us to collect and analyse information, turning it into accurate data and evidence to prioritise service delivery as appropriate. | Digital and data-led solutions may in future contain an element of artificial intelligence or Al. Research has shown that Al has the potential to reinforce existing biases. This is because computer algorithms are unequipped to consciously counteract learned biases in the same way that humans do. | Ensure that we understand any future applications where this could potentially occur within the council's digital and data solutions and immediate any remedy immediately. |
| Sex | No specific impacts identified | None | As above |
| Sexual Orientation | This proposal will enable us to collect and analyse information, turning it into accurate data and evidence to prioritise service delivery as appropriate | None | As above |

2. The Socio-economic Duty and Social Justice

The Socio-economic Duty requires public bodies to have due regard to the need to reduce inequalities of outcome which result from socio-economic disadvantage when taking key decisions This duty aligns with our commitment as an authority to Social Justice.

| | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has in respect of people suffering socio economic disadvantage | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has in respect of people suffering socio economic disadvantage. | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--|--|---|--|
| Socio-economic Duty and Social Justice | The enhanced data capacity will enable us to have a more detailed understanding of areas where people are on low incomes and may suffer disproportionatly from the impacts of poverty. We know this can often be masked in large dat sets where poverty sits alongside affluence. This understanding, will in turn, enable us to target ore effective solutions to seem to ameliorate the impacts of poverty. Data analysis will play an important role in prioritizing activity within the social justice strategy | People on low incomes can sometimes suffer from digital exclusion. We need to be mindful of this when designing digital services to ensure that they work on a wide range of devices including smartphones. | The positive aspects of this proposal are that we will be able to collect, analyse and share information to enable us to identify those living in less favourable circumstances than others. Collecting accurate data will enable the council to target services in a more equitable way, ensuring they are available for those who need it most. Storing information in a digital format that can be accessed by the right people in the right place at the right time will help mitigate against any loss of personal information and protect vulnerable people. Collecting personal data brings an additional responsibility to hold it securely and fairly, securely and protect it from loss. This risk can be mitigated by storing and sharing it via securely protected digital systems. |

3. Policy making and the Welsh language.

| How does your proposal impact on the following aspects of the Council's Welsh Language Standards? | Describe the positive impacts of this proposal | Describe the negative impacts of this proposal | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts |
|---|---|--|--|
| Policy Making Effects on the use of the Welsh language, Promoting Welsh language Treating the Welsh language, no less favourably Operational Recruitment & Training of workforce | Digital systems and processes will assist with building in provision for the Welsh Language to be included in content design. People expect to find jobs on social media or job sites rather than in the local paper. Digital advertising and recruitment can target the best places to source employees e.g. Welsh speakers on LinkedIn. Workforce data analysis can help us plan our future workforce, taking into account current age and skill profiles | Lower number of people using Welsh can sometimes impact on the development in digital solutions with certain solutions omtimised for English. Welsh speakers can sometimes opt for English language digital versions if the Welsh is sub-optimal There are no negative aspects of this proposal | Any data and information shared outside the council will be in Welsh and English. The service areas will be encouraged to provide digital content in both English and Welsh. Ensure that developers are aware of the need for solutions to work equally well in both languages Using information and data will enable us to target training to the people who need it most. The HR system holds data on the current workforce and structuring that data will enable the council to look at future training needs and workforce trends. To this end, the digital HR system will be cleansed and structured to |
| | 1. | | , |

| | | | Without doubt, the shift to digital data storage and digital working will mean more training is required in digital systems and methodology. The Digital Design Team are there to ensure that digital systems are intuitive and simple to use. |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Service delivery | When advertising our services, you must promote the fact that people can | Sometimes digital solutions can be optimisted to work in English. | Service areas will be encouraged to ensure that all |
| Use of Welsh language in service | deal with the council in Welsh by | Lower number of people using | of their content is in English |
| delivery | phone, email, twitter, Facebook, letters, forms, website transactions etc. | Welsh can sometimes impact in the development in digital | and Welsh. |
| Promoting use of the language | Torris, website transactions etc. | solutions, for example the Welsh | When working with developers |
| 0 | | language version of our chatbot receives less queries and | we will ensure that they understand that products must |
| P age | | therefore 'learns' less quickly | work equally well in both |
| + | | than the English version | languages and correct for any |
| 74 | | | unintended bias caused by the higher number of English |
| | | | language users. |

4. Does your proposal deliver any of the well-being goals below? Please explain the impact (positive and negative) you expect, together with suggestions of how to mitigate negative impacts or better contribute to the goal. There's no need to put something in every box if it is not relevant!

| Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--|--|---|
| A prosperous Wales Efficient use of resources, skilled, educated people, generates wealth, provides jobs | This proposal involves – 1. Collecting and storing clean, accurate, accessible information in a structured secure, format | This will require data and evidence with which to target training resources to those with the greatest need. |

| | Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|----------|--|---|--|
| | | Analysing this information to provide accurate data and evidence with which to redesign services and meet future needs. Introducing digital systems and processes to automate data input and high-volume transactions. | Data and evidence will also be needed to prioritise the transport infrastructure to maximise access to work and jobs whilst minimizing travel. |
| | | All of this will free people to make 'human' decisions that machines can't. Digital processes can reduce the instance of fraud and error, helping to avoid duplication and | Digital communications and systems will enable people to work closer to home, minimizing the impact on the environment and supporting local communities. |
| Fage 1/5 | | loss of resources. Digital teaching and learning can supplement the traditional face to face learning for those people who are unable to access classroom and face to face training. | |
| | | Open data allows developers to creare solutions that add civic value over and above those offered by local authorities and enable them to generate revenue | |
| | A resilient Wales Maintain and enhance biodiversity and ecosystems that support resilience and can adapt to change (e.g. climate change) | Collecting and storing information digitally will mean that the right people can access the right information at the right time, without resorting to carrying around paper or driving around unnecessarily. | |

| Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|---|---|---|
| | This in turn can reduce the impact of waste and fuel emissions upon climate change. | |
| A healthier Wales People's physical and mental wellbeing is maximized and health impacts are understood | Digital information and systems will enable people to access the right information they need to access health and leisure services. Data analysis will provide information with which to target health and leisure services in different parts of the community, ensuring that socially and economically disadvantaged people are not left behind. | Mitigating against the negative aspects of 'digital socialising' will require considerations to offset the reduction in 'human' contact. Care will be needed to identify digitally disadvantaged people to ensure they are supported with digital skills and tools to enable them to access care and health services. |
| e 176 | Geographical data analysis can identify areas within our communities that require further development or where crime and antisocial behavior is more prevalent. We can then target interventions and resources to these specific areas. | Digital systems can be developed to enable people to work and live within their communities, contributing to local employment opportunities as well as enabling people to stay connected via social media and promotion of local events. |
| A Wales of cohesive communities Communities are attractive, viable, safe and well connected | Good design in digital communications systems can enable us to promote events and inform people when highways and schools are closed. Open data can assist communities to gather and analyse all the local data they need to help community groups to develop facilities in the area | This will require MCC as a large local employer to digitally enable its workforce to go into the community raising skills and awareness with families, friends and Neighbours. Designing digital apps and processes that are more 'human' will assist in our communities being able to access public services. We will need to ensure strong links with the police and |

| Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|---|---|---|
| | | health services and share appropriate information and data with them. |
| A globally responsible Wales Taking account of impact on global well-being when considering local social, economic and environmental wellbeing | This proposal will enable MCC to connect with the global workforces, goods, services and information. This is most obvious in the reduction of emissions and waste that contributes to global climate change. Digital services will link us with countries throughout the world, providing us with data and best practice from them, as well as enabling us to see the impact we are having n their countries. | |
| A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language Culture, heritage and Welsh language are promoted and protected. People are encouraged to do sport, art and recreation | | |
| A more equal Wales People can fulfil their potential no matter what their background or circumstances | Sharing our data and information digitally can enable people to access services, knowledge and training, enabling them to fulfil their potential regardless of their circumstances or background. Careful digital design of our services will ensure that it is simple for people to access what they need. Effective digital design will make it so simple for people to use digital services that they wouldn't want to do it any other way. | It is essential that all departments of the council consider how to promote their services and enable people to access them as simply as possible without people having to travel long distances or access them between the hours of 9-5. This will require all services to consider their 'customers' needs rather than their own administrative convenience. Training in customer service design will be required for this. |

| Well Being Goal | Does the proposal contribute to this goal? Describe the positive and negative impacts. | What actions have been/will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|-----------------|---|--|
| | | Raising digital maturity through a structured training programme of our workforce is also critical to reducing digital exclusion in the community. |
| Page 178 | | At all times we will need to consider the digital maturity of our communities when service areas re-design their systems and processes. We will be required to work with other organisations and the third sector to reduce the impact of digital exclusion in a structured way. Our schools will need to deliver excellent digital knowledge and equipment in order to target all children and young people, including digitally disadvantaged families. |

5. How has your proposal embedded and prioritised the sustainable governance principles in its development?

| Sustainable Development Principle | | Does your proposal demonstrate you have met this principle? If yes, describe how. If not explain why. | Are there any additional actions to be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Long Term | Balancing short term need with long term and planning for the future | Digital and information services change at a fast pace, with cyber security and new technology constantly being introduced. We know that digital design will enable us to capitalize on simple processes and systems to eliminate waste and improve access to services. We will have a 1 year, 3 year and 5-year focus to enable us to go for a long-term goal without being distracted by short term gains. We will keep a focus on our goals and not get distracted by solutions seeking a problem to solve, or by influential people seeing an overview without understanding the interactions and interconnections between systems and infrastructure. | |
| Collaboration | Working together with other partners to deliver objectives | Emergency, health and government services who rely on our data Third sector organisations and those who can assist with digital exclusion Education and training services to enhance the digital skills of our children, our workforce, our businesses and our communities. | |

| Sustainable Development Principle | | Does your proposal demonstrate you have met this principle? If yes, describe how. If not explain why. | Are there any additional actions to be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|---|---|--|---|
| Involvement | Involving those with an interest and seeking their views | Our workforce who will need digital skills to promote within the community Our schools who will enhance digital teaching and learning Our communities to identify the digitally excluded and vulnerable people | |
| Prevention worse | Putting resources into preventing problems occurring or getting | The accurate collection, storage and analysis of information provides us with data to prioritise resources where they are most needed. | |
| Integration Considering in wellbeing goals and on other b | s together | .The proposals involves thinking in an integrated way about digital, information governance and data to maximize impacts on well-being | |

6. Council has agreed the need to consider the impact its decisions has on the following important responsibilities: Corporate Parenting and Safeguarding. Are your proposals going to affect any of these responsibilities?

| | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has | What will you do/ have you done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|---------------------|--|---|--|
| Safeguarding | Collecting, storing and analysing relevant information in a secure way in order to provide the services that vulnerable children and adults need. | We must be mindful of on-line safety with any digital solutions. There are no specific negative impacts of this proposal, as it will provide the safe storage of accurate data and information in well-designed digital systems in order to protect vulnerable people in our communities. | Continually assess and change our proposal in order to keep this data accurate and safe. |
| Corporate Parenting | This proposal will enable us to gather data we can use to prioritise opportunities and services for our looked after children. It could also provide opportunities for trainee positions in a developing area of employment. | | |

7. What evidence and data has informed the development of your proposal?

| data and evidence provision itself. | |
|---|--|
| - Equalities dashboard link. Equality data dashboard for EQIA's 2020.xlsx | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

8. SUMMARY: As a result of completing this form, what are the main positive and negative impacts of your proposal, how have they informed/changed the development of the proposal so far and what will you be doing in future?

Design digital systems and processes that make it simple for internal and external customers to access services and information Collect, structure, store and secure our information in a way that the right person can access it at the right time.

Analyse our data to provide evidence for decision making, policy and opening up for people to us it.

9. ACTIONS: As a result of completing this form are there any further actions you will be undertaking? Please detail them below, if applicable.

| What are you going to do? | When are you going to do it? | Who is responsible |
|--|--|--|
| Establish a digital design service to ensure that all processes and systems are intuitive for people to use | Roadmap of events withing the body of the report | Head of Digital Design & Innovation |
| Provide secure digital information management systems to enable people to access the information they need whenever and wherever they need it. | Roadmap of events within the body of the report | Head of Technical & Information Security |

| Identify relevant information to collect and analyse, providing accurate | Roadmap of events within the | Head of Policy, Performance |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| data to inform decision making, policies and open up our data for others | body of the report | and Scrutiny |
| to use. | | |

10. VERSION CONTROL: The Equality and Future Generations Evaluation should be used at the earliest stage, such as informally within your service, and then further developed throughout the decision-making process. It is important to keep a record of this process to demonstrate how you have considered and built-in equality and future generations considerations wherever possible.

| Version No. | Decision making stage | Date considered | Brief description of any amendments made following consideration |
|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 1. 1 | Pre-Cabinet Consultation | May 2021 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

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SUBJECT: WELSH CHURCH FUND WORKING GROUP

MEETING: Cabinet

DATE: 09th June 2021

DIVISIONS/WARD AFFECTED: AII

1. PURPOSE:

1.1 The purpose of this report is to make recommendations to Cabinet on the Schedule of Applications for the Welsh Church Fund Working Group meeting 1 held on the 15th April 2021 and meeting 2 held on the 13th May 2021

2. RECOMMENDATION:

2.1 We resolved that the following grants be awarded as per the schedule of applications.

SCHEDULE OF APPLICATIONS CONSIDERED 2021/22 - MEETING 1.

1. Usk in Bloom, requested £1,000 in funding for assistance in purchasing 2 large eco-friendly low water requirement planters to match existing two large planters situated within Usk Town

Recommendation: £1,000, awarded to assist in funding assets to assist in providing community assets that enhance the public area and provide pleasure to the many visitors to the award winning town centre.

2. Caerwent Historic Trust, requested £500 to assist in staging a Community focussed archaeological excavation involving both Caerwent and Shirenewton local history societies as well as local schools and residents.

Recommendation: £500 awarded to assist in supporting a community event that will benefit long-term understanding of the historical area by the local community and in particular the younger generations.

.3. Abergavenny Community Trust, requested £2,900 to help create a new safe path with associated drainage to access the Community Centre from the car park. This will be made of porous materials to prevent flooding.

Recommendation: £2,900 awarded to assist in funding a new safe and level footpath to assist the many users of this community asset

4. St Mary's Church, Llanvair Discoed, requested £1,000 of funding to improve the lighting within the church.

Recommendation: The application has been deferred for clarification into the total project specifications and cost

SCHEDULE OF APPLICATIONS CONSIDERED 2021/22 – MEETING 2.

1. Chepstow Bowling Club, requested £1,000 to restore and maintain the Green at Chepstow Bowling Club, which includes updating a watering system pump, Roto-rack, Aerator and Lawn Mower

Recommendation: £1,000 awarded to support this community sports group and promote health and wellbeing amongst the generations.

2. St Mary's Catholic Church, Monmouth, requested £5,000 to undertake a major redevelopment of the St John Kimble room in an ancillary building at the church. This work includes replacing four sash windows, ventilation slates to the roof, carpet replacement, plasterwork and other minor works.

Recommendation: £2,000 was awarded to support the refurbishment of a part of this historic church that provides a well utilised community facility. .

3. OPTIONS APPRAISAL

Options available to the Committee are driven by the information supplied by the applicants

4. EVALUATION CRITERIA

No evaluation criteria is applicable to the grant awarded by the trust

5. REASONS

Meetings took place on Thursday 15th April and Thursday 13th May of the Welsh Church Fund Committee Working Group to recommend the payment of grants as detailed in the attached schedule (Appendix 1).

County Councillors in attendance at meeting 1:

County Councillor A. Webb (Chair)

County Councillor B. Strong

County Councillor S. Woodhouse

County Councillors in attendance at meeting 2:

County Councillor A. Webb (Chair)

County Councillor D. Evans (Vice Chair)

County Councillor B. Strong

County Councillor S. Woodhouse

OFFICERS IN ATTENDANCE at meetings 1 and 2

D Jarrett Central Finance

W Barnard Committee Administration

5.1 DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

Meeting 1.

County Councillor B. Strong declared a personal, non-prejudicial interest as the counter signatory for the following application:

item 1. Usk in Bloom

County Councillor S. Woddhouse declared a personal, non-prejudicial interest as the counter signatory for the following applications:

item 3. Abergavenny Community Trust

5.2 APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE at meeting 1

County Councillor D. Evans (Vice Chair)

APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE at meeting 2

None

5.3 CONFIRMATION OF REPORT OF PREVIOUS MEETINGS

The minutes of the meetings held on the 11TH March 2021 and 14th April 2021

.RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS

A total of £7,400.00 allocated at Meeting 1 and 2 of the Welsh Church Fund Committee. The remaining balance of £27,040 is available for distribution within the 2021-22 financial year.

6. WELLBEING OF FUTURE GENERATIONS IMPLICATIONS (INCORPORATING EQUALITIES, SUSTAINABILITY, SAFEGUARDING AND CORPORATE PARENTING):

There are no Future Generations, equality, safeguarding, corporate parenting or sustainable development implications directly arising from this report. The assessment is contained in the attached appendix.

6.1.1 CONSULTEES:

Senior Leadership Team
All Cabinet Members
Head of Legal Services
Assistant Head of Finance
Central Finance Management Accountant

7. BACKGROUND PAPERS:

Welsh Church Fund Schedule of Applications 2021/22— Meeting 1 and 2 (Appendix 1)

8. AUTHOR:

David Jarrett - Senior Accountant - Central Finance Business Support

9. CONTACT DETAILS

Tel. 01633 644657

e-mail: davejarrett@monmouthshire.gov.uk

| Abergavenny Community Trust Apergavenny Community Trust Apergavenny Community Trust Apergavenny Community Trust Apergavenny Community Trust Si Mary's Church, Liamoric Discoed Cerevent P Murphy £ 1,000 defer Continuation towards the registering from the care park measuring 9m x 1.2m. This will be made of protous materials to prevent flooding. The continuation towards the registering within the clausch as growing Club MEETING 2 Chopstow Bowling Club Sevorn R. J. Higginson £ 1,000 £ 1,000 £ 1,000 £ 1,000 £ 1,000 £ 1,000 £ 1,000 £ 1,000 £ 1,000 £ 2,000 | MEETING 1 & 2: 15th A | prii 2021 /13th | <u>May 2021</u> | 1 | | | T | 1 | Т | |
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| Apergavenny Community Trust Grofield S. Woodhouse E. 2,900.0 E. 2,900.0 E. 2,900.0 E. 2,900.0 Decoration of the ear park measuring 9m s 1.2m. This will be made of possible as it is uneven and floots. The prime reason is for health and safety. B. Mary's Church, Lianver Discoved MEETING 2 Chepstow Bowling Club Severin R.J. Higgieson E. R. Oden E. 2,000.0 E. 2,000 E. 2,00 | 2 Caerwent Historic Trust | Caerwent | P Murphy | £500 | £500 | involving both Caerwent and Shirenewton local history societies and younger local | £7,400 | 29/03/21 | No | Cadw. The object of the exercise is to uncover artefacts and involve younger |
| Discoed MEETING 2 Chepatow Bowling Club Serveri R. J. Higginson Et al. Migran State of Serveri Characters and maintain the Green at Chepatow Bowling Club, which includes a watering system pump. Roto rack, Aerator and Line State of Serveri Church, Monmouth R. Roden St. Many's Catholic Church, Monmouth Cabaston R. Roden St. Many's Catholic Church, Monmouth Church St. Many's Catholic Church, Monmouth Cabaston R. Roden St. Many's Catholic Church, Monmouth Church St. Many's Catholic Church, Monmouth Cabaston R. Roden St. Many's Catholic Church Monmouth Church St. Many's Catholic Church Monmouth Monmouth Monmouth St. Many's Catholic Church Monmouth Monmouth Monmouth St. Many's Catholic Church Monmouth Monm | Abergavenny Community Trust | Grofield | S. Woodhouse | £2,900.00 | £2,900 | Centre from the ramp from the car park measuring 9m x 1.2m. This will be made of | £3,903.41 | 06/04/21 | Yes | the majority gaining access from the car park. The current path is unsuitable |
| Chepskow Bowling Club | · | Caerwent | P Murphy | £1,000 | defer | · | unknown | 06/04/21 | No | |
| Chepstow Bowling Club Severn R.J. Higginson £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £1,000 £2,000 £2,000 £2,000 £3,000 £2,000 £3,000 £2,000 £3,00 | MEETING 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| Substitute Sub | 1 Chepstow Bowling Club | Severn | R.J. Higginson | £1,000 | £1,000 | Bowling Club, which includes a watering system pump, Roto rack, Aerator and | £16,170 | 22/04/21 | No | |
| MEETING DATE CABINET AWARD 1 April 15th 2021 4,400 4,400 2 May 13th 2021 June 09th 2021 3,000 3 June 24th 2021 July 07th 2021 0 4 4 July 22nd 2021 Sept 01st 2021 0 0 5 Sept 23rd 2021 Cot 106th 2021 0 0 6 Nov 04th 2021 Jan 05th 2022 0 6 Nov 04th 2021 Jan 05th 2022 0 8 Jan 27th 2022 Mar 10th 2022 April 06th 2022 0 Mar 10th 2022 Tan 10 | _ | | R. Roden | £5,000.00 | £2,000 | Kimble room in an ancillary building at the church. This work includes replacing 4 sash windows, ventilation slates, carpet replacement, plasterwork and other minor | £62,688.06 | 11/05/21 | No | conservation area, The Church since 1793 have supported the disadvantaged and vulnerable of Monmouth. Regular attendance is between 120 - 150 weekly with young families making up roughly a fifth of the |
| MEETING | | | | | | | | | | |
| MEETING DATE CABINET AWARD 1 April 15th 2021 4,400 4,400 2 May 13th 2021 June 09th 2021 3,000 3 June 24th 2021 July 07th 2021 0 4 4 July 22nd 2021 Sept 01st 2021 0 0 5 Sept 23rd 2021 Cot 106th 2021 0 0 6 Nov 04th 2021 Jan 05th 2022 0 6 Nov 04th 2021 Jan 05th 2022 0 8 Jan 27th 2022 Mar 10th 2022 April 06th 2022 0 Mar 10th 2022 Tan 10 | CUD TOTAL Manda 4 C C | | | 044 400 | 07.400 | | | | | |
| MEETING | SUB TOTAL Meeting 1 & 2 | | | £11,400 | £1,400 | OTHER INFORMATION · | | | | |
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| BALANCE B/F TO 2021/22 £0 Monmouthshire's Allocation for 2021/22 £34,440 | TOTAL AWARDED FOR 2021/2 | 22 TO DATE | | | 7,400 | | | | | |
| Monmouthshire's Allocation for 2021/22 £34,440 | BUDGET 2021/22 | | | | 34,440 | | | | | |
| | BALANCE B/F TO 2021/22 | | | | £0 | | | | | |
| REMAINING BALANCE £27,040 | Monmouthshire's Allocation for | or 2021/22 | | | £34,440 | | | | | |
| | REMAINING BALANCE | | | £27,040 | | | | | | |

^{*}D of I = Declaration of Interest

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Future Generations Evaluation (Includes Equalities and Sustainability Impact Assessments)

| Name of the Officer D Jarrett Phone no: 4657 E-mail: davejarrett@monmouthshire.gov.uk | Please give a brief description of the aims of the proposal To assess the Grant Allocation Processes of the Welsh Church Fund for the meetings of the Welsh Church Fund Working Group on the 15th April 2021 and the 13 th May 2021 |
|--|---|
| Name of Service | Date Future Generations Evaluation |
| Finance | 15 th April 2021 and 13 th May 2021 |

Does your proposal deliver any of the well-being goals below? Please explain the impact (positive and negative) you expect, together with suggestions of how to mitigate negative impacts or better contribute to the goal.

| Well Being Goal | How does the proposal contribute to this goal? (positive and negative) | What actions have been / will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--|---|---|
| A prosperous Wales Efficient use of resources, skilled, educated people, generates wealth, provides jobs | Positive in relation to developing the skills and proficiencies of applicants | |
| A resilient Wales Maintain and enhance biodiversity and ecosystems that support resilience and can adapt to change (e.g. climate change) | Positive in the teaching of biodiversity and ecological issues through the provision of educational resources | |
| A healthier Wales People's physical and mental wellbeing is maximized and health impacts are understood | Positive in that people's mental health and physical health is enhanced by a collective activity / process. | |

| Well Being Goal | How does the proposal contribute to this goal? (positive and negative) | What actions have been / will be taken to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|--|---|---|
| A Wales of cohesive communities Communities are attractive, viable, safe and well connected | Positive in relation to connecting the community and its constituents | |
| A globally responsible Wales Taking account of impact on global well-being when considering local social, economic and environmental wellbeing | Positive in relation to social well-being. Also, helping the environmental well-being of the community through preservation of history. | |
| A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language Culture, heritage and Welsh language are promoted and protected. People are encouraged to do sport, art and Precreation | Positive in relation to the promotion of culture in the community | |
| A more equal Wales People can fulfil their potential no matter what their background or circumstances | Positive in respect of helping people to achieve their potential irrespective of individual circumstances | |

2. How has your proposal embedded and prioritised the sustainable governance principles in its development?

| Sustainable Development Principle | How does your proposal demonstrate you have met this principle? | What has been done to better to meet this principle? |
|--|---|--|
| Balancing short term need with long term and planning for the future | Not applicable to Welsh Church Fund Trust | |

| Sustainable Development Principle | How does your proposal demonstrate you have met this principle? | What has been done to better to meet this principle? |
|---|---|--|
| Working together with other partners to deliver objectives | Not applicable to Welsh Church Fund Trust | |
| Involving those with an interest and seeking their views | Not applicable to Welsh Church Fund Trust | |
| Putting resources into preventing problems occurring or getting worse | Not applicable to Welsh Church Fund Trust | |
| Positively impacting on people, economy and environment and trying to benefit all three | Not applicable to Welsh Church Fund Trust | |

3. Are your proposals going to affect any people or groups of people with protected characteristics? Please explain the impact, the evidence you have used and any action you are taking below.

| Protected Characteristics | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on the protected characteristic | What has been/will be done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Age | Encouraging the socializing of differing age groups through social provision | None | |
| Disability | Proposal to assist in the provision of disabled facilities. | None | |
| Gender reassignment | No impact | No impact | |
| Marriage or civil partnership | No impact | No Impact | |
| PRace | No impact | No Impact | |
| Religion or Belief | Encouraging religion through education at the point of delivery through the provision of enhanced facilities | None | |
| Sex | No impact | No impact | |
| Sexual Orientation | No impact | No Impact | |
| Welsh Language | No impact on Welsh Language | No impact on Welsh Language | |

4. Council has agreed the need to consider the impact its decisions has on important responsibilities of Corporate Parenting and safeguarding. Are your proposals going to affect either of these responsibilities? For more information please see the guidance note http://hub/corporatedocs/Democratic%20Services/Equality%20impact%20assessment%20and%20safeguarding.docx and for more on Monmouthshire's Corporate Parenting Strategy seehttp://hub/corporatedocs/SitePages/Corporate%20Parenting%20Strategy.aspx

| | Describe any positive impacts your proposal has on safeguarding and corporate parenting | Describe any negative impacts your proposal has on safeguarding and corporate parenting | What will you do/ have you done to mitigate any negative impacts or better contribute to positive impacts? |
|---------------------|---|---|--|
| Safeguarding | Not applicable | | |
| Corporate Parenting | Not applicable | | |

5. What evidence and data has informed the development of your proposal?

The evidence and data used for the assessment of each applicant to the Welsh Church Fund is supplied by the applicant upon submission of the their application. The data and information supplied or subsequently requested is used to form the basis of the Committees' decision on whether to award a qualifying grant.

| they informed/changed the development of the proposal so far and what will you be doing in future? | |
|---|--|
| The grant aid supports and highlights the positive effect that decisions the Welsh Church Fund Working Group have on the applicants funding requests from Voluntary Organisations, Local Community Groups, Individuals and Religious Establishments. All awards are made in the belief that the funding is utilised for sustainable projects and cultural activities that benefit individuals, organisations, communities and their associated assets. All grants are awarded within the Charitable Guidelines of the Trust | |

6. SUMMARY: As a result of completing this form, what are the main positive and negative impacts of your proposal, how have

7. Actions. As a result of completing this form are there any further actions you will be undertaking? Please detail them below, if applicable.

| What are you going to do | When are you going to do it? | Who is responsible | Progress |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Award grants | June 2021 | Welsh Church Fund | On target |
| 96 | | | |
| | | | |

8. Monitoring: The impacts of this proposal will need to be monitored and reviewed. Please specify the date at which you will evaluate the impact, and where you will report the results of the review.

| The impacts of this proposal will be evaluated on: | The Payment of grants awarded to the successful applicants | |
|--|--|--|
|--|--|--|